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- Digital Image Analysis
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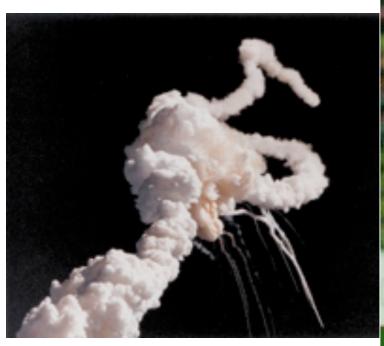
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Digital Image Analysis Problem Space



Pictures Have Power







Iwo Jima, World War II



http://grin.hq.nasa.gov/IMAGES/SMALL/GPN-2004-00012.jpg http://www.archives.gov/publications/prologue/2004/winter/top-images.html http://funny-insurance.blogspot.com/2007/05/top-10-best-funny-photo-of-funny.html

Not All Pictures Are Real

- Why not real?
 - Modified to influence opinions
 - Enhanced to convey a point
 - Designed to show techniques
- Implications
 - Legal: Child Pornography vs. Virtual Child Porn
 - Security: Image as Authentication
 - Media: Misleading Headlines



Not legal advice!
I am not a lawyer!

Images and the Law

- Pornography
 - Protected by the First Amendment
- Child Pornography
 - Child Pornography Prevention Act (1996)
 - Prevents use of children in sexually explicit materials
 - Does not distinguish real from fake
- Virtual Child Pornography
 - Ashcroft v. Free Speech Coalition, 535 U.S. 234 (2002)
 - CPPA violated free speech rights
 - Distinction between "CP" and "VCP"
 - VCP does not use real children (it is regular "pornography")



Images as Authentication

- How do you authenticate someone online?
 - Name, Address, Phone, Age
 - Collecting information from minors...
- Forging authentication
 - Yahoo!
 - Myspace



Yahoo! Impersonation

Date: Fri, 20 Apr 2007 12:38:13 -0700 Subject: Re: Abuse - Impersonation

Reply-To: Yahoo! Mail <mail-abuse@cc.yahoo-inc.com>

Hello,

Thank you for contacting Yahoo! Customer Care.

If you are an individual being impersonated by a Yahoo! Mail user, we will need a signed statement from you denying any involvement with the account, as well as a copy of the email (including full Internet headers) that is going out in your name. If you do not have an actual email message, please give us a detailed explanation of why you believe you are being impersonated. We will also need a copy of your photo ID.

If your company is being impersonated by a Yahoo! Mail account, we will need a signed statement on company letterhead denying any involvement with the account, as well as a copy of the email (including full Internet headers) that is going out with the company name.

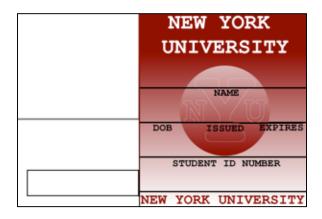
You may fax your statement to us at:

(503) 615-3883

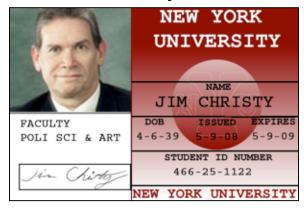


Defeating Yahoo Identification

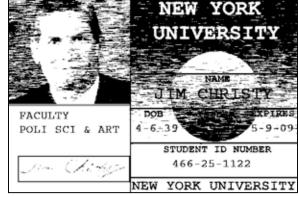
- Fake Photo ID
 - Download template
 http://www.linkbase.org/
 make-fake-id/



Photoshop



Fax!





Images as Authentication



My Problem with MySpace





http://www.peacexpeace.org/elements/images/familysignguy.jfif



Fake Photos in the Media

- Old School
 - Staged
 - Mislabeled
 - Not detectable
- Old-tech
 - Negative splicing
 - Airbrushing
 - May be detectable

- Hi-tech
 - Digitally spliced
 - Digitally enhanced
 - "Shopped"
 - Is detectable!

Old-School Fakes

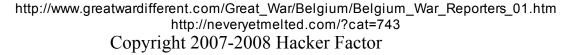


10-Oct-1914: "I opened up the paper and what was my surprise to see a big spread picture of myself, lined up against that row of Melle cottages and being shot for the delectation of the British public."

Adnan Hajj: Beirut (Reuters) 22 July 2006 5 August 2006







Old and New

- Problem
 - Photos are REAL
 - Only identified by close inspection or tracking source
- Combined with new methods





2002 Dust Storm

2004 Tsunami

The Big Questions

- Distinguish "real" from computer graphics
- How to detect image manipulations
- How to pull out information from images
 - Real images: who, where, when, how
 - Digitally enhanced: what, how
 - Computer graphics: what, how



The Big Answers

- Observation
- Basic Image Enhancements
 - Color Tweaking
- Image Format Analysis
 - Meta Data Analysis
 - Quantization Table Fingerprinting
 - Estimated Compression Level
- Advanced Image Analysis
 - Error Level Analysis (ELA)
 - Principle Component Analysis (PCA)
 - Wavelet Transformations
 - Luminance Gradient (LG)

Observation



Warez Factory





Things to Look For

- Time
 - Clocks, calendars
 - Dated materials
- Location
 - Language
 - Region-specific technology
 - Currency and Electrical Outlets!
- Other
 - What's on the computer screen?
 - Any other identifiable elements



Example: Buzz

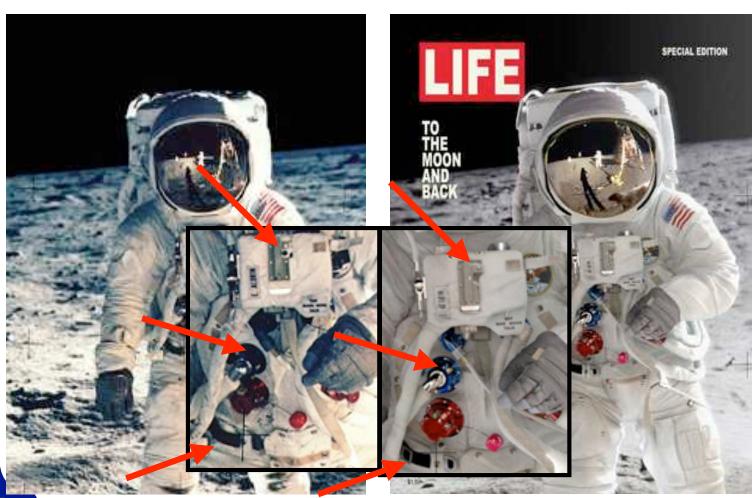
- Andrea Bertaccini
 - www.tredistudio.com
 - "CG Choice Award"from CG Society,2006
- Says based on NASA photo

http://www.hq.nasa.gov/office/pao/ History/ap11ann/kippsphotos/5903.jpg





Example: Buzz Compare

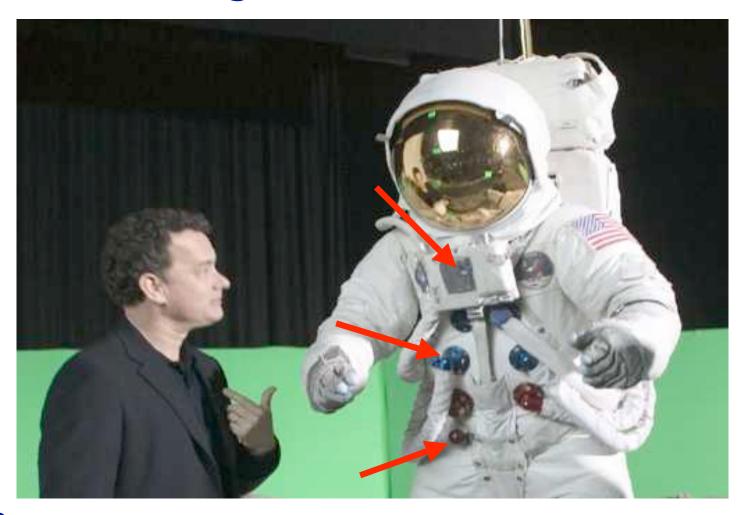


IMAX: Magnificent Desolation

- IMAX recreated moonwalk
 - http://www.imax.com/magnificentdesolation
 - Director: Tom Hanks
- Timeframe
 - Movie in 2005
 - Artist image in 2006



IMAX: Magnificent Desolation





What Happened?

- Artist likely:
 - Modeled position after NASA
 - Modeled spacesuit after IMAX



Format Analysis



Image Format Analysis

- Formats are information
 - Formats are data that contain data
 - Changes to image yield changes to format
- JPEG as an example
 - Most methods work with any image format



JPEG Feature Set

- Key Features of JPEG
 - Meta data
 - Quantization matrix for lossy compression
 - Lossy data format
 - Divide image into 8x8 cells
 - JPEG artifacts are usually visible 8x8 cells
- Feature Detection
 - Feature leads to manipulation detection

JPEG Meta Data

- Information about image
 - Camera type and settings
 - Date and time
- Multiple images
 - Varying quality
 - Useful for distinguishing cameras
- Meta data problem:
 - Modified or inaccurate
 - Applications do not update meta data!
 - Photoshop keeps camera info (even if picture changes)
 - Photoshop does not log Photoshop changes

\$ exiftool IM001022.JPG

MIME Type : image/jpeg

JFIF Version : 1.1

Make : Hewlett-Packard
Camera Model Name : HP PhotoSmart 618
Orientation : Horizontal (normal)

X Resolution : 72 Y Resolution : 72

Resolution Unit : inches
Y Cb Cr Positioning : Centered
Exposure Time : 1/125
F Number : 3.7
ISO : 100
Exif Version : 0210

Date/Time Original : 2007:05:28 09:19:49

Components Configuration : YCbCr
Compressed Bits Per Pixel : 1.6
Shutter Speed Value : 1/128
Aperture Value : 4.0
Exposure Compensation : 0
Max Aperture Value : 4.0
Subject Distance : 0.13 m

. . .



Quantization Fingerprinting

- Should compute optimal quantization tables
 - CPU intensive!
 - Slow user experience!
- Hard-coded quantization tables
 - Few systems actually generate Q tables
 - Digital cameras use different Q tables
 - Vary by make and model
 - Optimized for CCD, data size, manufacturer
 - Canon pictures look best on Canon printers (colors optimized)
 - Cannot just "copy over" Q tables
- Forensics
 - Match Q tables to application or camera
 - Media outlets: Pay attention!

Quantization Quality

- What if Q tables not known?
- JPEG uses a quality value
 - Save at 95%, 80%, 65%...
 - Quality corresponds with size
- Quality not saved in JPEG!
 - Fingerprint Q table? Know tool and quality
 - Unknown Q table? Need to determine quality
- Derive quality value!



Quantization Tables

- Q tables: compression and quality
- Two tables for YCrCb
 - 1 for luminance (Y)
 - 1 for both Cr and Cb
 - Optional:
 - 3 tables: Y, Cr, and Cb
- 64 elements
 - 1st element = DC
 - 63 elements = AC
 - Compression by frequency

```
Ouantization table
  Table index=0 (luminance)
             12
                                    10
    11
             13
                       18
                                    14
                  11
                       16
    17
             11
                           22
                                    17
              21
                  21
                           12
                                    23
              20
                  24
                       18
                                    20
```

```
# Quantization table
```

```
Table index=1 (chrominance)
                 5
                                    5
                13
                    11
           20
                         13
                                  20
  20
      20
           20
                20
                    20
                         20
                              20
                                  20
  20
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                    20
  20
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           20
                20
                         20
                                   20
```

Example Derivation

- Average AC values
 - Table 0: 11.63
 - Table 1: 17.57
- Average Y, Cr, Cb
 (11.63 + 17.57 + 17.57) / 3 = 15.59
- Get RGB/YCrCb conversion ||17.57 - 11.63|| = 5.94 convert
- Combine to find quality 100.0 - 15.59 + 5.94 = 90.35% Call it 90%

See jpegquality.c

```
# Ouantization table
    Table index=0 (luminance)
                                  8
             12
                     12
                         12
                                 10
                     18
                         16
      11
             13
                 14
                                 14
     17
             11 11
                     16
                         22
                                 17
         20
                 21
      19
             21
                     21
                         12
                                 23
     24
         22
             20
                 24
                     18
                                 20
                         20
```

```
# Quantization table
```

```
Table index=1 (chrominance)
               5
   3
                       5
                               5
              13
   5
          20
                  11
                      13
                          20
                              20
  20
     20
          20
              20
                  20
                      20
                          20
                              20
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     20
         20 20
                  20 20
                         20
                              20
  20
     20
                  20 20
  20
         20 20
                         20
                              20
  20
     20
          20 20
                  20
                      20
                          20
                              20
                  20
  20
      20
          20
              20
                      20
                          20
                              20
```



Quantifiable Problem

- Data loss is cumulative
- Resave problem:
 - Save an image at quality of 75%
 - Resave image at 90%
 - Image does not get better!
 - 90% of 75% = 67.5%
 - Quantization tables reflect 90%, not 75% or 67.5%
- How to detect image resaves?
 - Principal Component Analysis!

Principal Component Analysis

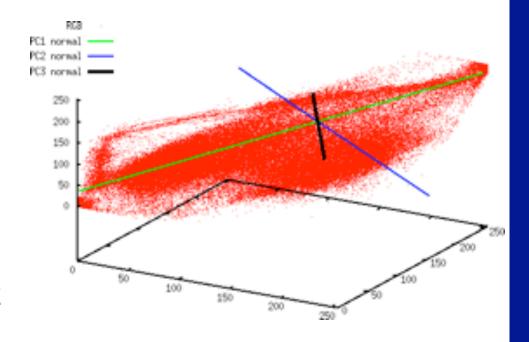
- PCA separates info
 - Computer vision
 - Data compression
- Identifies widest variance among points

3D = 3 components

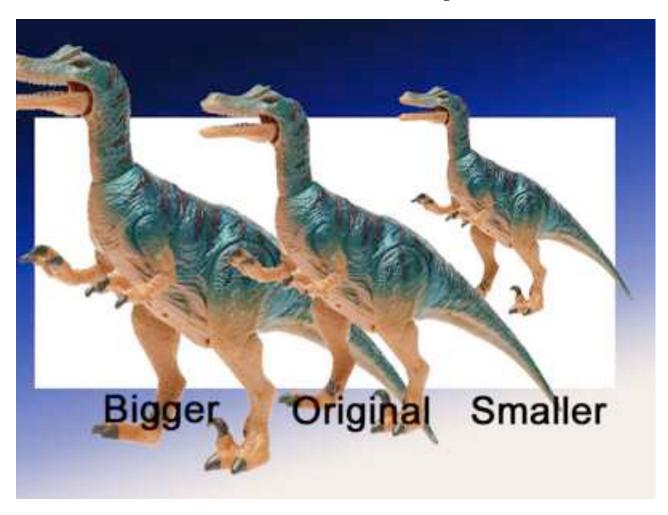
PC1 = widest

PC2 = next widest

PC3 = narrowest

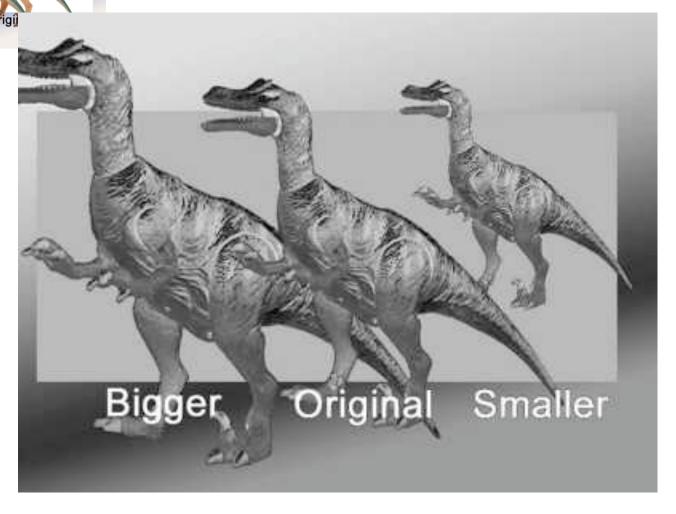


PCA Example





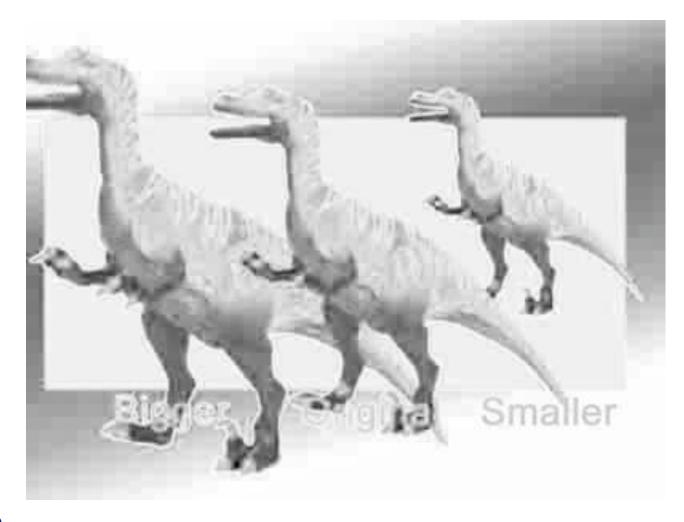
PCA Example





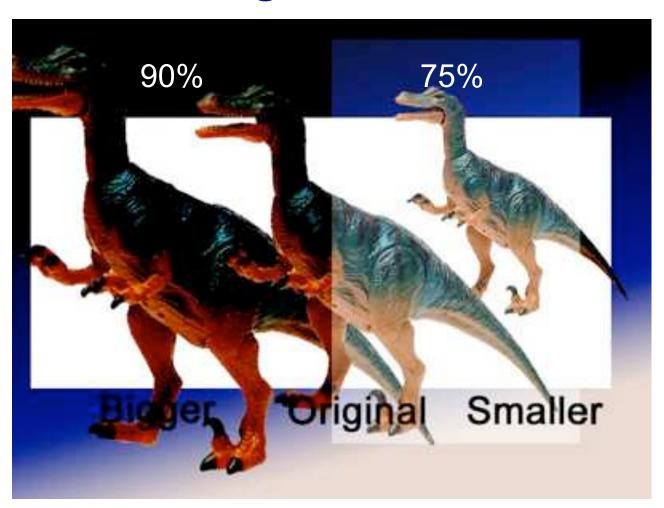
PC1 with Artifacts

95% 90% 80% 70% 60% 50%



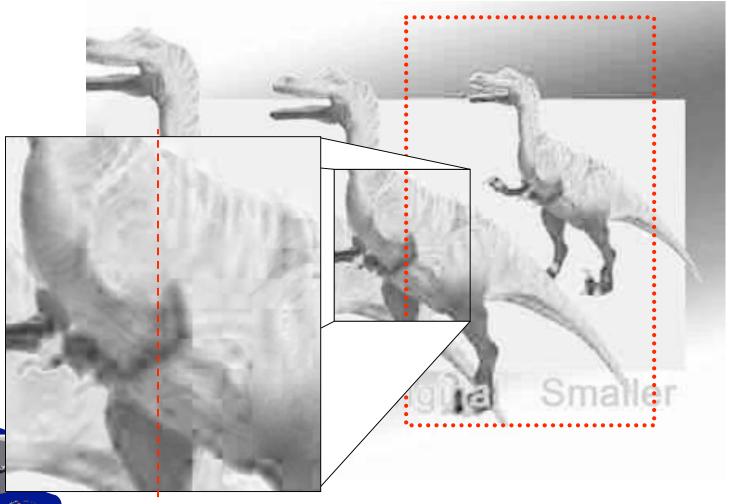


PCA Mixing: 90% with 75%





PCA Mixing: 90% with 75%



Example: Back to the Moon



Buzz Aldrin Moon Walk

 "All the image are made in 3DS MAX and postprocessed in Combustion and Photoshop."

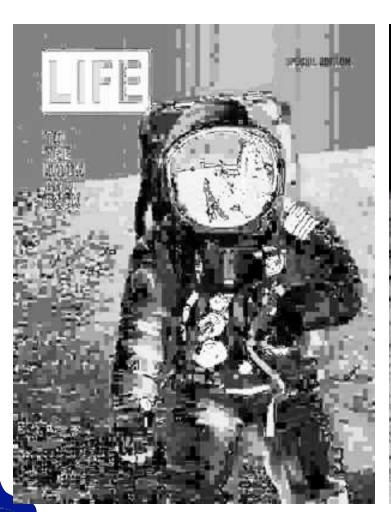
http://forums.cgsociety.org/showthread.php?t=323480

- JPEG Q tables say:
 - Photoshop
 - 89% quality

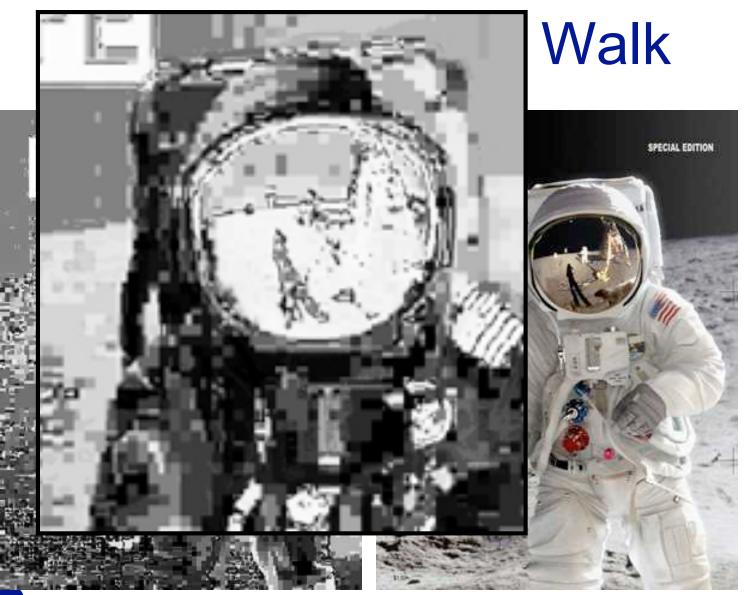




Buzz Aldrin Moon Walk





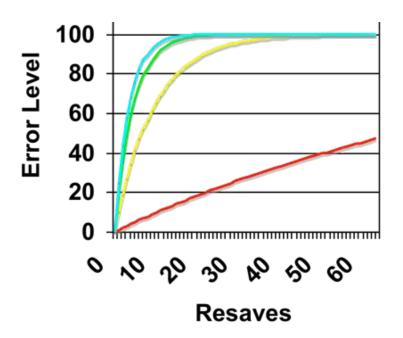


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Error Level Methodology

- JPEG is lossy format
- Each resave introduces more error
 - But "copy" does not
- Error rate not linear!







Error Level Analysis

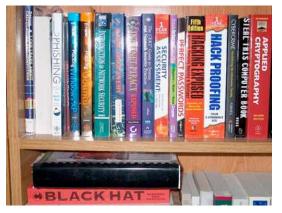
- Each 8x8 cell should be at same quality level
- Changes to image change quality level for the 8x8 cell

Methodology

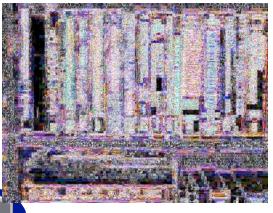
- Save image at 95%
 - Intentionally introduce known error rate
- Compare original and new 95% image
- Difference = error state
 - No difference = image local minima
 - Large difference = unstable 8x8 cell = original pixels!



Error Rate Example



Original

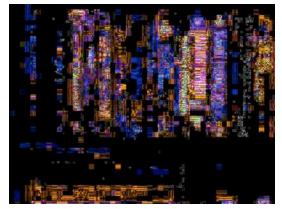


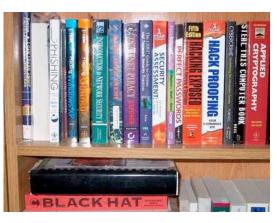
SIERL' BIS COMPUTER BOOK
CRESCOME

HACK PROOFING

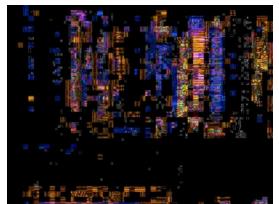
BIRLING MANUAL REPORT OF THE STATE OF THE STAT

Resave #1, 75%

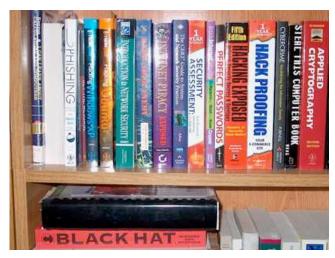




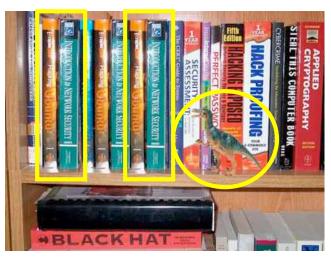
Resave #2, 75%



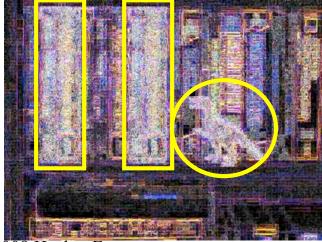
Modification Detection



Resave #1, 75%



Edited: Books, Dinosaur



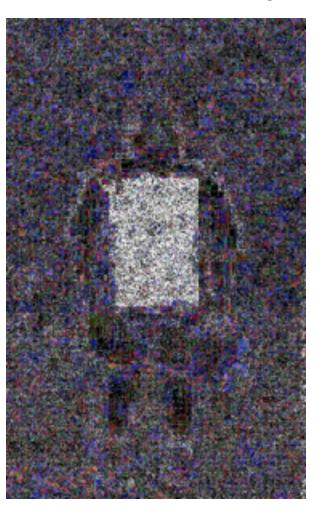


The "Alf Kid"!



"Alf Kid" Error Level Analysis

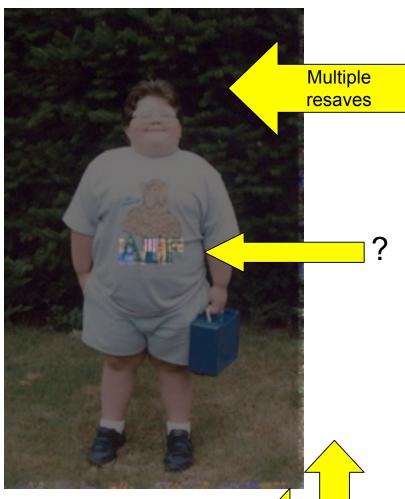






Original "Alf Kid"?







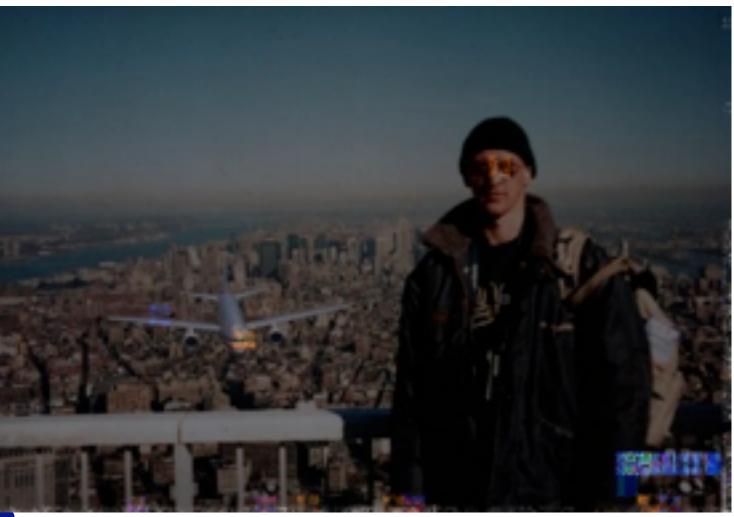
Copyright 2007-2008 Hacker Factor

Cropped

Crash Modifications



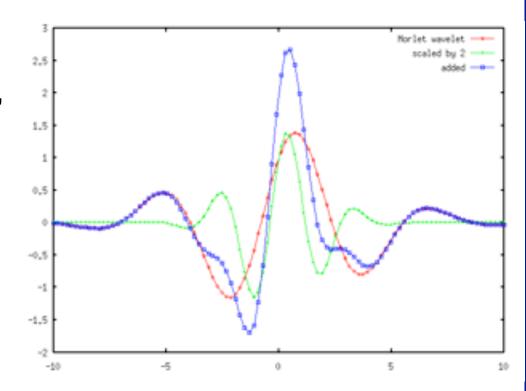
Crash Modifications



Wavelet Transformations

• Problem:

- If quality is same, how can you find differences?
- How to identify layers?
- Solution?
 - WAVELETS!





Wavelet Limitations

- Any signal can be approximated
- Some signals more difficult than others
 - Square waves or sharp color changes
 - Smooth, linear transitions
 - Extreme values (black or white)
- Some signals easier to approximate
 - "Natural" colors
 - Noisy images (e.g., CCDs)



Wavelet Image Analysis

- An 800x600 picture has 480,000 wavelets
 - Render only a few % to get general picture
 - Picture will appear blurry
 - Entire image should sharpen at same rate
- Image modification detection
 - Scaled images sharpen at different rates
 - Images from different focal lengths sharpen at different rates
 - Why? Images have different signal patterns

Wavelet Example

Original

1%

2%

3%

5%

8%

10%

20%

30%

40%







Analysis Limitations

- Small Images
 - Wavelets fail
- Scaled Images
- Low Quality
 - Image Corruption
 - GIF and limitedcolor images
- Wavelets and harmonics

- Mixing Media
 - From Photo toMagazine to JPEG...
- Extremely Talented Artists (rare)

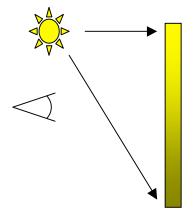
Luminance Gradient

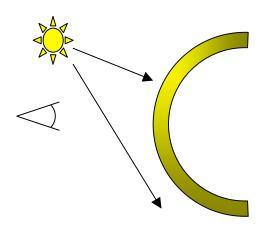
- Original plan: detect lights and direction
 - Turns out: the algorithm sucks.
 - Identifies general direction, but not specific
- The Power of LG
 - Distinguish CG from Real, manipulations
 - Vastly different light sources implies splicing
 - Edge and surface detection
 - Crisp edges, sharp curves, smooth gradients
 - Clean = computer graphics



LG Concept

- Lighting is never "even" (but coloring is)
 - Given an item with a uniform color...
 - Area closest to the light will be brightest

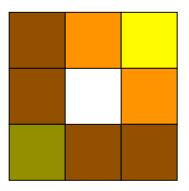


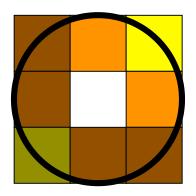




LG Algorithm

Many many many variations





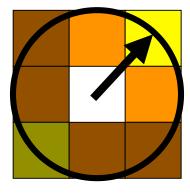
















Image source: DC3 Forensic Challenge, 2007 Copyright 2007-2008 Hacker Factor

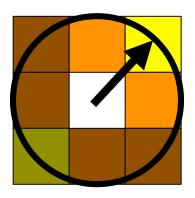


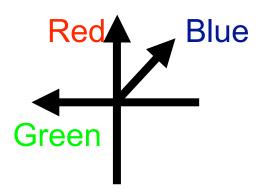


Image source: DC3 Forensic Challenge, 2007 Copyright 2007-2008 Hacker Factor

LG Colorized Algorithm

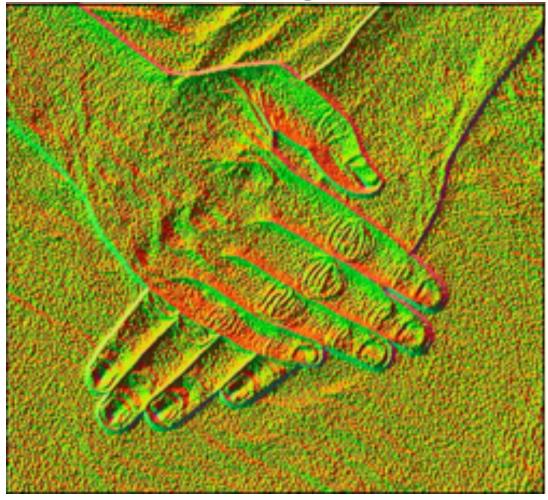
Recolor based on arrow direction





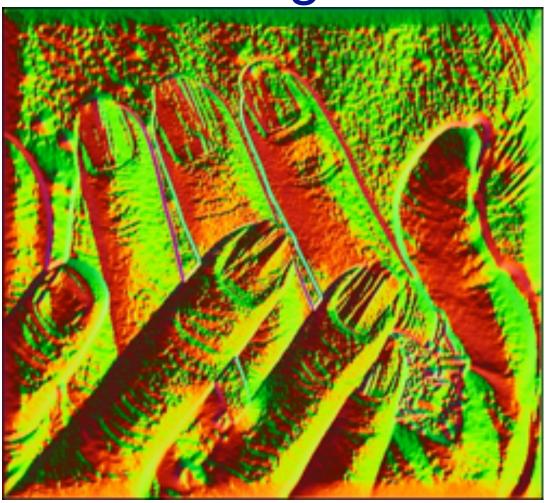
- Look for color transitions
 - Colors make people look like death…

LG Coloring: Hands





LG Coloring: Hands





LG: More Hands...





Image source: http://i146.photobucket.com/albums/r253/pjbaker_2006/hands.jpg Copyright 2007-2008 Hacker Factor

LG: More Hands...





Image source: http://i146.photobucket.com/albums/r253/pjbaker_2006/hands.jpg Copyright 2007-2008 Hacker Factor

LG: More Hands...

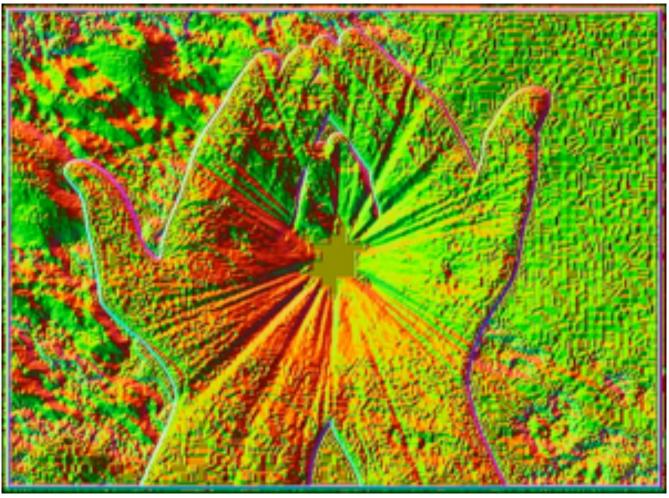




Image source: http://i146.photobucket.com/albums/r253/pjbaker_2006/hands.jpg Copyright 2007-2008 Hacker Factor

Fun with Dubya

- President George W. Bush
 - January 2006
 - Visited the NSA (Fort Meade)
 - Photo from Newsweek & Washington Post
- Dshield and Nmap mailing lists



It's a Trap!

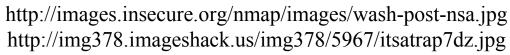




http://images.insecure.org/nmap/images/wash-post-nsa.jpg http://img378.imageshack.us/img378/5967/itsatrap7dz.jpg

It's a Trap!







It's a Trap! (ELA)



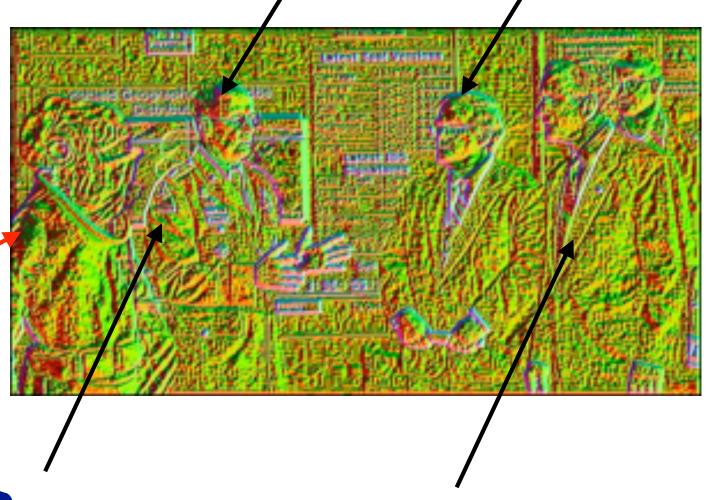


It's a Trap! (PCA)





It's a Trap! (LG)



Every Day with Rachael Ray

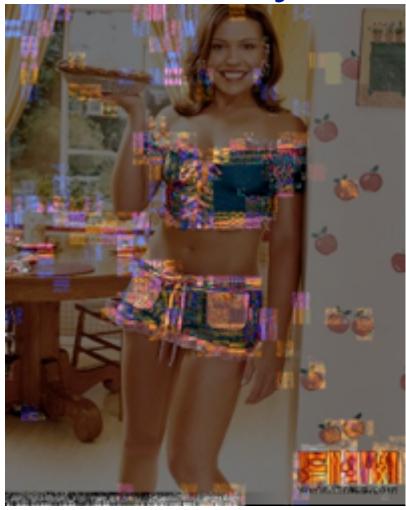
- FHM Magazine
 - October 2003
 - Later: Internet
- Adam Bates claims
 to have been
 looking at a cooking
 blog when he came
 across this picture.
 "Is this really her?"



Rachael Ray: Observation

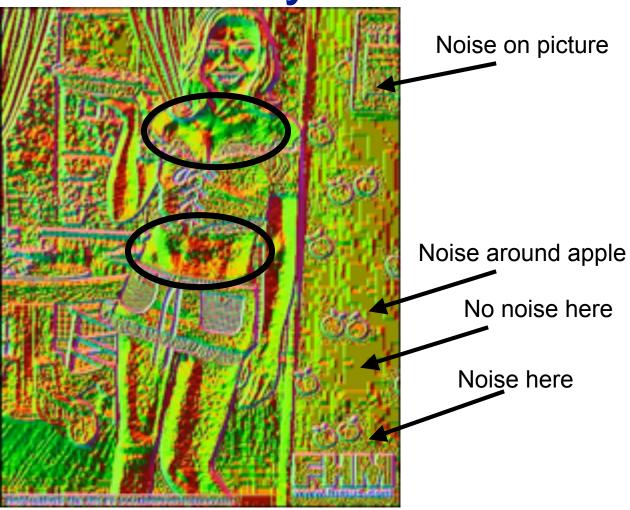


Rachael Ray: ELA





Rachael Ray: LG





From the Photographer...

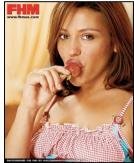
Photographer:

"This is Eric Cahan. I took the photos of rachael ray that appeared in FHM a few back [sic]. It's just bad over retouching that FHM did but it's her."

- Photoshop: Magic wand and "Liquify"
- Other pictures not tampered as badly











Perfectly Imperfect

- Analysis Limitations
 - Image Quality
 - Algorithm Limitations
 - Humans...
- Overall Accuracy



Limitations: Quality

- Size Matters
 - Small images: Wavelets fail (use > 300x300)
 - Very small images: ELA, PCA, LG fail
- Scaled Images
- Low Quality
 - Image corruption (resaves)
 - Limited-color (e.g., GIF or monochrome)
- Image coloring
 - High contrast
 - Specular reflections and "washed out" areas

Limitations: Algorithm

- Wavelets and harmonics
- ELA and color selection
- Complex lighting and LG
- Mixing Media
 - From Photo to Magazine to JPEG...
 - Scanner, camera, video capture card



Limitations: Humans...

- Human Interpretation
 - Algorithms only highlight
 - Humans interpret
- Extremely Talented Artists (rare)
 - Most people already have the tools
 - Better tools can be purchased
 - Few people have the skill



Method Accuracy

- DoD Cyber Crime Center (DC3)
 - Blind test: "Real or CG?"
 - 51 images
 - 6 were "unknown" to the DC3
- Results
 - 86% accurate for known images
 - 0 false-positives (no "real" called "CG")
 - 4 of 6 false-negatives were CG Society award winners

Case Study: Dr. Z

Dr. Ayman al-Zawahiri #2 guy in Al Qaeda



USA Today





USA Today Picture



"He wore a black turban and white robe ... he had a rifle behind his right shoulder that was leaning against a plain brown backdrop."



USA Today Picture





28-Sept-2006

20-Dec-2006



USA Today Picture





IntelCenter

What Else Added?



Last Things Added:

- Image Cropped
 - Observed, to 8x8 grid
- "IntelCenter"
- Subtitles & Logo
- Al-Zawahiri!
 - Outline = chroma key
- Banner text!



And in the Original?

Original Error PCA

LG





Copyright 2007-2008 Hacker Factor

And in the Original?

Original Error PCA LG





About the Room...

- Background is independent of Dr. Z
- Claims it was computer generated
 - Possibly 3D Studio Max
- Can the room be recreated?



Recreating the Room?

lindsay|digital is a 3D design and visual effects studio in Pacific Grove, California run Spencer Lindsay, a 20-year veteran of digital design, game development and 3D design. He provides contract 3D modeling and Motion Graphics services.

lindsayDIGITAL - blog



September 21, 2007

Digital Osama Bin Laden?

Filed under: Tech, politics, Int - spence @ 3:07 pm

I just read this immunities about the Osama bin Laden tapes and you know, as I read his line about 'it is a good thing most regular people don't have this kind of artistic skill." I thought to myself:

Imagine the buzz I could create:

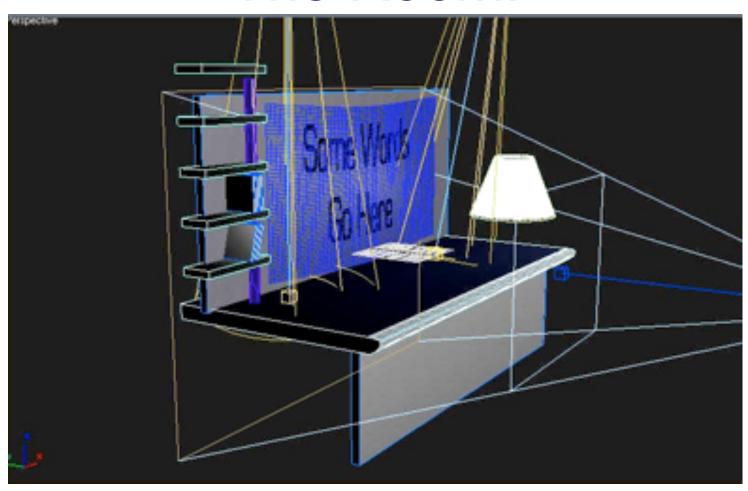
- Build, texture and rig a completely believable Bin Laden model. -3 months
- · Animate using Arabic phonemes. 2-3 months
- Leak video to Al Jazeera 1 day
- . Eventually let it out that it's a hoax. 1 day

Hello Gitmo. - forever.

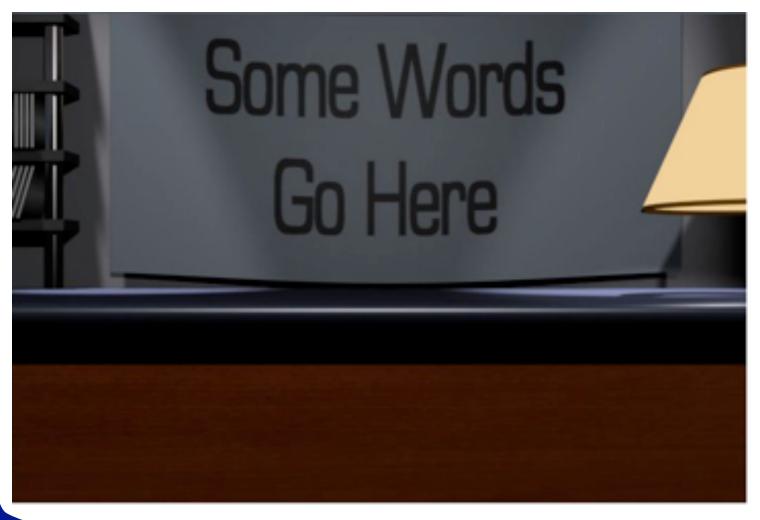


http://www.lindsaydigital.com/blog/wordpress/?p=90

The Room!



The Room!



Some Words Go Here

Side by Side





Copyright 2007-2008 Hacker Factor

What About the Cannon?

- Cannon
 - Blurry, low-res
 - Style:
 - 18th Century British Naval Cannon
 - Carriage
 - Stepped wood
 - No visible slats
 - Big wheel in front
 - Trunnion inset in top

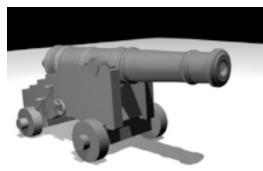




CG Cannon?







- http://www.turbosquid.com/ FullPreview/Index.cfm /ID/253444
- Missing big tire
- 3D model: \$39

- http://www.turbosquid.com/ FullPreview/Index.cfm /ID/255325
- Looks much closer
- 3D model: \$34.75



What About Other Videos?



27-July-2006

Zawahiri Video Speech Regarding Lebanon and Gaza



Analysis: Error Level and PC1

Error PCA



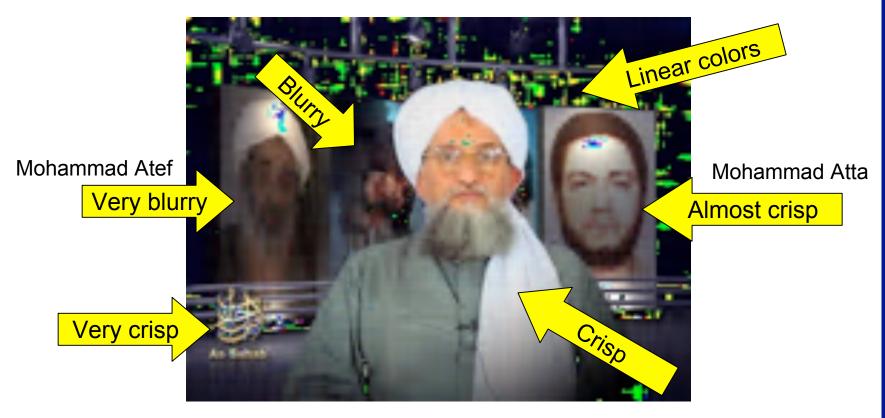


Analysis: PC3!





Wavelets 5%: 6 Layers!

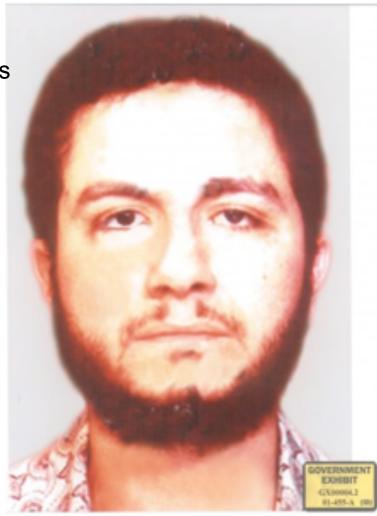


Ayman al-Zawahiri



Mohammad Atta

Made in Layers
Identify any
sources?







SITE Seeing

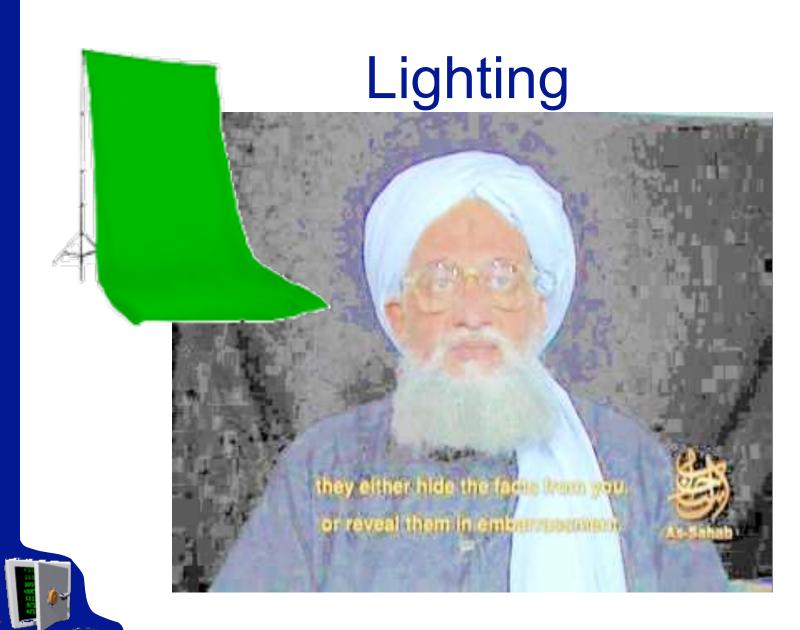
 Saying that there is a green screen is not the same as seeing the green screen

- SITE Institute (www.siteinstitute.org)
 - 22-Jan-2007: Intercepted Al Qaeda video!
 - 25-Jan-2007: Video released by Al Qaeda



Back in Black





Green Screen Fun





Green Screen Fun





Green Screen Fun

PC1





Azzam al-Amriki





2-Sept-2006

Azzam al-Amriki



Books?

Logo

2-Sept-2006

Azzam al-Amriki

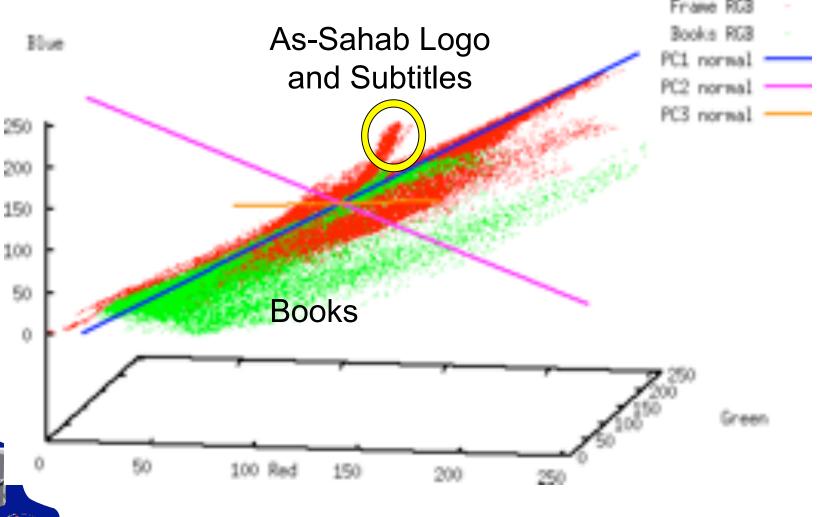


Logo

Books?

2-Sept-2006

Color Graph



Case Study Bin Laden's Beard



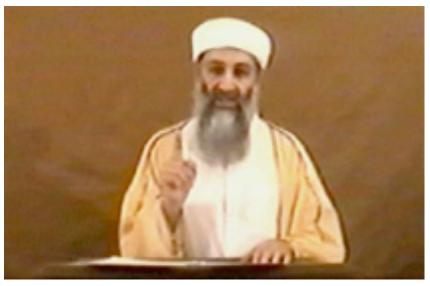
The Big Gap

- 29-Oct-2004: "Graybeard"
 - 14 minute video
 - Only aired on Al Jazeera
 - Screen shots and low quality video available online
- 7-Sept-2007: "Blackbeard"
 - First video in nearly three years
 - Released online!
 - Lots and lots of oddities...

Graybeard Video

- 29-Oct-2004
 - Very low quality videos available online
 - Better quality only via screen shots





Blackbeard Video

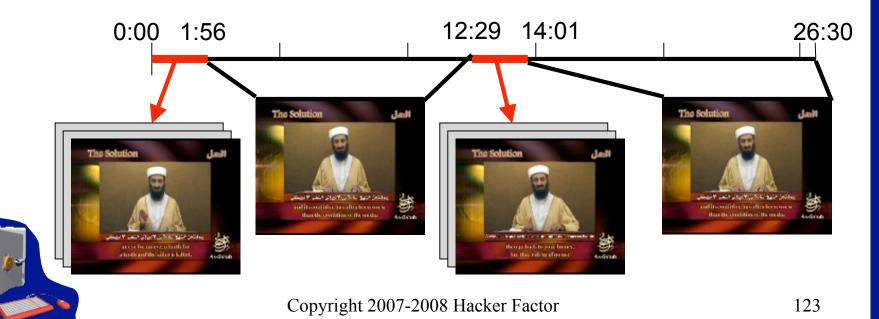
- 7-Sept-2007
 - 26 minute video titled "The Solution"
 - Released online (677 Meg MPG)





7-Sept-2007 Video Timeline

- 26 minute video
 - Total: 3.5 minutes of animation
 - Current events only mentioned after audio splice and during frozen frames



Animation Oddity

Animated segments are different!





Frame 1:56

Frame 12:47



Animation Oddity

Animated segments are different!

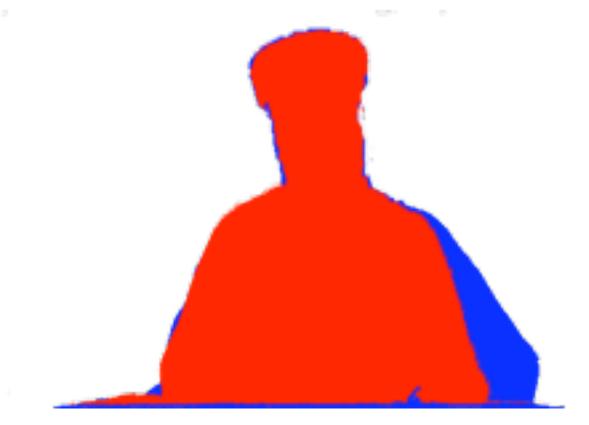




Frame 1:56

Frame 12:47

Animation Oddity: Wider





Frame 1:56

Frame 12:47

The Big Question: "Is the Black Beard Real?"

Could it be digitally modified?



Image Analysis



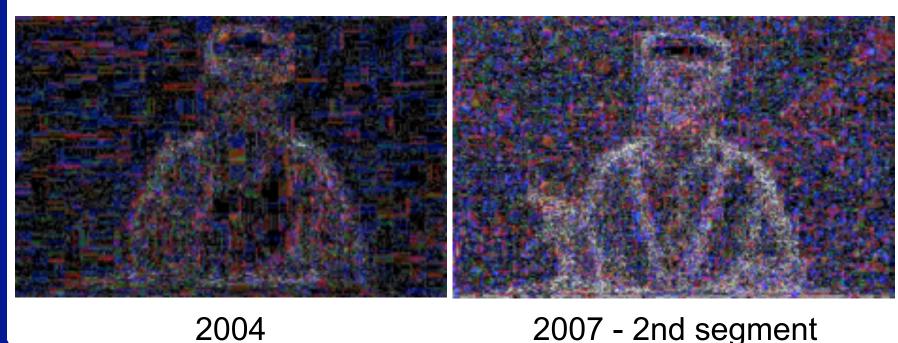


2004

2007 - 2nd segment



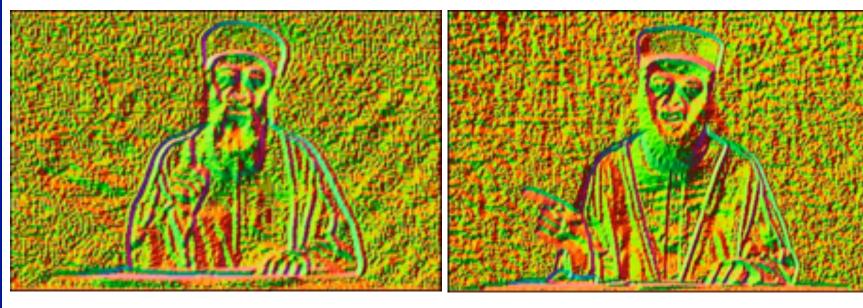
Image Analysis





2007 - 2nd segment

Image Analysis





2007 - 2nd segment



What Can We Tell?

- No indication of digital manipulation
- Similar lighting
- Similar clothing
- Similar background
- Anything else?
 - Camera angle, aspect ratio, and coloring



Camera Setting





2004

2007 - 2nd segment



Camera Setting





Recolor Image





2004

2007 - 2nd segment



Analysis Summary

- No indication of digital modification
- Align on eyes
 - Same eyes, eyebrows, nose, mouth, hairline
 - Shoulder position matches
 - Hat is worn higher
 - Desk and papers align
 - SAME ASPECT RATIO
 - Overall color of 2004 likely altered during post-processing
- Implies
 - Extremely similar setting, lighting, camera setup
 - Same person but with a different beard



What About the Beard

- Option #1: All recorded in 2004
- Option #2: Recreation



Beard Option #1

- Option 1: All video recorded in 2004
 - Similar set, lighting
 - Similar camera position and aspect ratio
 - Similar clothing & hairline
- Implies:
 - Dyed or costume beard
 - Gray beard is larger with dark edges
 - Gray is likely fake
 - Multiple recordings hours or days apart
 - 2007 audio is dubbed
 - No Bin Laden since 2004

Beard Option #2

- Option 2: Recreation
 - Recreated lighting and set (including papers)
 - Recreated camera position and aspect ratio
 - Match clothing, hairline
 - And all 3 years later!
- Implies:
 - Significance to the set
 - But the set is plain...
 - Forgot beard, robe...
 - Bin Laden dyed beard
 - Beard shrank in length

Which Option is Right?

- Cannot tell from image analysis
- Practical view: Occam's Razor
 - Simplest solution is likely correct.
 - Which is simpler?
 - Recording all video at once, and releasing over the years with audio-dubbed current events
 - Recreating the set, lighting and minutia but forgetting the big things



Conclusion



Need for Image Analysis

- Real versus Computer Generated
- If Modified, How?
- Uses
 - Media: Reality vs Fiction
 - Legal: Child Pornography vs VCP
 - Authentication: Real vs Doctored



Methods Covered

- Observation
- Basic Image Enhancements
 - Color Tweaking
- Image Format Analysis
 - Meta Data Analysis
 - Quantization Table Finge
 - Estimated Compression |
- Advanced Image Analys
 - Error Level Analysis
 - Principle Component Ana
 - Wavelet Transformations
 - Luminance Gradient

Other types of analysis:

Shadow Detection

Mixture of Gaussians

Minimum Variance Color Selection

Minimum Variance Quantization

K-Means

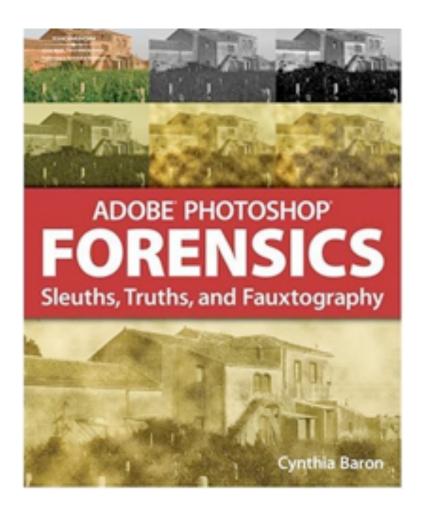
Scale-Invariant Feature Transform

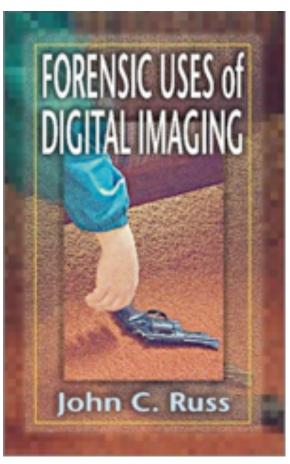
Signal-to-Noise Ratio

Color Filter Array Detection

... and the list goes on ...

Where to Start?

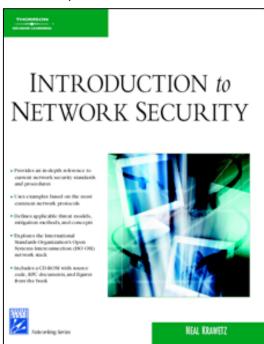


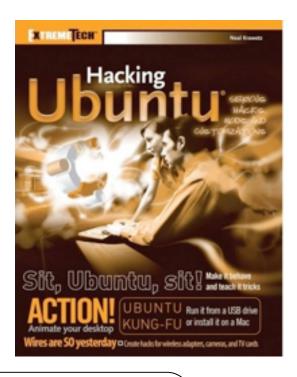




Questions?

Shameless self-promotion.





Dr. Neal Krawetz
Hacker Factor Solutions
www.hackerfactor.com



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