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Fuzzing Techniques Case study: Ogg-Vorbis Other format and features

Fallout

Finding root causes

Collateral damage and future directions

Summary

Exposing Vulnerabilities in Media Software

David Thiel, iSEC Partners

BlackHat EU 2008

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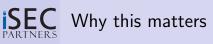
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- Hello
 - I'm a consultant and researcher with iSEC Partners
 - Focus on application security
 - Audio hobbyist
- What's this all about?
 - The attack surface and potential of media codecs, players and related devices
 - Focus here is on slightly on audio, but that doesn't matter
 - Video works the same way, and uses the same container formats
- Takeaways
 - Understand attack surface and implications
 - Understand how to fuzz and design fuzzers for media
 - Help developers understand how to improve code
 - Plant ideas for future research



- Omnipresent and always on
 - Promiscuously shared, played, streamed
 - Comes from extremely untrusted, often anonymous sources
 - Who thinks to refrain from playing "untrusted" media?
 - Most browsers will play automatically anyhow
- It's political
 - There are people out there who don't like you stealing music
 - Like me, for example
 - But mostly I mean the RIAA, and companies like Sony
 - Exploits here are ripe for corporate abuse it's happened before
- It's "rich"
 - Media playback/parsing software is almost by definition excessively functional

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• Does tons of parsing

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SEC Why media security is under-explored

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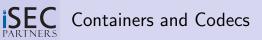
Collateral damage and future directions

Summary

- Modern codecs are designed to be resistant to corruption
 - Bit-flipping an Ogg file, for example, will usually not work
 - Example: zzuf, a popular bit-flipping fuzzer, noted VLC as being "robust" against fuzzing of Vorbis, Theora, FLAC

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- As zzuf notes, this does not mean there are no bugs; we just need a targeted fuzzer
- Most media software exploits thus far have been simple
 - Attacks on players: long playlists, URL names, etc.
 - Few attacks using media files themselves
 - Even fewer targeting things on the codec level



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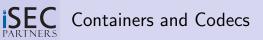
Collateral damage and future directions

Summary

- Container formats organize multiple types of media streams and metadata
 - "tags"—content describing end-user relevant data
 - subtitles
 - sync data, frame ordering
 - management of separate bitstreams
- Codec data describes and contains the actual video/audio

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- sample rate
- bitrate
- channels
- compressed or raw media data



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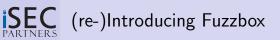
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Summary

- Examples of media containers:
 - AVI
 - Ogg
 - MPEG-2
 - MP4
 - ASF
- Examples of media codecs:

- DivX
- Vorbis
- Theora
- WMV
- Xvid
- Sorenson



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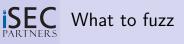
Summary

- A multi-codec audio stream fuzzer, written in Python
- Targets specific stream formats, no general file fuzzing
- Uses third party libs like py-vorbis and mutagen for metadata fuzzing
- Uses built-in frame parsing for frame fuzzing
- *Not* another fuzzing framework
- An example of a real-world fuzzer used in pen-testing: quick, dirty and targeted

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• Available at

https://www.isecpartners.com/tools.html



Two main areas are important here

- Content metadata
- ID3, APEv2, Vorbis comments, album art, etc.
- Because many types allow arbitrarily large content, this is a great place to store shellcode with plenty of NOP cushion—even if the bug isn't in metadata parsing
- Frame data
- We're mostly interested in the frame header
- Contains structural data describing overall file layout: sample rate, number of frames, frame size, channels
- Can be multiple types of frame headers in a file, especially in the case of container formats

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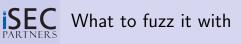
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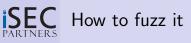
Summary

Obviously, random strings

- Repeating one random ASCII char to help us spot stack pointer overwrites
- Throw in some random unicode, encoded in funny ways
- Just a bunch of "%n"s to give us some memory corruption

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- Random signed ints
- Format strings
- Fencepost numbers
- HTML! More on this later
- URLs—for catching URL pingbacks



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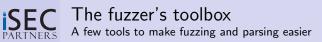
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- Three possible approaches
 - Reach in and just mangle
 - Might work, might not
 - Works a sad amount of the time
- Use existing parsing libraries
 - Works well, but usually requires patching the libs
 - Built-in error handling will obviously trip us up
 - Metadata editing libraries don't always allow changing of data we want
 - Let's use this for basic stuff like ID3 tags and Vorbis comments
- Make your own frame parser
 - Sometimes quick and easy, sometimes painful
 - But turns up some great bugs



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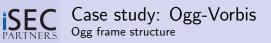
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Summary

- hachoir: Dissects many file types visually
- mutagen: Help in mangling audio tags and understanding file layout
- vbindiff: Shows differences between fuzzed and non-fuzzed files
- bvi: A hex editor with keybindings similar to a certain one true editor

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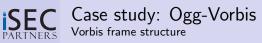
- bbe: sed for binary streams
- gdb: Love it or hate it, it's all you get



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- Excellent free codec
- Well documented
- Not just for hippies
- Unencumbered status gets it into many things
- Consists of an Ogg container...

Bit 0-7	8-15	16-23	24-31	Byte				
	Capture	Pattern		0-3				
Version	Header Type		4-7					
Granule Position								
		Bitstream Se	rial Number	12-15				
		Page Sequen	16-19					
		Check	20-23					
		Page Segments		24-27				
	Segme	nt Table		28-				



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- ... and a Vorbis center
- Also "Vorbis comments"
 - Simple name/value pairs—can be any length or content, but some have special meaning
 - Easiest to use existing libs for this—in this case, py-vorbis

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Case study: Ogg-Vorbis Vorbis comment structure

Typical tags used in Vorbis comments:

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Summary

comments = {}		
# these are the most commonly used tags by vorbis apps.		
comments['COMMENT'] = 'leetleet'		
comments['TITLE'] = 'safety short'		
comments['ARTIST'] = 'Various'		
comments['ALBUM'] = 'Comp'		
comments['TRACKNUMBER'] = '1'		
comments['DISCNUMBER'] = '1'		
comments['GENRE'] = 'Experimental'		
comments['DATE'] = '2006'		
comments['REPLAYGAIN TRACK GAIN'] = 'trackgain'		
comments['REPLAYGAIN ALBUM GAIN'] = 'albumgain'		
comments['REPLAYGAIN_TRACK_PEAK'] = 'trackpeak'		
comments['REPLAYGAIN ALBUM PEAK'] = 'albumpeak'		
comments['LICENSE'] = 'Free as in beer'		
comments['ORGANIZATION'] = 'iSEC'		
comments['DESCRIPTION'] = 'A test file'		
comments['LOCATION'] = 'SF'		
comments['CONTACT'] = 'david@isecpartners.com'		
comments['ISRC'] = '12345'		
vcomments = ogg.vorbis.VorbisComment(comments)		
	76,1	82%



Case study: Ogg-Vorbis Ogg and Vorbis frame data in Python

Mercifully 8-bit aligned—Vorbis portion starts at "12version"

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Summary

$v = \{\}$		
#### Ogg structure		
<pre>y['Olmagic'] = f.read(4)</pre>		
y['02version'] = f.read(1)		
y['03headertype'] = f.read(1)		
y['04granulepos'] = f.read(8)		
y['05serial'] = f.read(4)		
y['O6pageseq'] = f.read(4)		
y['07crc'] = f.read(4)		
y['08numsegments'] = f.read(1)		
y[' 09segtable '] = f.read(1)		
y[' 10packettype '] = f.read(1)		
y['llstreamtype'] = f.read(6)		
y['l2version'] = f.read(4)		
y['13channels'] = f.read(1)		
y['14samplerate'] = f.read(4)		
y['15maxbitrate'] = f.read(4)		
y[' 16nominalbitrate '] = f read(4)		
y['17minbitrate'] = f.read(4)		
y[' 18blocksize '] = f.read(1)		
t should be EQ bytes		
<pre># should be 58 bytes headerlength = f.tell()</pre>		
	155,0-1	25%
	133,0-1	20%



Case study: Ogg-Vorbis Comments and frame data loaded, feed to fuzzer

Transforms are defined in randjunk.py:

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```
port random
def randstring():
       thestring = ""
       chance = random.randint(0.8)
       print "using method " + str(chance)
       if chance == 0:
              # try a random length of one random char
              char = chr(random.randint(0,255))
              length = random.randint(0,3000)
              thestring = char * length
       elif chance == 1:
              elif chance == 2:
              # some garbage ascii
              for i in range(random.randint(0,3000)):
                     char = ' n'
                     while char == '\n':
                             char = chr(random.randint(0,127))
                      thestring += char
       elif chance == 3:
              # build up a random string of alphanumerics
                                                         24.14-35
```



Case study: Ogg-Vorbis Data fuzzed, writing back out

Comments just write back in. Frame data needs to be packed:

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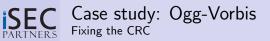
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```
thestring = ""
letsfuzz = random.choice(y.keys())
print "fuzzing %s"%letsfuzz
thestring = randstring()
stringtype = type(thestring)
length = len(y[letsfuzz])
if str(stringtype) == "<type 'str'>":
    y[letsfuzz] = struct.pack('s', thestring[:length])
elif str(stringtype) == "<type 'int'>":
    y[letsfuzz] = struct.pack('i', thestring)
else:
    thestring = ""
    for i in range(len(y[letsfuzz])):
        thestring += "%X" % random.randint(0,15)
return y, restoffile
                                                           206.0-1
```



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Summary

Every Ogg frame has a CRC to prevent corruption. Also hides bugs, but easy enough to fix:

rom optparse import OptionParser

vcomments = ogg.vorbis.VorbisComment(comments)

```
totaltags = len(vcomments)
```

```
# this is to reset the CRC after mangling of the header.
def ogg_page_checksum_set(page):
```

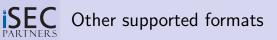
```
crc_reg = 0
```

```
# This excludes the CRC from being part of the new CRC.
page = page[0:22] + "\x00\x00\x00\x00" + page[26:]
```

```
for i in range(len(page)):
    crc_reg = ((crc_reg<8) & 0xfffffff) ^ crc_lookup[((crc_reg >> 24) & 0xff
    ord(page(i))]
```

```
# Install the CRC.
page = page[0:22] + struct.pack('I', crc_reg) + page[26:]
return page
```

36,0-1 Bot

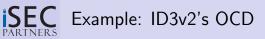


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- FLAC
 - Lossless audio—uses Vorbis comments for metadata, can use Ogg as a container (and usually does)

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- MP3
 - Metadata with ID3
 - ID3v1
 - Length limited
 - Stored at end of file
 - Great for rewriting, awful for streaming
 - ID3v2
 - Massively structured and complex
 - Incompletely supported
 - Obsessively detailed
 - I hope it dies



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Text encoding MIME type Picture type Description	
Picture type: \$00 \$00 \$00 \$00 \$00 \$00 \$00 \$00 \$00 \$00	32x32 pixels 'file icon' (PNG only) Other file icon Cover (front) Cover (back) Leaflet page Media (e.g. label side of CD) Lead artist/lead performer/soloist Artist/performer Conductor Band/Orchestra Composer Lyricist/text writer Recording Location During recording During recording During recording Movie/video screen capture A bright coloured fish Illustration Band/artist logotype

ISEC Even more supported formats

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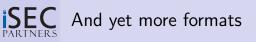
Summary

WAV and AIFF

- What's to attack in "raw" audio?
- Not a lot, but it still works
- Sample width, framerate, frame number; all things that can expose integer bugs
- WAV and AIFF parsing libraries are included with Python

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- Speex
 - Optimized for speech
 - Used in several high-profile third-party products
 - Uses Vorbis comments for metadata
 - Often stored in an Ogg container



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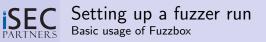
Summary

MP4

- Often used for AAC, but can also contain many other video and audio types
- Comprised of a series of FOURCC "atoms"
- Combines functionality of tags/comments and lower level descriptions like sample rate, positional info

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• In true Apple fashion, not officially documented



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Summary

[lx@dt apps/fuzzers/fuzzbox 669] python ./fuzzbox.py ERROR: You need to define at least the source file. usage: fuzzbox.pv [options] options: --version show program's version number and exit -h. --help show this help message and exit -r REPS, --reps=REPS Number of files to generate/play -p PROGNAME, --program=PROGNAME Path to the player you'd like to test -l LOGFILE. --loafile=LOGFILE Path to the logfile to record results -s SOURCEFILE, --source=SOURCEFILE Path to a source file to fuzz -t TIMEOUT, --timeout=TIMEOUT

How long to wait for the player to crash --itunes Work around iTunes anti-debugging --filetype=FILETYPE Type of file to fuzz: wav, aiff, mp3 or ogg [lx@dt apps/fuzzers/fuzzbox 669]



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Demo

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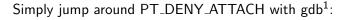
• Autoplay mode—spawns a player of your choice under gdb

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- Gathers backtraces, registers and resource usage
- Kills off runaway apps
- iTunes anti-anti-debugging
- iTunes automation with AppleScript



iTunes-specific functionality Avoiding iTunes anti-debugging





Summary

```
def playit(filename, timeout):
        log = open(logfile, "a")
        gdbfile = open("/tmp/gdbparams", "w")]
gdbfile.write("set args %s\n"%filename)
        if itunes == True:
            qdbfile.write("break ptrace if $r3 = 31\n")
        gdbfile.write("run\n")
        gdbfile.write("bt\n")
        if itunes == True:
            qdbfile.write("return\n")
            adbfile.write("cont\n")
            gdbfile.write("bt\n")
        gdbfile.write("info reg\n")
        gdbfile.write("quit\n")
        adbfile.close()
        # this is stupid. stdin=None causes the program to suspend
        # when qdb is killed.
        devnull = open("/dev/null", "r")
        log.write(" Playing %s\n"%filename)
        gdb = Popen(["gdb", "-batch", "-x", "/tmp/gdbparams", progname], stdin=d
evnull, stdout=log, stderr=log)
        if itunes == True:
            os.system("""osascript -e 'tell application "iTunes" to play'""")
                                                                  327.39-46
                                                                                 46%
```

¹http://www.steike.com/code/debugging-itunes-with-gdb



Fallout: VLC Format string issues in Vorbis comments (CVE-2007-3316)

Also CDDA, SAP/SDP-broadcast exploitation!

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Breakpoint 2, 0x28469625 in vasprintf () from /lib/libc.so.6
(gdb) where
#0 0x28469625 in vasprintf () from /lib/libc.so.6
#1 0x080d1d93 in input_vaControl (p_input=0x87d4000, i_query=142491908, args=0x87cbbcc "ቆስዬስዬስዬስዬስዬስዬስዬስዬስዬስዬስዬስዬስዬስዬስዬስዬስዬስ at input/control.c:192
<pre>#2 0x080d3aab in input_Control (p_input=0x87e4104, i_query=142491908)</pre>
#3 0x294d6825 in DecodeBlock (p_dec=0x87b1800, pp_block=0xbf1f6f84) at vorbis.c:625
#4 0x080d4eaa in DecoderDecode (p_dec=0x87b1800, p_block=0x87db300) at input/decoder.c:662
#5 0x080d5d85 in DecoderThread (p_dec=0x87b1800) at input/decoder.c:494 #6 0x28428168 in pthread_create () from /lib/libpthread.so.2 #7 0x284f1983 in _ctx_start () from /lib/libc.so.6
(gdb) delete 2 (gdb) cont Continuing.
[New Thread 0x9418000 (LWP 100189)]
Program received signal SIGSEGV, Segmentation fault.
[Switching to Thread 0x9418000 (LWP 100189)]
0x28502243 invfprintf () from /lib/libc.so.6



Fallout: libvorbis

Bug in invalid mapping type handling (CVE-2007-4029)

Function pointer to an invalid memory address offset by an attacker-controlled value

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<pre>[Switching to Thread 0x8063000 (LWF 100138)] 0x280a6cl4 in vorbis_info_clear (vi=0x805a260) at info.c:165 [65mapping_P[ci->map_type[i]]->free_info(ci->map_param[i]); (qdb) bt #0 0x280a6cl4 in vorbis_info_clear (vi=0x805a260) at info.c:165 #1 0x280a756c in _vorbis_unpack_books (vi=0x805a260, opb=0xbfbfe710) at info.c:327 #2 0x280a770f in vorbis_synthesis_headerin (vi=0x805a260, vc=0x805c440, op=0xbfbfe770) at info.c:380 #3 0x2808dlef in fetch_headers (vf=0x806f000, vi=0x805a260, vc=0x805c440, serialno=0x806f05c, og_ptr=0xbfbfe790) at vorbisfile.c:262 #4 0x2808dlef in _ov_openl (f=0x8066180, vf=0x806f000, initial=0x0, ibytes=0, callbacks=</pre>
<pre>165mapping_P[ci->map_type[i]]->free_info(ci->map_param[i]); (gdb) bt #0 0x280a6cl4 in vorbis_info_clear (vi=0x805a260) at info.c:165 #1 0x280a750c in _vorbis_unpack_books (vi=0x805a260, opb=0xbfbfe710) at info.c:327 #2 0x280a770f in vorbis_synthesis_headerin (vi=0x805a260, vc=0x805c440, op=0xbfbfe770) at info.c:380 #3 0x2808d1ef in _tetch_headers (vf=0x806f000, vi=0x805a260, vc=0x805c440, serialno=0x806f05c, og_ptr=0xbfbfe790) at vorbisfile.c:262 #4 0x2808d1ef in _ov_open1 (f=0x8066180, vf=0x806f000, initial=0x0, ibytes=0, callbacks= {read_func = 0x80565c <vorbisfile_cb_read>, seek_func = 0x805505B8 <vorbisfile_cb_seek>, close_func = 0x805564 <vorbisfile_cb_close>, tell_func = 0 x80505f0 <vorbisfile_cb_ctl=1>) at vorbisfile.c:666</vorbisfile_cb_ctl=1></vorbisfile_cb_close></vorbisfile_cb_seek></vorbisfile_cb_read></pre>
<pre>(qdb) bt #0 0x280a6C14 in vorbis_info_Clear (vi=0x805a260) at info.c:165 #1 0x280a758c in_vorbis_unpack_books (vi=0x805a260, opb=0xbfbfe710) at info.c:327 #2 0x280a770f in vorbis_synthesis_headerin (vi=0x805a260, vc=0x805c440, op=0xbfbfe770) at info.c:380 #3 0x2808d1ef in_fetch_headers (vf=0x806f000, vi=0x805a260, vc=0x805c440, serialno=0x806f05c, og_ptr=0xbfbfe790) at vorbisfile.c:262 #4 0x2808dfab in_ov_openl (f=0x8066180, vf=0x806f000, initial=0x0, ibytes=0, callbacks= {read_func = 0x805058c <vorbisfile_cb_read>, seek_func = 0x80505b8 <vorbisfile_cb_seek>, close_func = 0x805058e4 <vorbisfile_cb_close>, tell_func = 0x80505f0 <vorbisfile_cb_tell>) at vorbisfile.c5666</vorbisfile_cb_tell></vorbisfile_cb_close></vorbisfile_cb_seek></vorbisfile_cb_read></pre>
<pre>#0 0x280a6c14 in vorbis_info_clear (vi=0x805a260) at info.c:165 #1 0x280a758c in _vorbis_unpack_books (vi=0x805a260, opb=0xbfbfe710) at info.c:327 #2 0x280a770f in vorbis_synthasis_headerin (vi=0x805a260, vc=0x805c440, op=0xbfbfe770) at info.c:380 #3 0x2808d1ef in _fetch_headers (vf=0x806f000, vi=0x805a260, vc=0x805c440, serialno=0x806f05c, og_ptr=0xbfbfe790) at vorbisfile.c:262 #4 0x2808dfab in _ov_openl (f=0x8066180, vf=0x806f000, initial=0x0, ibytes=0, callbacks= {read_func = 0x805058c <vorbisfile_cb_read>, seek_func = 0x80550588 <vorbisfile_cb_seek>, close_func = 0x805054<<vorbisfile_cb_close>, tell_func = 0x80505f0 <vorbisfile_cb_tell>) at vorbisfile.c:666</vorbisfile_cb_tell></vorbisfile_cb_close></vorbisfile_cb_seek></vorbisfile_cb_read></pre>
<pre>#1 0x280a758c in _vorbis_unpack_books (vi=0x805a260, opb=0xbfbfe710) at info.c:327 #2 0x280a770f in vorbis_synthesis_headerin (vi=0x805a260, vc=0x805c440, op=0xbfbfe770) at info.c:380 #3 0x2808d1ef in _teth_headers (vf=0x806f000, vi=0x805a260, vc=0x805c440, serialno=0x806f05c, og_ptr=0xbfbfe790) at vorbisfile.c:262 #4 0x2808dfab in _ov_open1 (f=0x8066180, vf=0x806f000, initial=0x0, ibytes=0, callbacks= {read_func = 0x805505c <vorbisfile_cb_read>, seek_func = 0x80550588 <vorbisfile_cb_seek>, close_func = 0x8055054 <vorbisfile_cb_close>, tell_func = 0x805506 <vorbisfile_cb_close>, tell_func = 0x805506 <vorbisfile_cb_close>, tell_func = 0x8055054 </vorbisfile_cb_close></vorbisfile_cb_close></vorbisfile_cb_close></vorbisfile_cb_seek></vorbisfile_cb_read></pre>
at info.c:327 ≠2 0x280a770f in vorbis_synthesis_headerin (vi=0x805a260, vc=0x805c440, op=0xbfbfe770) at info.c:380 #3 0x2808d1af in_fetch_headers (vf=0x806f000, vi=0x805a260, vc=0x805c440, serainno=0x806f05c, og_ptr-0xbfbfe790) at vorbisfile.c:262 #4 0x2808dfab in_ov_open1 (f=0x8066180, vf=0x806f000, initial=0x0, ibytes=0, callbacks= {read_func = 0x805058c <vorbisfile_cb_read>, seek_func = 0x80505b8 <vorbisfile_cb_seek>, close_func = 0x8050584 <vorbisfile_cb_close>, tell_func = 0x80505f0 <vorbisfile_cb_tell>) at vorbisfile.c666</vorbisfile_cb_tell></vorbisfile_cb_close></vorbisfile_cb_seek></vorbisfile_cb_read>
<pre>#2 0x280a770f in vorbis_synthesis_headerin (vi=0x805a260, vc=0x805c440, op=0xhfbfe770) at info.c:380 #3 0x28080lef in fetch_headers (vf=0x806f000, vi=0x805a260, vc=0x805c440, serialno=0x806f05c, og_ptr=0xbfbfe790) at vorbisfile.c:262 #4 0x2808dfab in_ov_openl (f=0x8066180, vf=0x806f000, initial=0x0, ibytes=0, callbacks= {read_func=0x805058c <vorbisfile_cb_read>, seek_func=0x80505b8 <vorbisfile_cb_seek>, close_func=0x80505e4 <vorbisfile_cb_close>, tell_func=0 0x80505f0 <vorbisfile_cb_tell>)) at vorbisfile.c:666</vorbisfile_cb_tell></vorbisfile_cb_close></vorbisfile_cb_seek></vorbisfile_cb_read></pre>
<pre>op=0xhfbfe770) at info[*]c:380 ⁻ #3 0x2608d1ef in fetch_headers (vf=0x806f000, vi=0x805a260, vc=0x805c440, serialno=0x806f05c, og ptr=0xbfbfe790) at vorbisfile.c:262 #4 0x2808dfab in _ov_openl (f=0x8066180, vf=0x806f000, initial=0x0, ibytes=0, callbacks= {read_func = 0x805058c <vorbisfile_cb_read>, seek_func = 0x80505b8 <vorbisfile_cb_seek>, close_func = 0x80505e4 <vorbisfile_cb_close>, tell_func = 0x80505f0 <vorbisfile_cb_tell>}) at vorbisfile.c:666</vorbisfile_cb_tell></vorbisfile_cb_close></vorbisfile_cb_seek></vorbisfile_cb_read></pre>
<pre>#3 0x2808dlef in fetch_headers (vf=0x806f000, vi=0x805a260, vc=0x805c440, serialno=0x806f05c, og ptr=0xbfbfe790) at vorbisfile.c:262 #4 0x2808dfab in _ov_open1 (f=0x8066180, vf=0x806f000, initial=0x0, ibytes=0, callbacks=</pre>
<pre>serialno=0x806f05c, og_ptr=0xbfbfe790) at vorbisfile.c:262 #4 0x2808f0ab in_ov_openl (f=0x8066180, vf=0x806f000, initial=0x0, ibytes=0, callbacks= {read_func=0x805058c <vorbisfile_cb_read>, seek_func=0x80505b8 <vorbisfile_cb_seek>, close_func=0x805054 <vorbisfile_cb_close>, tell_func=0x805050</vorbisfile_cb_close></vorbisfile_cb_seek></vorbisfile_cb_read></pre>
<pre>#4 0x2808dfab in _vv_open1 (f=0x8066180, vf=0x806f000, initial=0x0, ibytes=0,</pre>
callbacks= {read_func = 0x805058c <vorbisfile_cb_read>, seek_func = 0x80505b8 <vorbisfile_cb_seek>, close_func = 0x80505e4 <vorbisfile_cb_close>, tell_func = 0x80505f0 <vorbisfile_cb_tell>}) at vorbisfile.c:666</vorbisfile_cb_tell></vorbisfile_cb_close></vorbisfile_cb_seek></vorbisfile_cb_read>
{read_func = 0x805058c <vorbisfile_cb_read>, seek_func = 0x80505b8 <vorbisfile_cb_seek>, close_func = 0x80505e4 <vorbisfile_cb_close>, tell_func = 0x80505f0 <vorbisfile_cb_tell>) at vorbisfile.c:666</vorbisfile_cb_tell></vorbisfile_cb_close></vorbisfile_cb_seek></vorbisfile_cb_read>
<pre><vorbisfile_cb_seek>, close_func = 0x80505e4 <vorbisfile_cb_close>, tell_func = 0x80505f0 <vorbisfile_cb_tell>}) at vorbisfile.c:666</vorbisfile_cb_tell></vorbisfile_cb_close></vorbisfile_cb_seek></pre>
0x80505f0 <vorbisfile_cb_tell>}) at vorbisfile.c:666</vorbisfile_cb_tell>
#5 0X2808e206 IN OV OPEN CALLBACKS (T=0X8066180, VT=0X8061000, INITIAL=0X0,
ibytes=0, callbacks=
{read func = 0x805058c <vorbisfile cb="" read="">, seek func = 0x80505b8</vorbisfile>
<pre><vorbisfile cb="" seek="">, close func = 0x80505e4 <vorbisfile cb="" close="">, tell func =</vorbisfile></vorbisfile></pre>
0x80505f0 <vorbisfile cb="" tell="">}) at vorbisfile.c:731</vorbisfile>
#6 0x080501d4 in ovf init (source=0x805c430, oggl23 opts=0x8059840,
audio fmt=0xbfbfe8b0, callbacks=0xbfbfe8d8, callback arg=0x8096000)



SEC Fallout: flac-tools Stack overflow in metadate

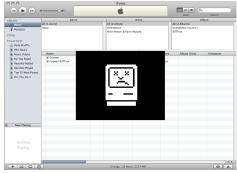
Stack overflow in metadata parsing, flac123 (CVE-2007-3507)

Introduction	Starting program: /crypt/usr/local/bin/flac123 27272727flac123.flac flac123 version 0.0.9 'flac123help' for more info
Overview	Program received signal SIGSEGV, Segmentation fault.
Containers	0x27272727 in ?? ()
and Codecs	(gdb) bt #0 0x27272727 in ?? ()
and Codecs	#0 0x2/2/2/2/10 FF () #1 0x0804a811 in local vcentry matches (field name=0x804afaf "artist",
Fuzzbox	entry=0x8268038) at vorbiscomment.c:32
	#2 0x0804a9ac in get vorbis comments (
Fuzzing Techniques	filename=0xbfbfeb31 "27272727flac123.flac") at vorbiscomment.c:69
Case study:	#3 0x08049564 in print file info (filename=0xbfbfeb31 "27272727flac123.flac")
Ogg-Vorbis	at flac123.c:121
Other formats	#4 0x08049a97 in decoder_constructor (
and features	filename=0xbfbfeb31 "27272727flac123.flac") at flac123.c:245
Fallout	#5 0x08049b2d in play_file (filename=0xbfbfeb31 "27272727flac123.flac")
Tanoac	at flac123.c:269 #C 0000000530 is said (and 2 and 0000000) at flac1320 a 100
Finding root	#6 0x08049520 in main (argc=2, argv=0xbfbfe9fc) at flac123.c:108 (qdb) up
causes	#1 0x0804a811 in local vcentry matches (field name=0x804afaf "artist",
	entry=0x8268038) at vorbiscomment.c:32
Collateral	<pre>32 const FLAC byte *eq = memchr(entry->entry, '=', entry->length);</pre>
damage and	
future	
directions	



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- Fuzzbox
- Fuzzing Techniques Case study: Ogg-Vorbis Other format and features
- Fallout
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- Collateral damage and future directions
- Summary

- Heap overflow in "COVR" MP4 atom parsing (CVE-2007-3752)
- Normally used for album art, but works for arbitrary code execution too



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iSEC Note about static analysis

Introduction

- Overview
- Containers and Codecs

Fuzzbox

Fuzzing Techniques Case study: Ogg-Vorbis Other format and features

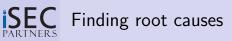
Fallout

- Finding root causes
- Collateral damage and future directions
- Summary

- At least one of these vendors was actually using a commercial static analysis tool
- It missed all of the bugs found with Fuzzbox
- These tools are useful, but not a complete solution

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• Fuzzing is necessary too—and cheaper



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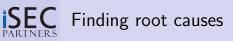
Finding root causes

Collateral damage and future directions

Summary

Checking diffs between source file and crasher, We can see the difference in CRC and one other byte:

98_sa	fety_s	shor	rt.d	ogg															
0000	0000:					00		00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	FA	80	0ggS	
9000	0010:		18	00	00	00	00	80	9F	4 D	9F		1E				72		4. vor
0000	0020:	62		73	00	00	00	00	62	44	AC	00	00	00	00	00	00	bis [
9000	0030:	00			00	00	00	00	00	B8		4F				00	00		OggS
0000	0040:	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	FA	80		1B		00	00	00		
0000	0050:	BB		D9	B9	10		FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF		
0000	0060:	FF	FF	FF															~bis
	0070:										6C						62	Xiph.Org	
0000	0080:	69	73	20	49	20	32	30	30	35	30	33	30	34	02	00	00	is I 200 5	50304
ogg4.	ogg																		
0000	0000:					00		00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	FA	80	0ggS	
	0010:						00	A2	B2	2 D	10		1E				72		••••••
0000	0020:	62	69	73	00				42	44	AC			00	00			bisB[
0000	0030:	00			00	00		00	00	B8		4F	67	67		00	00		OggS
0000	0040:	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	FA	80		18		00	00	00		
0000		BB						FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF		
0000	0060:	FF	FF	FF	FF					72	62				00	00	00		bis
0000	0070:	58			68									56		72		Xiph.Org	libVor
9000	0080:													34				is I 200 5	50304
	w key: CII/E				fir		file			ext oto				ce		C qu 0 qu		T move top B move bot	
C AG		5003		_	eus		11.00		0 9	0.00	pos	51.63	.011			2 44		B move boi	COIII



Located just after the Vorbis version—a silly number of audio channels

Overview

Containers and Codecs

Fuzzbox

Fuzzing Techniques Case study: Ogg-Vorbis Other format and features

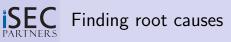
Fallout

Finding root causes

Collateral damage and future directions

Summary

0) file:./ogg4.ogg: Ogg_multimedia container (305.3 KE	1)	
+ 0) page[0] (58 bytes)		
0) capture_pattern= "OggS" (4 bytes)		
stream_structure_version= 0 (1 byte)		
5.0) continued_packet= False (1 bit)		
5.1) first_page= True (1 bit)		
5.2) last_page= False (1 bit)		
5.3) unused= <null> (5 bits)</null>		
6) abs_granule_pos= 0 (8 bytes)		
14) serial= 0x1be180fa (4 bytes)		
18) page= 0 (4 bytes)		
22) checksum= 0x102db2a2 (4 bytes)		
26) lacing_size= 1 (1 byte)		
+ 27) lacing (1 byte)		
- 28) segments (30 bytes)		
-> next= /page[1]/segments		
- 0) vorbis_hdr (30 bytes)		
<pre>0) type= 1 (1 byte)</pre>		
 codec= "vorbis" (6 bytes) 		
vorbis_version= 0 (4 bytes)		
11) audio_channels= 66 (1 byte)		
12) audio_sample_rate= 44100 (4 bytes)		
16) bitrate_maximum= 0 (4 bytes)		
0 root	log: 0/0/0	Fl: help



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Summary

- With the cause identified, you can start manipulating rather than fuzzing
- Play with the value in a hex editor or with bbe
- In the case of Ogg, the included oggcrc.py will recalculate CRC after editing

SEC Collateral damage and future directions

- Introduction
- Overview
- Containers and Codecs

Fuzzbox

Fuzzing Techniques Case study: Ogg-Vorbis Other format and features

Fallout

Finding root causes

Collateral damage and future directions

Summary

- Non-player apps, or "nobody uses Vorbis!"
 - As mentioned before, some of these codecs get around
 - Used in games—custom sounds downloaded with maps...
 - Asterisk does—(O_o);;;
 - It also supports Speex, which is structurally very similar...
 - In other words, any DoS or code execution in Ogg/Vorbis or Speex can mean the same for Asterisk
- Also potential for VOIP-related attacks in WAV/PCM modules
 - Good potential for active network attacks; see RTPInject (Lackey, Garbutt)
- Embedded devices!
 - My phone plays lots of audio and video formats.
 - So do a bunch of other portables, in-car systems, home multimedia devices. . .

iSEC Collateral damage and future directions

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- Total speculation: indexing services and other parsers
 - Some software (e.g. Beagle) relies on media libraries to index
 - Exploits in these libraries affect the indexer
 - Can also be a venue for finding bugs in the indexer itself
 - Or its web interface
 - Some apps aren't real careful about data parsed from media
 - Cool for CSRF, XSS or JavaScript intranet scanning, etc.

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Fuzzing Technique Case stud Ogg-Vorb Other forn and featu

Collatera damage a future direction

Collateral damage and future directions Example: phpMp, frontend for the Music Player Daemon

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	Directory (Music)		0	Login] [Stream] [Search] Play	ying (refresh)
Music					
Directori	ies:[<u>GQVX</u>]			frep	eat] [random] [sf
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	splay MPD Stats				
[Update] -	Update Music Database (scans music	directory for changes)			



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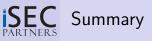
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- Collateral damage and future directions

Summary

- Vendors should fuzz their own software.
- Users should treat media streams as potentially malicious content.

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• Use, but don't rely on, source analysis.



Appendix Questions?

- - Thanks for coming!
 - Thanks to:
 - Chris Palmer, Jesse Burns, Tim Newsham
 - Xiph.org, the VLC team and Apple product security

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