



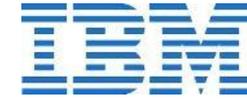
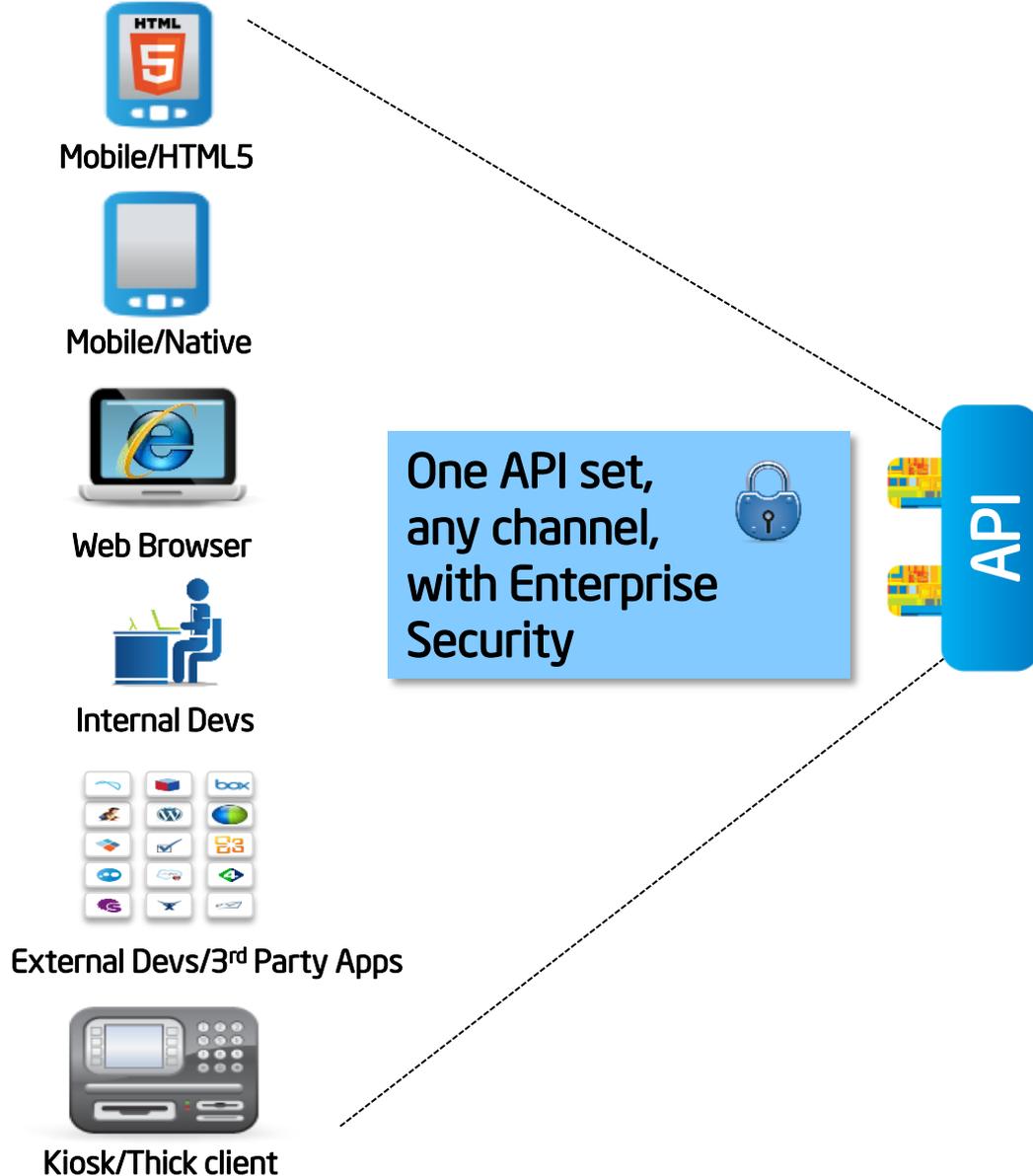
Enterprise API Security Choices: One API, Total Security

Blake Dournaee

Senior Product Manager

Intel Data Center Software Division

Securing All Channels to the Enterprise



"Hodgepodge" of legacy infrastructure and programming languages...



PII Data

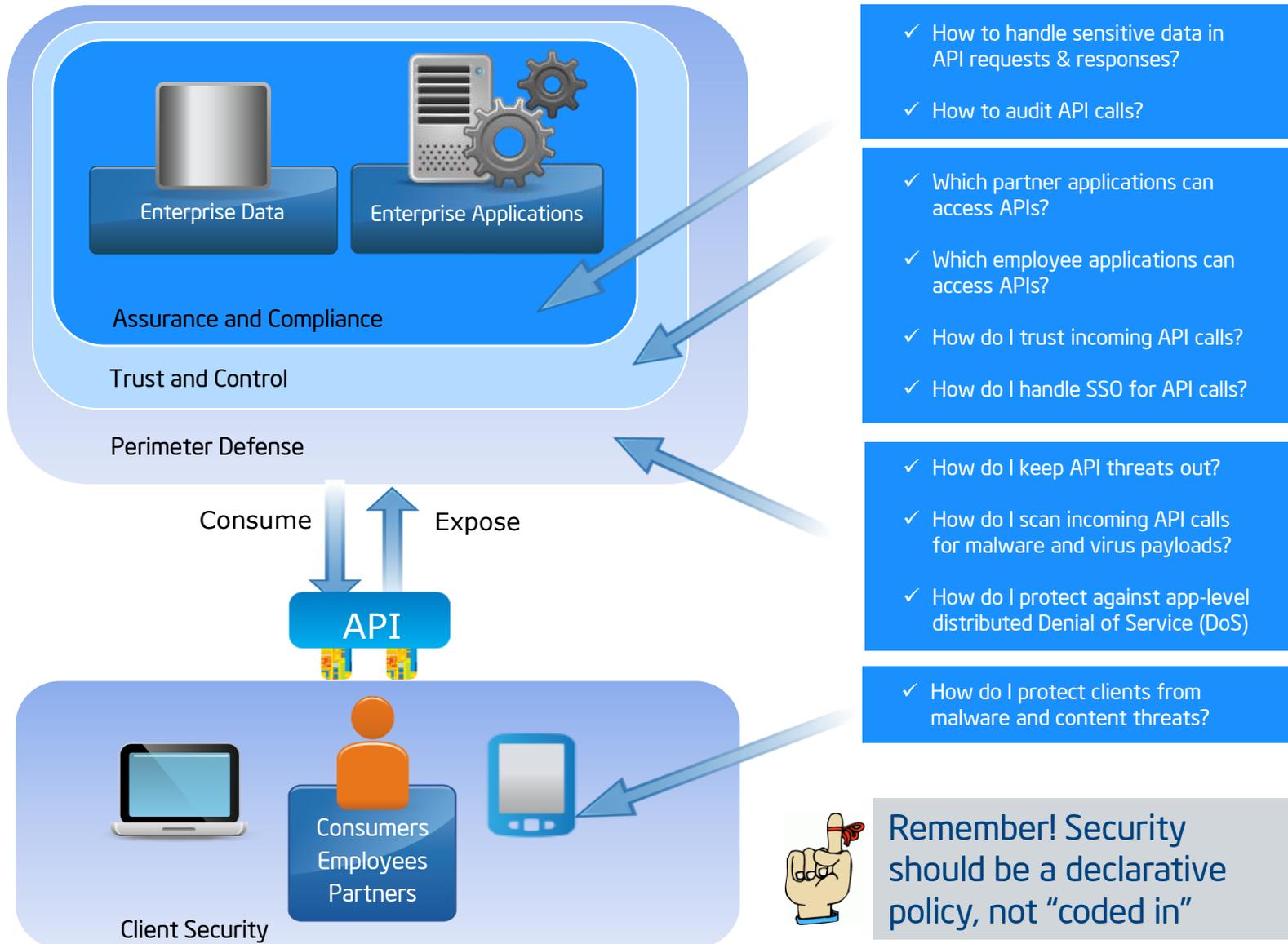


Difficult to apply consistent security, auditability, risk and compliance for API calls...



.. worse API data spans deployment models

Enterprise API Security Layers



✓ How to handle sensitive data in API requests & responses?

✓ How to audit API calls?

✓ Which partner applications can access APIs?

✓ Which employee applications can access APIs?

✓ How do I trust incoming API calls?

✓ How do I handle SSO for API calls?

✓ How do I keep API threats out?

✓ How do I scan incoming API calls for malware and virus payloads?

✓ How do I protect against app-level distributed Denial of Service (DoS)?

✓ How do I protect clients from malware and content threats?



Remember! Security should be a declarative policy, not "coded in"

API Threats are Real and Now...

[ACTION REQUIRED] Ruby Security Vulnerability; CVE-2013-4164

Hello,

You are receiving this email because you run at least one Ruby (MRI) application on Heroku.

Early this morning, the Ruby project announced a security vulnerability in Ruby versions 1.8.7, 1.9.2, 1.9.3, 2.0.0. The CVE identifier is CVE-2013-4164. JRuby are unaffected.

We believe this is limited to a denial of service vulnerability in an application that parses JSON. The application will crash with little difficulty. This is a serious vulnerability. There are no known exploits. There are no known mitigations. There are no known workarounds.

Denial of Service & Code Execution Vulnerability in Ruby
November 22nd, 2013

ABUSING WEB APIS THROUGH SCRIPT ASSEMBLY AND DE-COMPILED
Demonstration of API key retrieval through disassembly and de-compilation
November 18th, 2013

CAPEC-111: JSON Hijacking (aka JavaScript Hijacking)

Attack Pattern ID: 111 [Detailed Attack Pattern]
Completeness: Complete

Description

Summary
An attacker targets a system that uses systems using AJAX to steal possible confidential information through the loophole in the browser's security model.

An attacker gets the user's session ID by requesting a resource that the user is not authorized to capture the session ID. The attacker then uses the session ID to access new information.

Exploits the fact that the browser does not check for the presence of a script tag in the response object.

1. Unintentional Target System:
An attacker can understand what URLs need to be provided to the target system.

Attack
ID Att Description
1 An attacker can understand what URLs need to be provided to the target system and observes requests and responses to properly elicit responses from the server is crucial to the attack.

ID	Type	Indicator Description
1	Positive	Targeted application leverages JSON in its architecture.

Indicators

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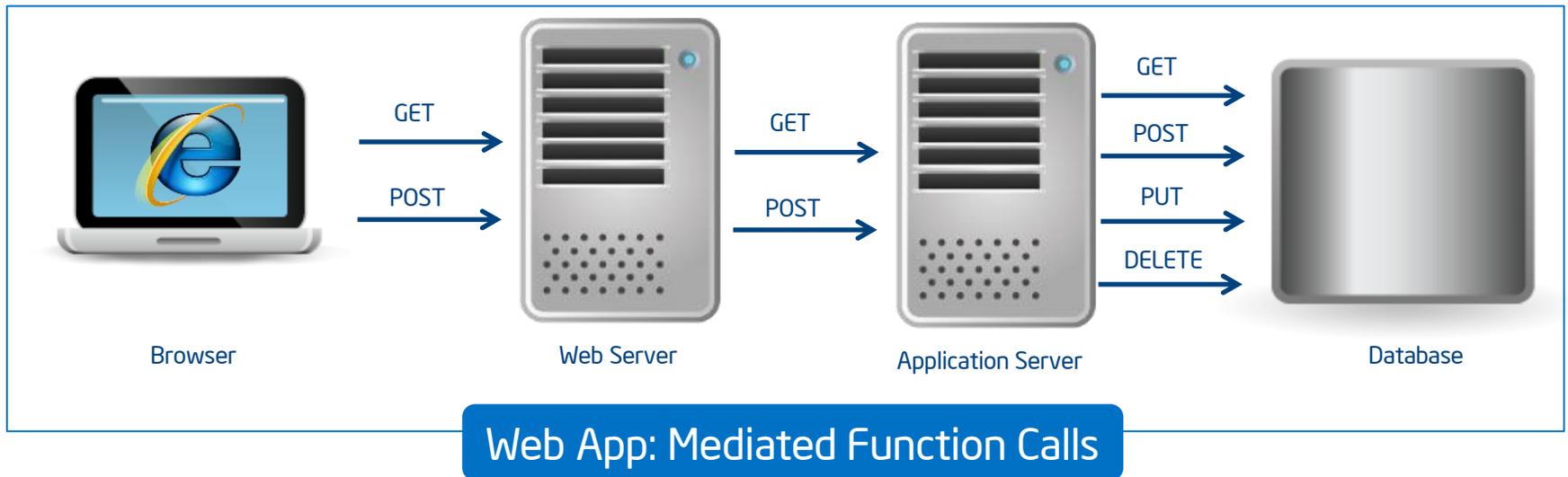
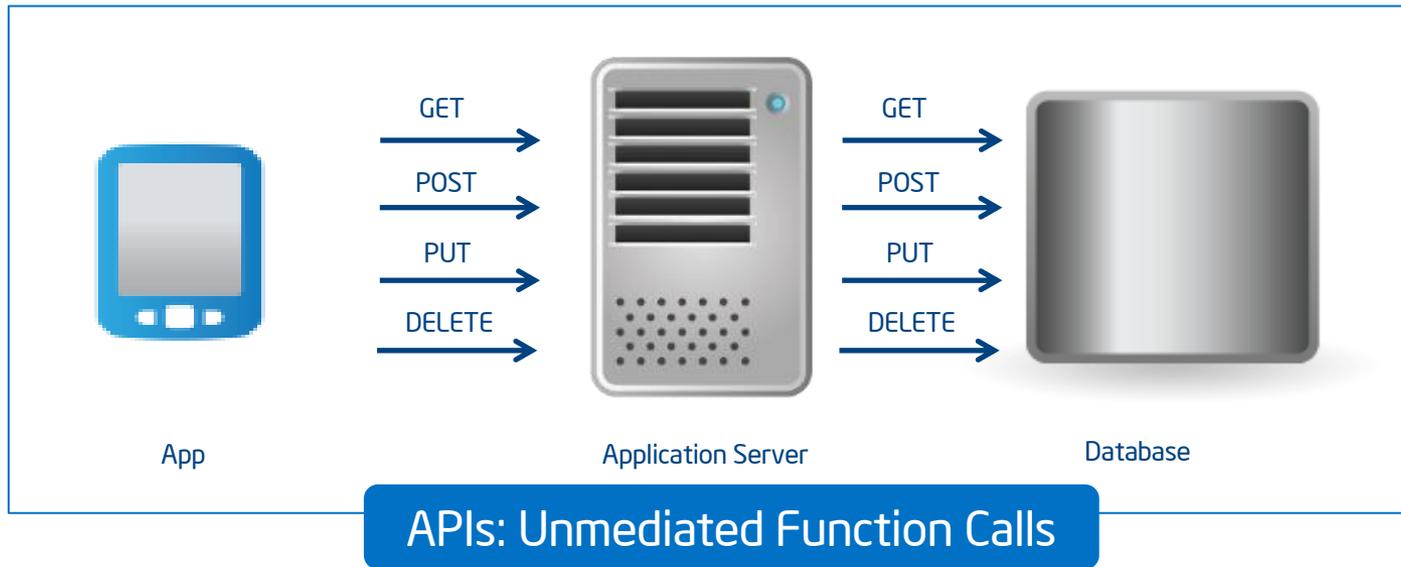
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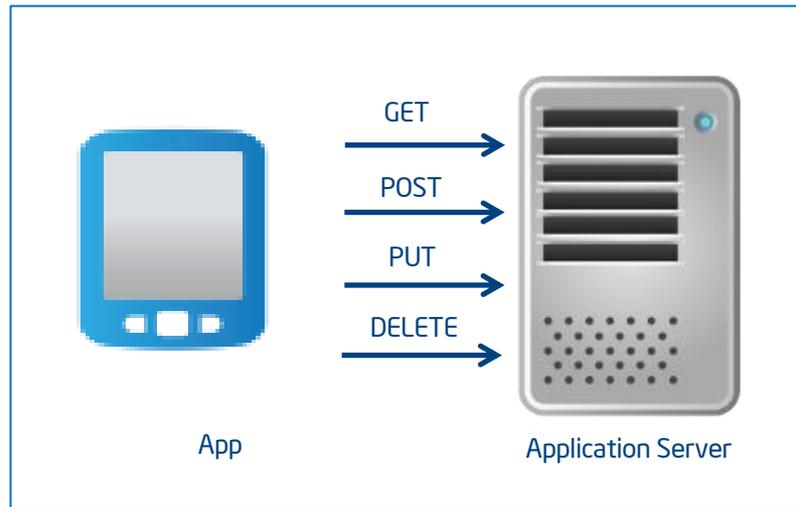
Indicators

But... are these any different than what we saw in the web world?

APIs are a Semantic Tunnel



Semantic Tunnel: Countermeasures



Countermeasures:

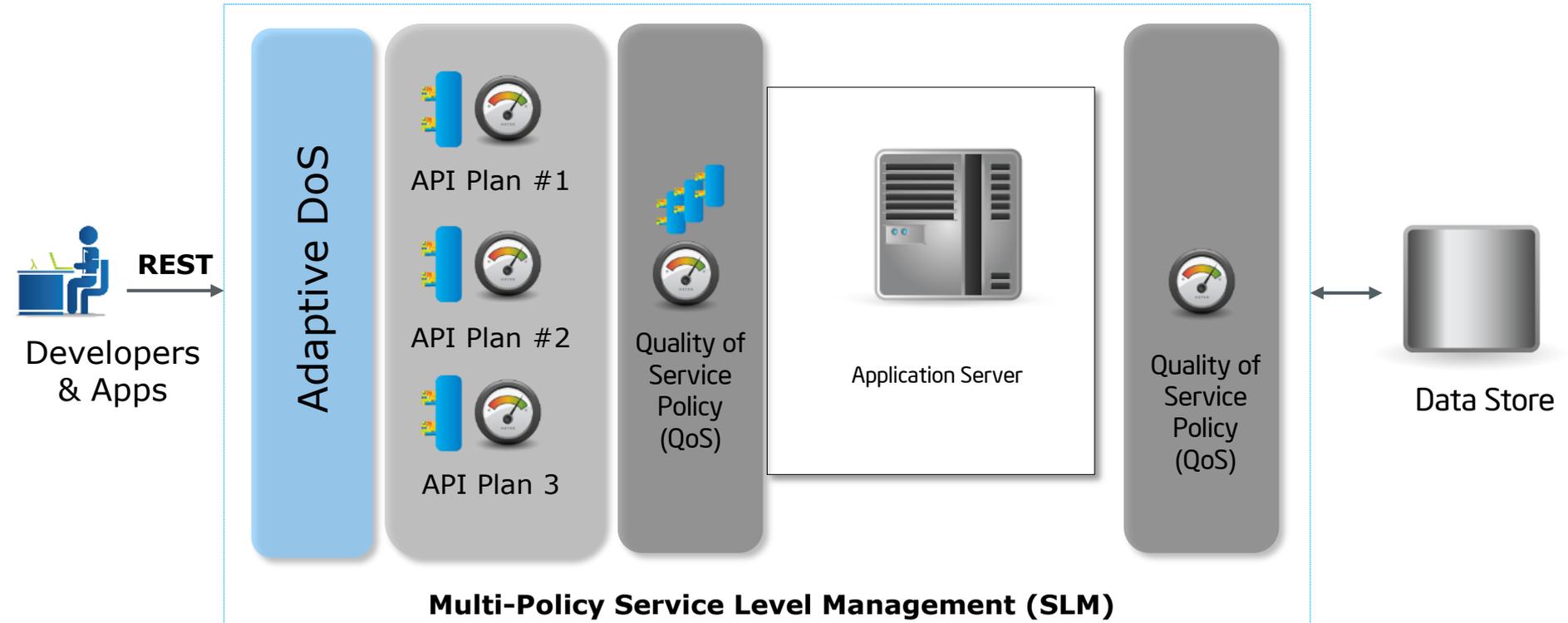
- ✓ Obfuscate, hide, or "turn off" certain methods
- ✓ Input validation
- ✓ Data-type checking*
- ✓ Data range checking
- ✓ Word scanning
- ✓ Pattern Scanning
- ✓ Avoid defaulting all data-types to 'string'
- ✓ Schema validation (JSON/XML)

- ✓ Validation/Rejection by regex match
- ✓ Message size limitations
- ✓ Message structure limitations (XML)
- ✓ Attachment scanning/limitations



Remember! Security should be a declarative policy, not "coded in"

Service Level Management (Throttling != Security)



	Purpose	Control Scope	Enforcement
API Plans	Coarse Grained Business Enablement	Single API	Messages per day, quota - enforced per calling application
Quality of Service	Fine Grained Infrastructure Tuning	Single API, set of APIs, set of services	Transaction rate, data rate, latency, utilization (plus more) -enforced per API, service, or IP
Adaptive DoS	Fine Grained Infrastructure Protection	Connection & IP Address	Rate shaping, alerting and blocking - Enforced per connection & IP

New Developer AuthN Requirements

API & Mobile Authentication Mechanisms

Authenticating Credential	Secret
API Key	API Key
API Key	Shared Secret
OAuth Consumer Key	OAuth Consumer Secret
Username	Password
Username	One-time Password

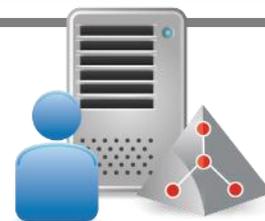


Consumer & BYOD



Enterprise Authentication Mechanisms

Authenticating Credential	Secret
Username	Password
Certificate	Private Key
Kerberos Ticket	Password
SAML Assertion	Password or Private Key
Username	One-time Password

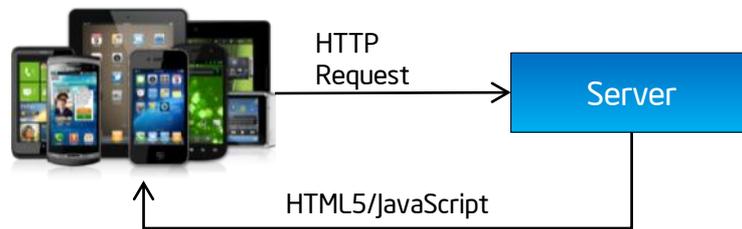


Existing Enterprise
IDM systems

**Enterprises can't afford
another identity silo**

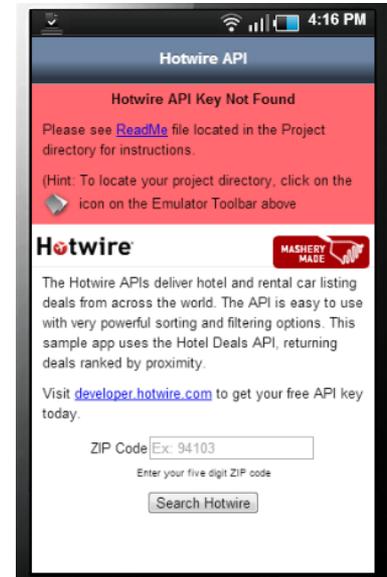
API Key Security

HTML5 Application Deployment Model



API Key Security Concern

- HTML5 apps are pushed to the client *keys distributed to all clients*
- Clients can view source to obtain API keys
- **Solution #1:** Obfuscation
- **Solution #2:** Step-Up Authentication



```
// *****SET YOUR API KEY HERE*****  
// *****  
  
// Insert your Hotwire API Key here. ReadMe for more info.  
var api_key = 'your-API-key-here';  
  
// *****  
// *****  
  
// Check if valid API Key  
function check_keys() {  
    var url = 'http://api.hotwire.com/v1/deal/hotel?limit=1&dest  
    AppMobi.device.getRemoteData(url, "GET", "", "displayFlashMe  
}
```

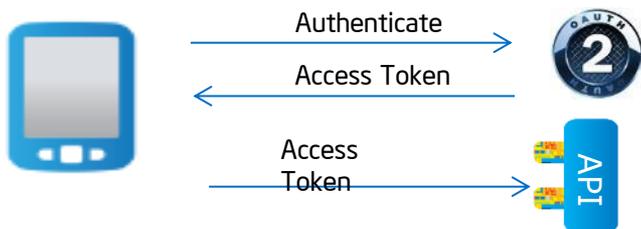
Common Enterprise OAuth 2 Flows

2-Legged OAuth

- Client Credentials
- Resource Owner Password Credentials



- ✓ Requires out-of-band shared secret
- ✓ Client apps must be completely trusted
- ✓ No refresh tokens
- ✓ No *user* concept
- ✓ Mitigates exposure of shared secrets

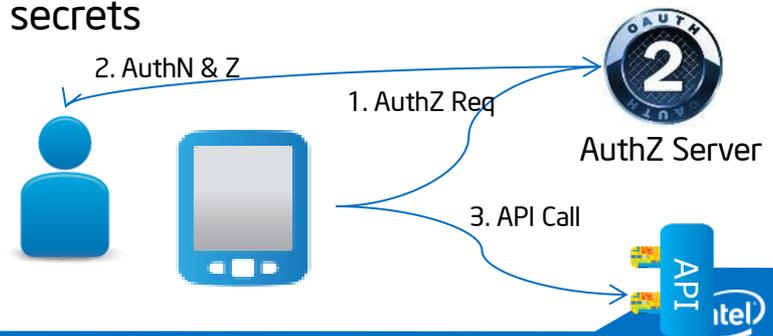


3-Legged OAuth

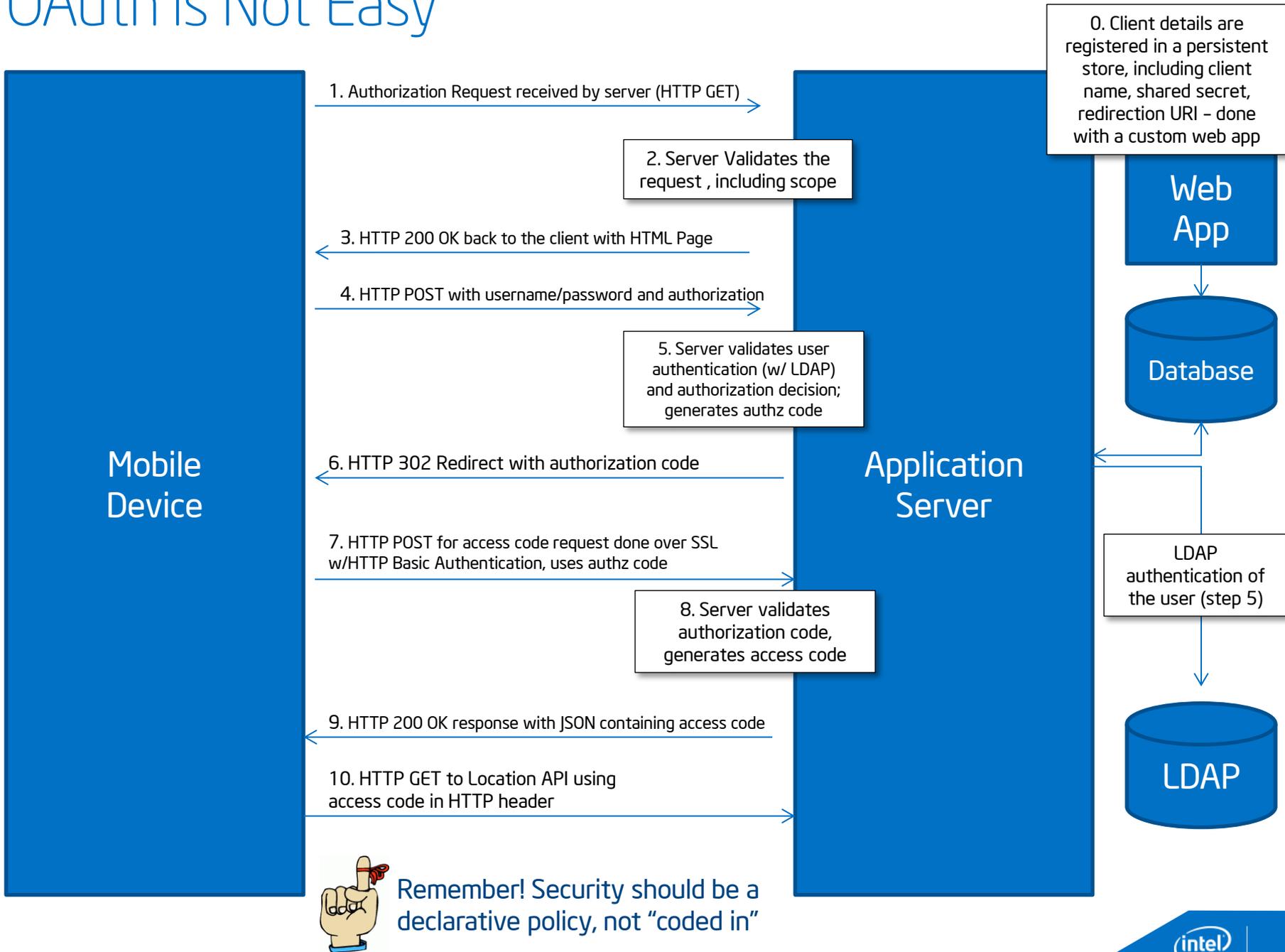
- Authorization Code
- Implicit Grant



- ✓ Requires out-of-band shared secret
- ✓ Solves impersonation anti-pattern
- ✓ Client apps can be untrusted
- ✓ Supports refresh tokens
- ✓ Requires *user* concept
- ✓ Mitigates exposure of shared secrets



OAuth is Not Easy



API Compliance

Regulatory Drivers

- Credit card data (PCI)
- Personally identifiable information (PII)
- Medical records (HIPAA)
- Financial data (SOX, GLBA)

Reduce assessment costs, avoid fines, protect customers & shareholders

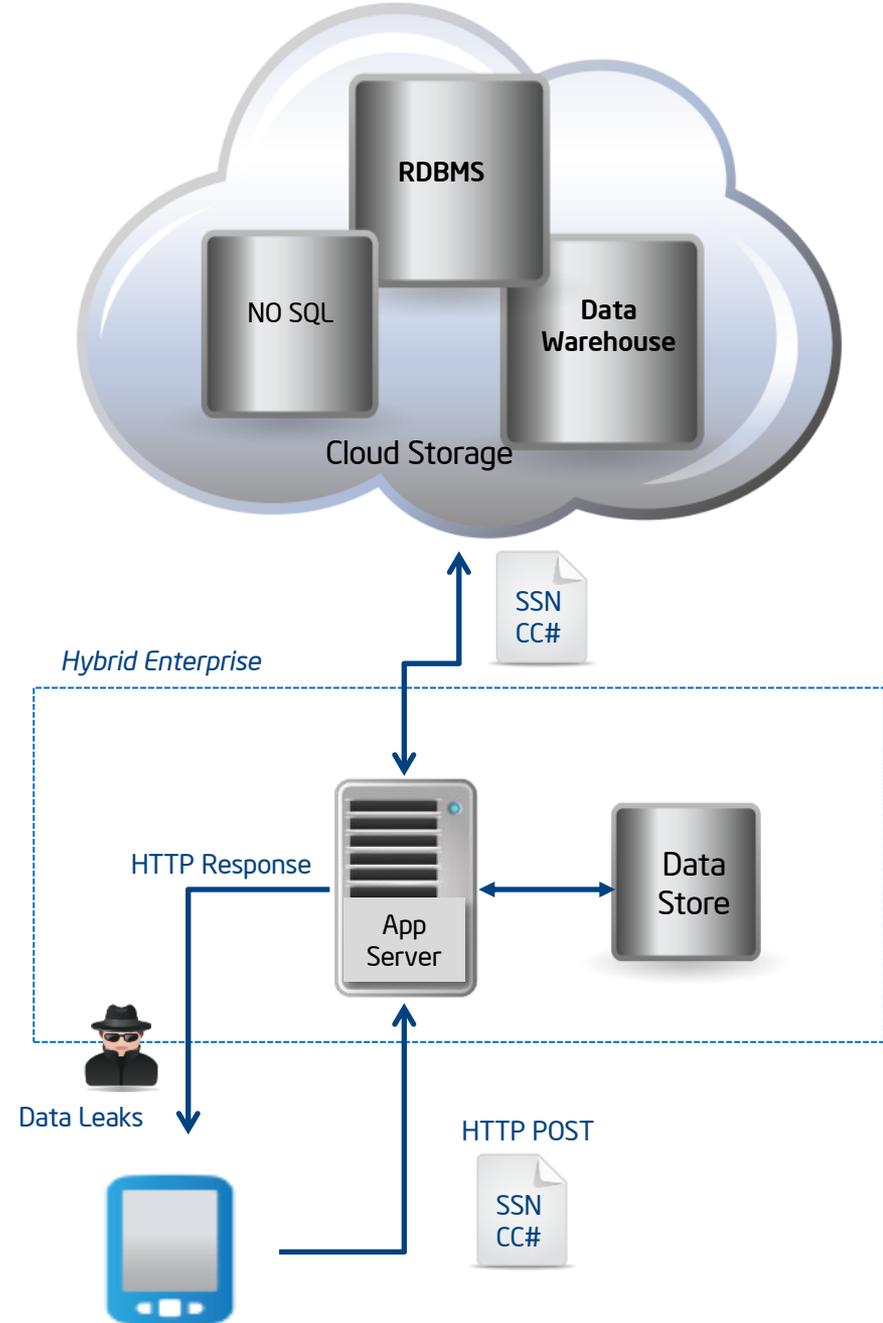
Intellectual Property

- Source code, blue prints
- Roadmap data
- Business plans & models
- Data from M&A, marketing

Protect organization IP, assets, resources and improve competitive posture



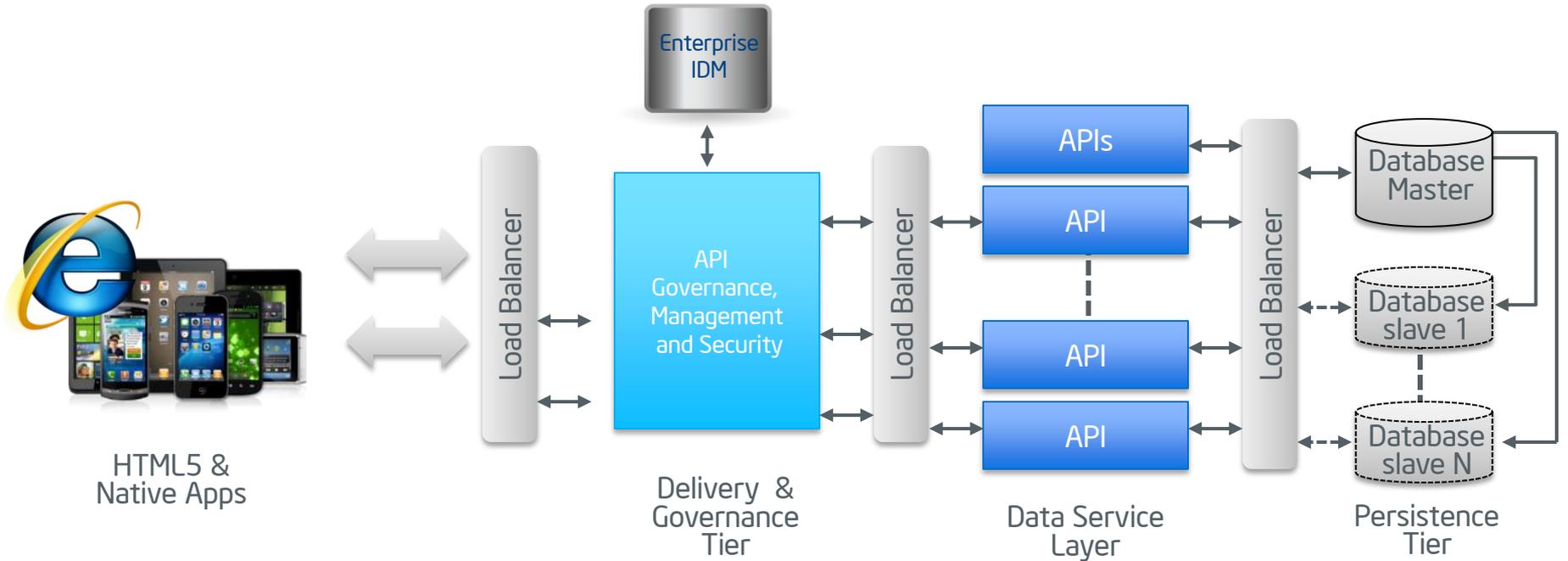
Remember! Security should be a declarative policy, not "coded in"



API Security Choices

	Trust	Threats
 3rd Party Apps	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ RESTful Service ✓ OAuth 2.0 - Auth Code Flow ✓ API Keys ✓ Server side SSL 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ DDoS Protection ✓ Content Attack Protection ✓ API Plans ✓ API Resource Protection
 Enterprise Mobile Apps	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ RESTful Service ✓ 2-Way SSL ✓ API Keys with Step-Up Auth ✓ 2-Legged OAuth - Client Credentials Flow ✓ SSO - Use SAML 2.0 or OpenID Connect ✓ JSON Web Tokens 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ DDoS Protection ✓ Content Attack Protection ✓ API Plans ✓ API Resource Protection
 Internal Client / Server	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ SOAP or REST ✓ SSL w/ Enterprise authentication ✓ SSO - Use SAML 2.0 or OpenID Connect 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ API Plans ✓ API Resource Protection
 Partner Web Services	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ SOAP WS-Security (X.509 or HMAC) ✓ 2-Way SSL 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ DDoS Protection ✓ Content Attack Protection ✓ API Plans ✓ API Resource Protection
 Internal Apps/ Developers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ SOAP or REST ✓ API Keys ✓ No Key ✓ SSO - Use SAML 2.0 or OpenID Connect 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ API Plans ✓ API Resource Protection

"New" 3-Tier Architecture



- Clients from any channel
- Synchronous or socket communication
- Transport Level Security with session authentication

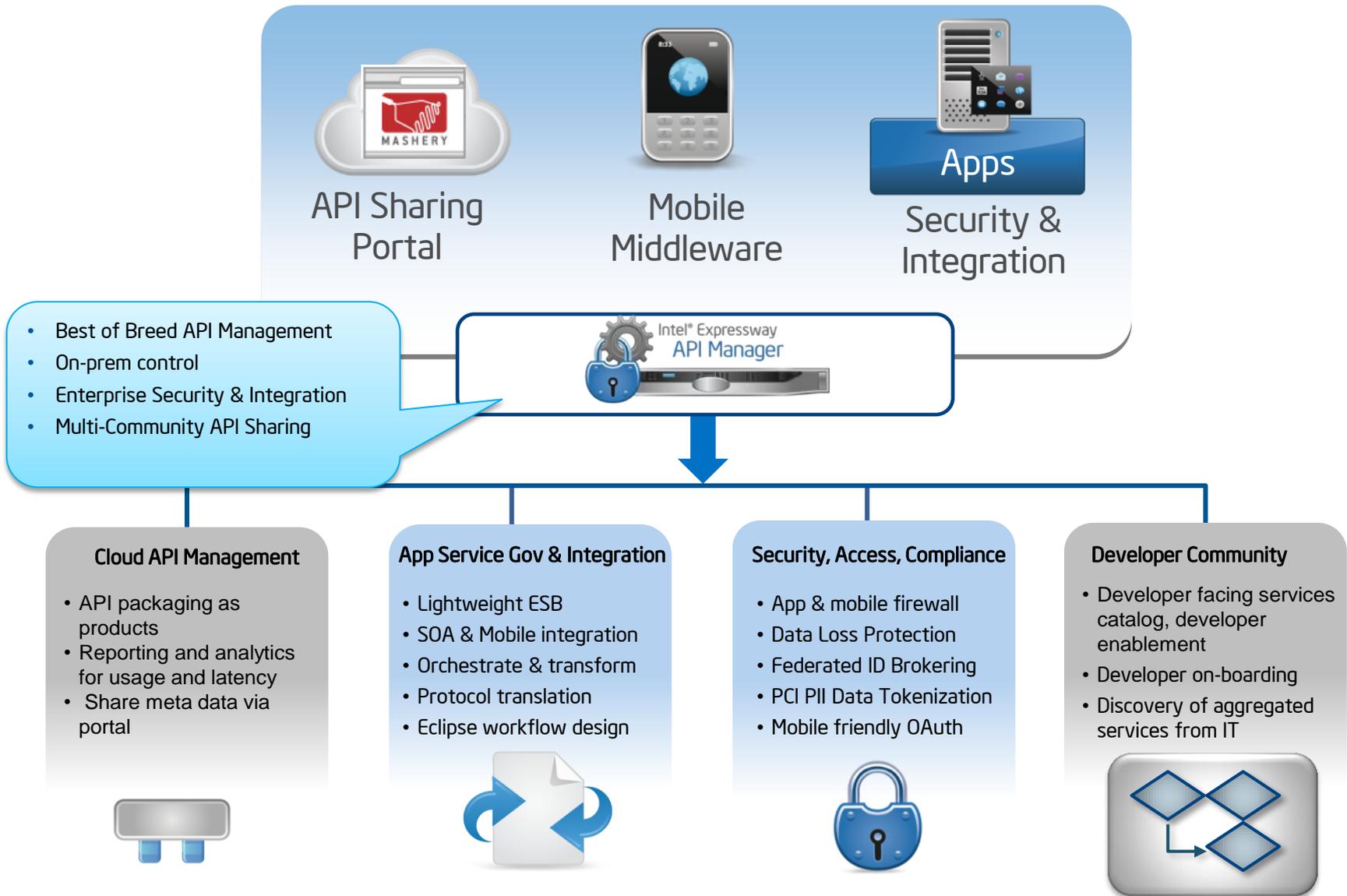
- API Governance Layer - handles scalability, security, and security decoupling
- Single point of audit, security control and compliance

- APIs - The backbone of the architecture
- Surface data from any system

- Logical persistence tier, data may be stored in RDMS or NOSQL stores

The API Governance Layer helps mitigate API trust and threat concerns in the application architecture

Intel® Expressway API Manager



API Resource Center: cloudsecurity.intel.com



Solution Brief
Intel® API Management Platform



A Platform Approach to Enterprise API Management

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Introduction

API management enables enterprise services through the use of well-defined interfaces and communication protocols, enabling new channels and new forms of innovative products and services. A modular approach to APIs helps an enterprise re-platform itself to tackle new API-centric paradigms such as the Internet of Things (IoT), the surge in HTML5 and native-enabled mobile devices. APIs also have a powerful impact on product fundition changes at the service level, which can happen independently of controlled top-down changes to the entire organization. This ability for developers, both internal and external to innovate independently on APIs is having a radical effect on the business relationships within the Enterprise.

Large organizations, such as Fortune 500 Enterprises, cloud service providers, media, retail and travel companies require a comprehensive API management platform that serves the needs of both public or open APIs and the growth of internal APIs. Instead of a pure SaaS solution or on-premise SOA tool set, this paper presents a more flexible platform approach to managing the custom business models and data center deployment needs of the modern enterprise. We explore the complete platform solutions and focus in on the scale and control requirements for internal API management deployed locally.



Figure 1. API Management Tailor Made for Enterprise

Solution Brief: Internal APIs

STREAMLINE SOA WITH API MANAGEMENT



UBISOFT
Game Services Case Study

Use Case Video



Forrester SOA to API Webinar

