

Next Generation Secure Computing Base Nexus Fundamentals

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Safer Computing Track – Fall IDF

Tuesday

LT Overview

SCMS-16

TCG & TPM v1.2

SCMS-17

LT Architecture

SCMS-18

Tech Showcase

Every Day

Birds of a Feather
Lunches

Tuesday & Wednesday

Wednesday

Privacy Method for
Assuring Trust

SCMS-19

Opt-In Strategy

SCMS-156

Trusted Mobile KB
Controller

SCMS-24

Software for LT

SCMS-20

Fundamentals for
NGSCB

SCMS-21

Migrating Apps to
NGSCB

SCMS-22

Thursday

TPM Recovery




SCMS-25

TCG Credentials

SCMS-157

TPM Mfg & Testing

SCMS-180

-  = Overview
-  = Medium Technical
-  = Highly Technical

Agenda

- **Basic NGSCB Environment**
- **Standard-Mode/Left Hand Side (LHS)**
- **Nexus-Mode/Right Hand Side (RHS)**
- **Derivative Works**
- **Agent Samples**
- **Summary**
- **Q&A**

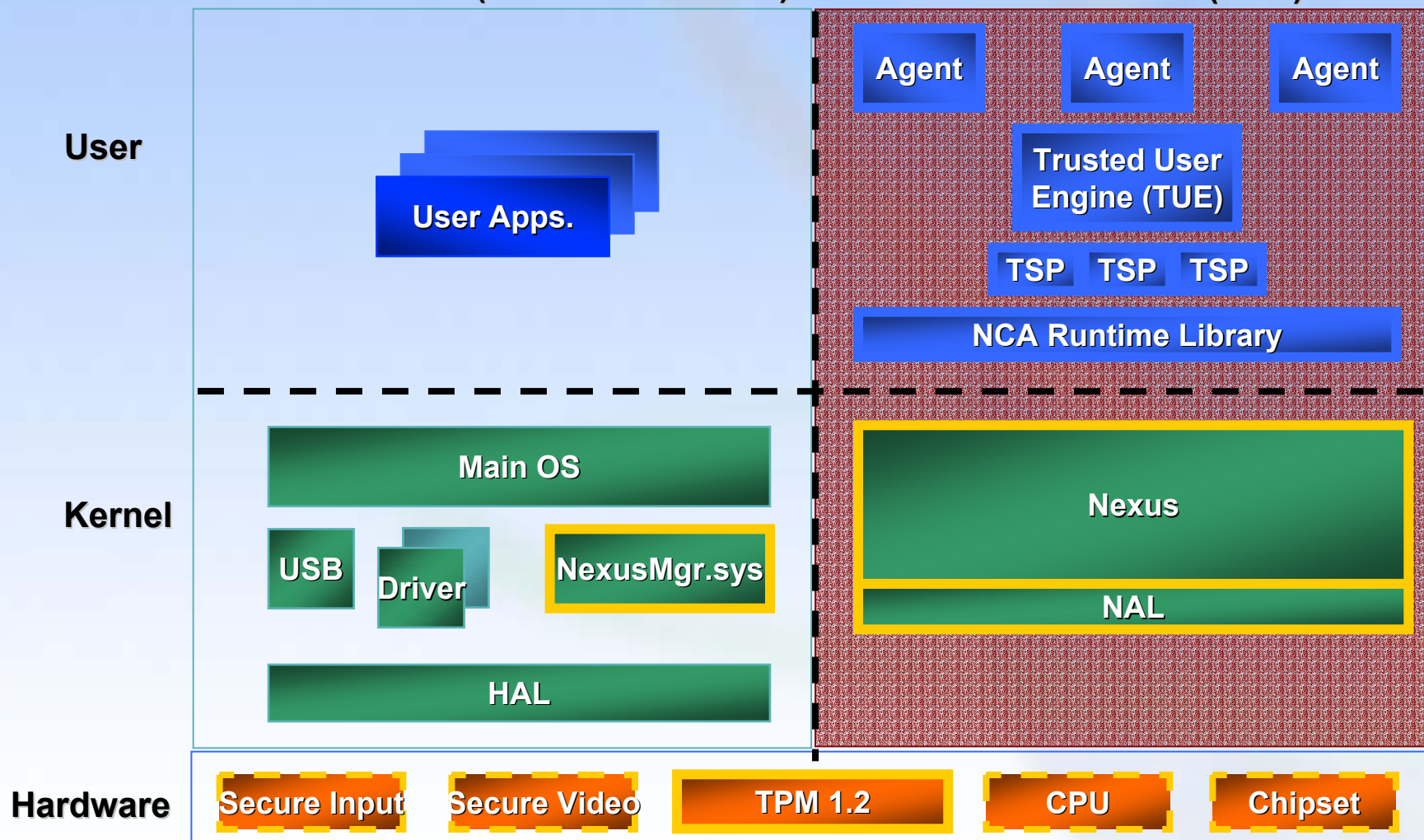
Next Generation Secure Computing Base Defined

- **Microsoft's Next-Generation Secure Computing Base (NGSCB) is a new security technology for the Microsoft Windows platform**
 - **Uses a unique hardware and software design**
 - **Gives people new kinds of security and privacy protections in an interconnected world**

NGSCB Quadrants

Standard-Mode ("std-mode" / LHS)

Nexus-Mode (RHS)



A Basic Environment

- **Basic Operating System Functions**
 - Process and Thread Loader/Manager
 - Memory Manager
 - I/O Manager
 - Security Reference Monitor
 - Interrupt handing/Hardware abstraction
- **But not a complete Operating System**
 - No File System
 - No Networking
 - No Kernel Mode/Privileged Device Drivers
 - No Direct X
 - No Scheduling
 - No...
- **Kernel mode has no pluggables**
 - All of the kernel loaded at boot and in the PCR

A Basic Environment

- **Virtualization of hardware fundamentals for Agents**
 - Sealed storage, attestation, etc.
- **Minimal Services**
 - **Trusted UI Engine**
 - XML Based Graphical Services for UI
 - Input Routing/Focus Management
 - Minimum Fonts (inc. Multiple Languages...)
 - Windows Manager
 - **Inter-Process Communications (IPC)**
 - **TSPs (Trusted Service Provider)**
 - Run in User Mode RHS
 - Provide Services
 - Are “Drivers” for Trusted Input/Video

Device Drivers

- NGSCB doesn't change the device driver model
- NGSCB needs very minimal access to real hardware
- Secure reuse of Left Hand Side (LHS) driver stacks wherever possible
 - Right Hand Side (RHS) encrypted channel through LHS unprotected conduit
- Every line of privileged code is a potential security risk
 - No third-party code on the RHS
 - No kernel-mode plug-ins

Partitioned System

- **RHS = Security**
 - In the presence of adversarial LHS code the system must not leak secrets
 - The RHS must NOT rely on the LHS for security
- **LHS = Richness and Compatibility**
 - In the absence of LHS cooperation NGSCB doesn't run
 - The RHS MUST rely on the LHS for stability and services

What Runs On The LHS

- Applications and Drivers still run
- Viruses too
- Windows as you know it today
- Any software with minor exceptions
 - The new hardware (HW) memory controller won't allow certain “bad” behaviors, e.g., code which
 - Copies all of memory from one location to the next
 - Puts the CPU into real mode

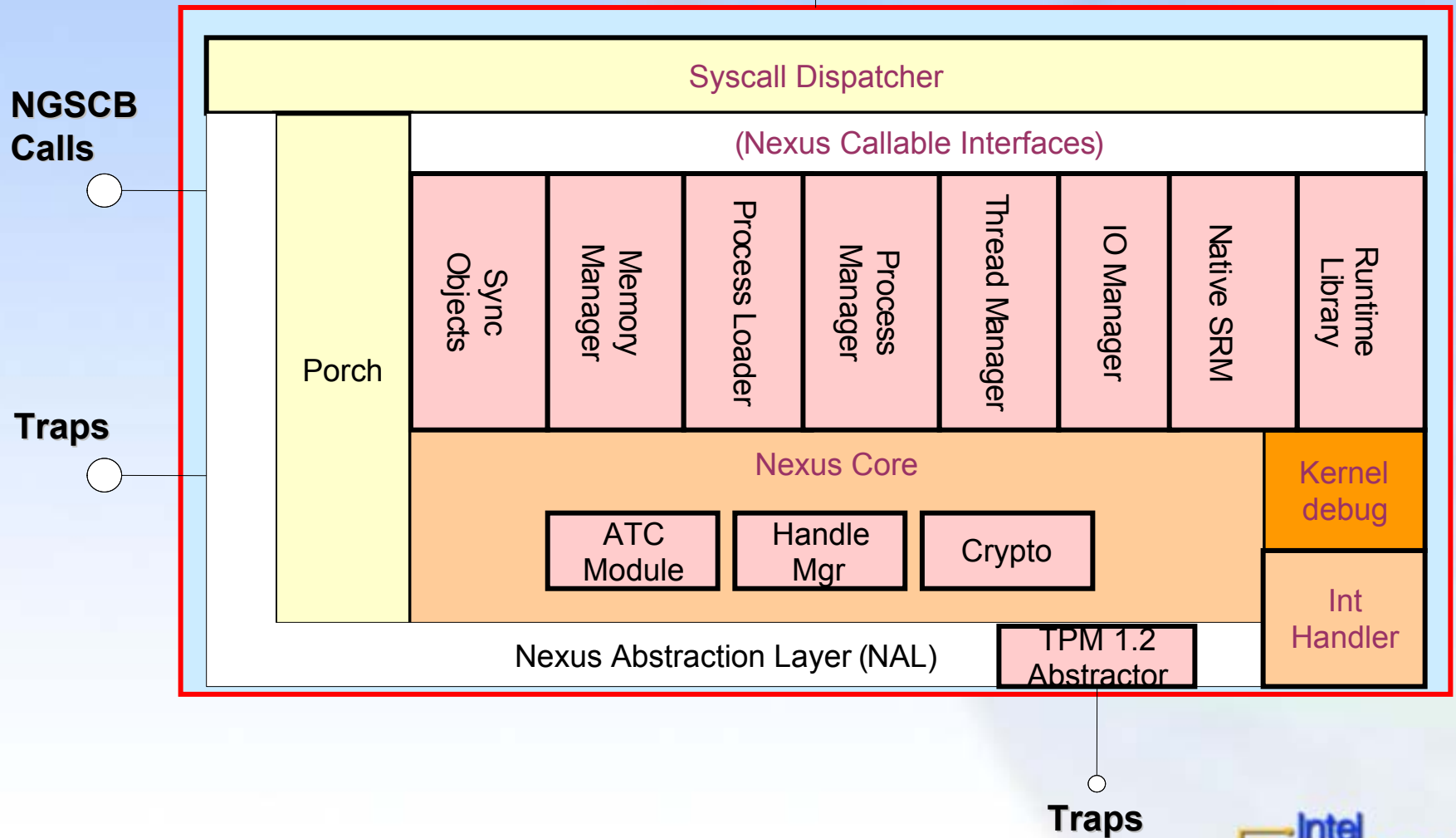
What NGSCB Needs From The LHS

- Device Driver work for Trusted Input / Video
- Memory Management additions to allow nexus to participate in memory pressure and paging decisions
- User mode debugger additions to allow debugging of agents (explained later)
- Window Manager coordination
- Nexus Manager Device driver (nexusmgr.sys)
- NGSCB management software and services

Close-Up Of The Lower RHS

Nexus.exe

Nx* Functions



I Think, Therefore I Am

Descartes Problem

- Challenge for attestation must always come from outside the machine
 - Local (the user with a superkey)
 - Remote (some server)
- No nexus can directly determine if it is running in the secured environment
- No Agent can directly determine if it is running in the secured environment
- Must use Remote Attestation or Sealed Storage to cache credentials or secrets to prove the system is sound

Nexus Derivative Works

- The user can run any nexus, or write his own and run it, on the hardware
- That nexus can only report the attestation provided by the Trusted Platform Module (TPM 1.2)
 - The TPM won't lie
 - The nexus cannot pretend to be another nexus
- Other systems will need to decide if they trust the new derived nexus
- Nexus writers need to prove to others that their derivative is legitimate

Agent Derivative Works

- The user can run any agent, or write his own and run it, on the nexus
- That agent can report the attestation provided by the nexus
 - The nexus won't lie
 - The agent cannot pretend to be another agent
- Other systems will need to decide if they trust the new derived agent
- Agent writers need to prove to others that their derivative is legitimate

Machine Policy Controlled By The Owner Of The Machine

- NGSCB enforces machine policy but does not set the policy
- The hardware will load any nexus
 - But only one at a time
 - Each nexus gets the same core platform services
 - The hardware keeps nexus secrets separate
 - Nothing about this architecture prevents any nexus from running; however, the owner can control which nexuses are allowed to run
- Proposed software (nexus) policies
 - The Microsoft nexus will run any agent
 - The platform owner can set policy that limits this
 - User gets to pick some other delegated evaluator (e.g., my union) if they choose

Policy Notes

- **Policy is a way for users and machine owners to make general, abstract statements, about what software runs**
 - “Run any agent I click”
 - “Run only agents whose source code I’ve examined/trust”
 - “Run agents that a third party I trust, trusts”
- **The point of policy is to enable the users to control what runs on their machines**

Agent Environment

- Sealed Storage
- Quote
- XML dialog engine
- IPC to LHS and other Agents
- Expo API for LHS services
- System Services
- Standard Crypto Libs

Agent Samples 1

- The following code displays the UI to the user and returns a Dialog Handle:
 - XML describes the initial layout of the dialog
 - The agent uses the Dialog Handle to manipulate the UI once it's displayed

```
DocumentHandle document_handle =  
    TRendDisplayXML(String XML);
```

- Register an event:

```
TRendUtilRegisterEvent( document_handle,  
    "mybutton",  
    "click",  
    mybutton_OnClick() );
```

Agent Samples 2

- Set up a while loop to catch events:

```
while (TRendUtilGetEvent(document_handle, event) {  
    TRendUntilDispatchEvent(Document_handle, event);  
}
```

- An event method to process the event:

```
Mybutton_OnClick(document_handle, sender) {  
    // sender would be "mybutton"  
    // do what you need to do when the button is clicked  
    // use TRendUtilGetProperty and TRendUtilSetProperty to  
    // change UI as necessary  
}
```

Agent Samples 3

- When finished with the dialog, destroy it:

`TRendDestroy (document_handle);`

Management Services

- **Installation**
- **Controlled upgrade of the nexus and of agents**
- **Secure managed migration of application and nexus secrets**
 - Migration
 - Backup and Restore
- **Machine Policy and Configuration UIs**

Shadow Process And Threads

- The nexus has no scheduler
- LHS threads to call the right to load and run a RHS thread
- These LHS threads are part of the Agent's LHS shadow process
- Not getting scheduled again does not leak a secret
- Safe RHS synchronization primitives

Summary

- **NGSCB is a combination of**
 - **New hardware which creates secure space for...**
 - **...A new kernel, called the nexus, which...**
 - **...Will run applications in a secure memory partition, and which...**
 - **...Will provide these apps with security services so that they can...**
 - **...Provide users with trustworthy computing**

Summary – Remember That

- When the nexus is turned off, literally everything runs just like before
- When the nexus is on, the LHS runs very close to everything that ever ran
- The nexus makes no claims about what runs on the LHS
- The hardware should run any nexus, and give full function to any nexus, with at most an admin step by the user
- The nexus will run any software the user tells it to

Next Steps

- Study the code
- Come to the next session
 - SCMS-22 Migrating Applications to NGSCB
- Come to Microsoft Professional Developers Conference (PDC)
 - Developer Preview SDK and Tools
 - October 26-30, 2003 in Los Angeles
 - <http://msdn.microsoft.com/events/pdc/>
- Ask your vendors what NGSCB-enabled components they will provide
- Read the available white papers and specs

Resources

- Visit our site
 - <http://www.microsoft.com/ngscb>
- Q&A
 - ngscb_qa@microsoft.com
- E-Mail updates
 - Subscribe to the WTPI information newsletter for ongoing updates; send blank e-mail to
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